

# Quarterly Report

**September 30, 2023** 

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### **Board of Directors**

Abdul Razak Diwan - Chairman Shabbir Diwan - Chief Executive Officer Zakaria Bilwani Usman Habib Bilwani Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani Saqib Haroon Bilwani Muhammad Taufiq Bilwani Muhammad Waseem Talat Iqbal Huma Rafique

### **Special Advisor**

Pir Muhammad Diwan

### **Audit Committee**

Muhammad Waseem - Chairman Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani Saqib Haroon Bilwani Talat Iqbal

### **HR & Remuneration Committee**

Talat Iqbal - Chairman Usman Habib Bilwani Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani

### **Company Secretary**

Muhammad Yasin Bilwani

### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mustufa Bilwani

### **Auditor**

M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Co. Chartered Accountants Karachi.

### **Legal Advisor**

Naeem Ahmed Khan Advocates Quetta.

## **Shares Registrar**

F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Limited Suit 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower-A, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. Phone: 021-32271905-6

### **Bankers**

Askari Bank Limited
Bank Alfalah Limited
Bank Al-Habib Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited
Faysal Bank Limited
First Habib Modaraba
Habib Bank Limited
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Meezan Bank Limited
National Bank of Pakistan
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd
The Bank of Punjab
United Bank Limited

### **Plant**

Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, HUB, District Lasbela, Balochistan, Pakistan.

## **Registered Office**

Room No.32, First Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta - Pakistan.

## **Liaison/Correspondence Office**

11th Floor, G&T Tower, # 18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi-75530 - Pakistan. Phone: 021-35659500-9 Fax: 021-35659516

### **Email**

headoffice@gatron.com

### Website

www.gatron.com





## **Directors' Report**

### Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the un-audited financial statements of Gatron (Industries) Limited for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

### **Financial Review:**

The financial synopsis for the period under review are as below:

- Net sales Rs.7,914 million,
- Operating loss Rs.66 million,
- Loss before income tax Rs.636 million,
- Loss after income tax Rs.740 million,
- Loss per share Rs.9.64
- Paid up capital Rs.767 million,
- shareholders' equity Rs.7,120 million

Your company achieved a net revenue of Rs.7,914 million as compared to Rs.4,896 million in the last corresponding period, indicating an overall net increase of 62%. This increase should be viewed in the perspective of the average rupee exchange rate against the US dollar, which was Rs.292 in the current period, as opposed to Rs.223 in the corresponding period and in perspective of the fact that sales and production in the last corresponding period were low due to floods in major part of the country.

The sales volume of PET Preforms decreased by 16% in comparison to the corresponding period due to lower consumer demand affecting beverage sales.

The outgoing period was challenging for the company due to low demand in downstream industries caused by a tight economic and political situation. On the other hand the overhang of imported yarn inventory added to the supply pressure. Moreover, these imports are at exceptionally low dumped prices.

Furthermore, the inconsistent collection or suspension of Anti-Dumping duties poses a significant concern for the PFY industry, which is already facing the challenges of escalating manufacturing costs. It is imperative for the government to take decisive action and create a level playing field for local manufacturers in the face of these dumped imports. All other major PFY producing countries have safeguarded their local PFY industries from dumping by imposing higher Anti-Dumping Duties, ranging from 16% to 32% on Chinese PFY however this range is 2.78% to 6.82% in Pakistan. Additionally, these duties are not effectively collected due to different tactics by trader importers. Serious intervention is essential to rectify this situation and strengthen the domestic PFY industry.

The lower operating rates, due to Dumped competing product, as mentioned previously, led to a surge in fixed costs. On the other hand, local operating costs are increasing particularly the energy costs.

The administrative expenses increased by 15%, mainly due to inflationary factors resulting from the devaluation of the Pak Rupee.

The finance cost significantly increased due to the increase in base markup rate set by the State Bank of Pakistan, reaching a historical high of 22% affecting the bottom-line after the operating results. Besides the sales tax refundable amount, the higher levels of stock in trade and an increased unit value of stocks also led to higher working capital requirements. The Company is actively engaged in efforts to reduce the volume of stock in trade and outstanding



receivables. In the upcoming periods, it is anticipated that, following the operation of the new cost efficient polymer plant, raw material stock levels will normalize, leading to a decrease in working capital requirements. The Company is also exploring other avenues to reduce the finance cost. Unfortunately, the incidence of Minimum Tax on Turnover has led to increase in tax for the period rather than tax being reduced due to evaporation of the profit.

The operation of the cost efficient polymer plant will also reduce cost of production while also adding diversified products in the sales of your company.

On the Balance Sheet front as compared to June 30, 2023, stocks increased by Rs.2,349 million, totaling Rs.13,736 million. Debtors increased by Rs.290 million, reaching Rs.4,266 million, whereas creditors increased by Rs.4,040 million, reaching Rs.13,284 million. The company's short-term borrowings rose by Rs.886 million compared to June 30, 2023, reaching Rs.9,360 million. It is expected that these will be reduced in the coming months.

### **CHALLENGES FACED AND FUTURE OUTLOOK**

Pursuant to the final determination of antidumping duties made by the National Tariff Commission (NTC) in 2017, the Importers and foreign exporters of PFY had filed appeals before the Anti-Dumping Appellate Tribunal in 2017. The Appellate Tribunal after more than four years of the appeal remanded the case back to the NTC in December 2021 to re-calculate the duties and reconsider the injury to the domestic industry from non-attributable factors other than dumped imports. Accordingly, NTC made its Final determination in January 2022 and renotified the antidumping duties in the reduced range of 2.78% to 6.82% (average 4.8%). Before remand the notified antidumping duties were in the range of 3.25% to 11.35%. The NTC also determined that non attributable factors are not causing injury to the domestic industry. It is the dumped imports that are the main cause of injury.

The importers and traders of PFY again went into appeal in the Anti-Dumping Appellate Tribunal on certain aspects in February 2022, while also filing stay petition in the High Courts. Finally just before the Commission was to become dysfunctional in Dec 2022 they pursued this appeal and for the second time the Tribunal remanded the matter again in December 2022. From January 2023 till August 2023 the NTC was non-functional due to vacancy of Chairman and all the Members. So effectively all the ADD have been suspended with effect from December 2022 till date. This is posing a serious injury to the domestic PFY industry. The NTC has been constituted again with effect from September 2023 and it is hoped that NTC would soon issue its determination on the second remand.

- The Anti-Dumping Duties (ADD) levels in Pakistan are anyhow low compared to what is imposed by other countries against China (details below). However, even at these low levels of ADD in Pakistan the continuation of ADD and its effective collection in Pakistan for next 5 years is essential. Moreso since the importers have evaded/still not paid the ADD for much of the previous 6 years. The importers get a stay in one High Court, which gets dismissed in 5 or 6 months. Though they cannot file the same petition in another High Court once it has been dismissed, they do so in another city High Court, by hiding the fact that it has been dismissed earlier and by declaring that this is the first time they are filing petitions against the said ADD. In this way they have so far filed petitions against the PFY the following ADD one after the other (after the dismissal of earlier petition for more than 35 times).
- The importers have made so far a mockery of the Government efforts to collect the
  Anti-dumping duty on PFY with over Rs.16 billion remaining uncollected. However,
  the Government has restored in Dec 2022, the 5% Regulatory Duty on import to
  counter the impact. The ADD rates in Pakistan imposed in 2017 are already low to
  cover the actual dumping/injury and are much lower than the following ADD



imposed on Chinese exporters of Polyester Filament Yarn:

- by Turkey of minimum 16% or \$250/ton
- by India of minimum 23%
- by the USA of minimum 32% (anti-dumping and anti-subsidy duties)
- by Vietnam of minimum 17.45% (and max 21.23%)

While Brazil as well as Mexico have also initiated ADD on PFY from China. So, 6 major countries have Anti-Dumping or countervailing duties on PFY from China, while Indonesia is restricting imports of PFY by not allowing the same to traders. So, this covers most the PFY producing countries. Bangladesh protects its PFY industry by way of 20% import duty on competing imported yarn. Recently India has imposed the non-tariff barrier removing the BIS (Bureau of Indian standard) exemption for imports of PTA into India and it is expected that in the coming weeks, the same non-tariff barrier will be imposed on import of PFY into India, since Chinese PFY imports into India are at 40,000\_tons/month (similar to China total PFY imports into Pakistan). The Chinese producers have been trying for long to call the BIS team for inspection and approval but while other countries like Korea, Taiwan etc have got the BIS approval, the BIS visit/approval of China is not happening. In the above background it is expected that the dumping margins and the dumping duties in Pakistan on Chinese PFY imports will also be revised to higher levels.

- As noted above Para of this report, now the dumping by the Chinese producers have become intense due to their capacity expansions coming on stream and correspondingly reduction in world demand due to recession. The re-imposition of 5% RD w.e.f. December 2022 has slightly helped in this situation where the ADD has been evaded by the importers.
- As referred in many paras above, the exports of PFY by China worldwide in the last 4
  years are as below

| Product Label   | Year | Export quantity by China,<br>Tons | Percentage increase from<br>last Year |
|---|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| T   | 2019 | 1,247,096                         | 16.10%                                |
| Textured filament yarn of polyester (excl. that put up for retail sale) | 2020 | 1,299,024                         | 4.16%                                 |
|   | 2021 | 1,361,492                         | 4.81%                                 |
|   | 2022 | 1,613,435                         | 18.50%                                |

• While exports of PFY by China to Pakistan in last 4 years are as below:

| Product Label                    | Year  | Export quantity by China, | Percentage increase from |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| I loddet Edber                   | 1 cui | Tons                      | last Year                |
| Textured filament yarn of        | 2019  | 109,586                   | 19.36%                   |
| polyester (excl. that put up for | 2020  | 126,497                   | 15.43%                   |
| retail sale)                     | 2021  | 143,818                   | 13.69%                   |
|                                  | 2022  | 211,995                   | 47.41%                   |

- Effectively, the ADD along with the Regulatory Duty and ACD from year 2017 to 2019
  and growth in downstream demand as noted above, motivated your Company and
  other producers to increase its capacity since 2017, such that production capacity of
  the domestic PFY Industry next year will reach 165,000 tons. This compares to only
  around 70,000 tons in 2017. The restoration of Anti-Dumping Duty pursuant to the
  remand and thereafter continuation of the same in the sunset review alongwith is
  expected as noted above.
- The expansions of your Company as well expansions by other Filament Yarn producers in Pakistan, on the back of Regulatory Duty on competing imported yarn as well as Anti-Dumping Duties against dumping can take the indigenous production of PFY to a level which will meet above 60% of local demand in the coming years



compared to only 30% in 2017. This expansion will give import substitution and reduce the current account deficit (now on rise) while will also provide local employment beyond the jobs already provided by the industry.

• PFY is among the top 10 imports of Pakistan, so needs to be produced locally, particularly when its raw material PTA is also produced locally. It should also be kept in mind that in the year 2003 over 90% of local demand of Filament Yarn was met by indigenous production. Moreover, the downstream industry and demand has also grown over the years and the total demand stood over 350,000 MT tons compared to 260,000 tons in year 2017-18 so increasing domestic production of the same is also essential to prevent reduce pressure on the current account deficit.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

- The principal business of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of the subsidiary Company remained disturbed due to irregularity in gas supply during the reporting period.
- The principal business of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of this Subsidiary Company are expected to be commenced soon and it is waiting commissioning of the sanctioned gas in the already laid new gas line.
- Wholly Owned Subsidiary Messrs. Global Synthetics Limited has yet to commence its operations.

### **APPROPRIATION**

The Board of Directors of the Company does not recommend any interim cash dividend for the three months period ended September 30, 2023.

### **EARNING PER SHARE**

The loss per share of the Company for the three months period ended on September 30, 2023, is Rs.9.64.

### MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred during the period to which the balance sheet relates and the date of this report.

### CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The un-audited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group along with notes and directors' report thereto have also been included in this report.

### **INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.



### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The Board of the Company is grateful to all the Stakeholder for their diligent trust and confidence in the Company and all the Directors acknowledged their consistent cooperation and continued support throughout the years and we are confident that they will continue to do so in the future. We would like to express our sincere appreciation to each member of the Company for their commitment, innovative thinking and delivering their duties with utmost dedication and also we are thankful to all the Government Institutions, Auditors, the SECP, the PSX and Banks for their valuable guidance and assistance extended for the growth and progress of the Company.

SHABBIR DIWAN
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI DIRECTOR

Dated: October 24, 2023



### تصرف:

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 30 تتمبر 2023ء کے اختتام پذیر ہونے والی سے ماہی کیلیے سی جھی عبوری نقد منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش نہیں کی ہے۔

## آمدن في حصه:

30 متبر2023ء کے اختتام پذیرہونے والی سہ ماہی کیلیے کمپنی کافی تصص نقصان 9.64رویے ہے۔

### اہم تبدیلیاں اور معاہدے:

بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ اور رپورٹ بذا کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالیاتی حیثیت میں تبدیلی لانے والی نہ کو گی اجم بات رونماہو کی اور نہ ہی ایسے معاہدے ہوئے۔

### مخضرعبوری مجموعی مالیاتی گوشوارے:

گروپ بنرائے مختصر عبوری جامع مالیاتی گوشوارے(CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS) بمراہ نوٹس اور ڈائر کیکٹرزر پورٹ ذکورہ رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک ہیں۔

## داخلی مالیاتی انتظام:

اندرونی نگبداری کا نظام مضبوط بنیادوں پر استوار ہے اوراس کا نفاذ موثر طور سے کیا گیا ہے اوراس پرنظر بھی رکھی جارہی ہے۔

### اظهارتشكر:

ہم پورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب ہے اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے مسلسل تعاون ،اعمّاد اور تمایت کیلئے شکر بیادا کرنا چاہتے ہیں۔اس امید کے ساتھ کہ ہم مستقبل میں مزید کا میابیاں آئندہ بھی جاری رکھیں گے۔ہم کمپنی کے ہم مبر کے عزم تخلیقی سوچ اور انتہائی گئن کے ساتھ اپنے فرائنس کی انجام دہی کے لیے اپنی خلصانہ تعریف کا اظہار کرنا چاہیں گے اور مہتوی ترقی کے لیے رہنمائی اور معاونت فراہم کی۔ ایس ایکس اور ٹیکوں کے بھی شکر گزار ہیں۔ کمپنی کی کارکردگی اور مجموی ترقی کے لیے رہنمائی اور معاونت فراہم کی۔

> شبيرديوان محمدا قبال بلوانی آضراعلی دائر يکثر

> > يتاريخ:2024 كتوبر2023ء



🖈 جیما کہ اس بورٹ کے ابتداء میں درج کیا گیاہے، اب چین کے پروڈ یوسروں کی جانب سے ان کی صلاحیت میں توسیع کی وجہ سے، اور معاثی گراوٹ کی وجہ سے عالمی طلب میں کی کے باعث ڈمپنگ انتہائی شعرید، وگئی ہے۔ دسمبر 2012 سے ڈفیعد RD کے دوبارہ افغاذ نے اس صورتحال میں قدر سے مدد کی ہے جبکہ درآ مدکنندگان ADD دینے سے گریز کررہے ہیں۔

## 🖈 جیسا کداو پرذکر کیا گیا ہے کہ گزشتہ 4 سالوں میں دنیا جمر میں چین کی جانب ہے PFY کی برآ مدات ذیل ہیں۔

| پچھلےسال کے مقابلے میں فیصداضافہ | برآ مد کی مقد ارجائندگی جانب<br>سےٹن میں | سال  | پروڈ کٹ لیبل                                   |
|----------------------------------|--|------|--|
| 16.10%                           | 1,247,096                                | 2019 | 6  |
| 4.16%                            | 1,299,024                                | 2020 | لمیکسچر <b>ژ</b> فلامینٹ ( 'پولی میٹر ) دھا گہ |
| 4.81%                            | 1,361,492                                | 2021 | (سوائے جو کہ خوردہ فروخت کے لیے رکھا گیاہے)    |
| 18.50%                           | 1,613,435                                | 2022 |  |

### جبکہ گزشتہ 4سالوں میں چین کی جانب سے پاکستان PFY کی برآ مدات درج ذیل ہیں:

| پچھلےسال کے مقابلے میں فیصداضا فہ | برآ مد کی مقد ارجائندگی جانب<br>سےٹن میں | سال  | پروڈ کٹ کیبل                                   |
|-----------------------------------|--|------|--|
| 19.36%                            | 109,586                                  | 2019 |  |
| 15.43%                            | 126,497                                  | 2020 | شیکسچر ژ فلامینٹ ( پولی میٹر ) دھا گہ          |
| 13.69%                            | 143,818                                  | 2021 | ( سوائے جو کہ خور دہ فروخت کے لیے رکھا گیاہے ) |
| 47.41%                            | 211,995                                  | 2022 |  |

ا مؤٹر طریقے ہے ADD کے ساتھ ساتھ سال 2017 سے 2019 تک ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی اور ACDاورڈ اؤن اسٹریم کی ہا تگ میں اضافے نے آپ کی کمپنی اورد گیر پروڈ پوسرز کو 2017 سے اپنی صلاحیت میں اضافہ کرنے کی ترغیب دی اس طرح الے سال متا کی ۱۹۲۳ صنعت کی پیداواری صلاحیت 165000 ٹن تک تن گئے جائے گی۔ جوکہ 2017 میں صرف 70,000 ٹن کے متا بلے میں سے مطابق الشخص و الموری میں اس کے احتراب میں اس کا تشکیل میں تقریب سے مطابق الشام کے متاز کے م

🖈 آپی کپنی کی توسیع کے ساتھ پاکستان میں دیگرفتیمیٹ یارن پروڈ پوسرز کی توسیع ، درآمدی یارن کے مقابلے پر ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کے ساتھ ڈمپنگ کے خلاف اپنی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹی PFY کی مقامی پیدادارکوا کیک شخر پر کے جاسکتی ہے جو آنے والے سالوں میں مقامی خلاب کے 60 فیصد سے زیادہ کو پورا کرے گی جبکہ 2017 میں صرف 30 فیصد تھی۔ ذرکورہ توسیع درآمدات کا متبادل فراہم کرے گیا۔ اور کرنٹ اکا وُڑٹ خسارے کو کم کرے گیا۔

ا PFY مرفہرست 10 درآمدات میں ہے ہاں لیے مقامی طور پر پیدا کرنے کی ضرورت ہے، بالخصوص جب اس کا خام مال PFY بھی مقامی طور پر تیار کیا جا تا ہے۔ یہ بات بھی ذہن میں رہے کہ سمال 2003 میں فلیسند یارن کی مقامی طلب 200 فیصد ہے زیادہ مقامی پیداوارے پوراکیا گیا، مزید بر آل، ڈاؤن اسٹریم کی صنعت اور طلب میں بھی متعدسالوں کے دوران اضافہ ہوا ہے اور کل طلب 2000 میں 2000 میں 200000 میں تھی البزار شدا کا وزئے شدارے پر دیا ذکو کم کرنے کے لیے اس کی ملکی پیداوار میں اضافہ بھی ضروری ہے۔ طلب 350000 میٹرک ٹن سے زائدرہ بی جوکر سمال 2018 میں 200000 میں تھی البزار شدہ کا وزئے شدارے پر دیا ذکو کم کرنے کے لیے اس کی ملکی پیداوار میں اضافہ بھی ضروری ہے۔

### ويكرمعاملات

الله من الماليتي و يلي ميني ميسرز كيز و پاور (پرائيويك) لميني كاميني كاميني كاميني كاروبار بكلى كى پيداواراورفروخت ہے۔ رپورنگ كى مدت كے دوران گيس كى فراہمى ميس بے ضابطگى و يلي كمپنى كے آپريشنز ميس مشكلات كاباعث رہى۔

🖈 مکمل ملکتتی و پلیمپنی میسر زبی پیک انر بی (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹیڈ کا بنیادی کاروبار بکلی پیدا کرنا اورفروخت کرنا ہے۔ ندکورہ و بلی کمپنی کے امور کا جلد آغاز متوقع ہے اور یہ پہلے ہے بچھائی گئی نئی گیس لائن میں منظور شدہ گیس شروع ہونے کا انتظار کررہی ہے۔

🖈 ململکتی ذیلی اداره میسرزگلوبل تشیکس لمینڈ نے تاحال اپنے کام کا آغاز کرنا ہے۔



بیلنس شیٹ کی گئے پر30 جون2020 کے مقالبے میں،اشاک میں 2,349 ملین روپے کا اضافہ جوا ، 13,736 ملین روپے ہیں بے قرض 2020 ملین روپے ہڑھ کر 4,266 ملین روپے تک بیٹنی گئے گیا، جیمہ قرض دہنرگان4,040 ملین روپے ہڑھ کر 13,284 ملین روپے تک بیٹنی گئے کیٹنی کے قلیل مدتی قرضے 300 جون202 کے مقالبے میں 886 ملین روپے ہڑھ کر 9,360 ملین روپے تک بیٹنی گئے ۔ تو قع ہے کہ آنے والے مہینوں میں ان میں کی ہوجائے گی۔

## در پیش چیکنجز اور مستقبل پرایک نظر:

ﷺ این ٹی می جانب سے 2017 میں اپنی وہنگ ڈیوٹی کے تھی تعین کے مطابق ، PFY کے درآ مدکندگان اور غیر مککی برآ مدکندگان نے 2017 میں اپنی وہنگ ڈیوٹی کے میابیٹ ٹریوٹل کے سامنے اہلیٹیں دائر کی تھیں۔ اپہلیٹ دائر کی تھیں۔ اپہلیٹ کی ایک مدت کے بعد دعبر 2021 میں کیس کو دوبارہ کا کہ تھی دیا تاکہ ڈیوٹی کا دوبارہ حساب لگایا جاسکے اور ڈمپ کی گئی درآ مدات کے علاوہ غیر منسوب موال سے مقامی صنعت کو تھی ہے دالے افتصان پر نظر تائی کی جاسکے۔ اس کے مطابق ، این ٹی می نے جنور 2022میں پائٹتی فیصلہ 27.2 فیصلہ 6.82 فیصلہ کی کم موسک کیا کہ موسک کی کم صنعت کو تقصان کی میں ہوئی کے دوبارہ نوٹی فیک آئی کی نے دیم کے کیا کہ غیر منسوب عوال مقامی صنعت کو تقصان کی میں ہوئی کہ دوبر ہیں۔
اور اپنٹی ڈیوٹی کو دوبارہ نوٹی فیک کیا کہ غیر منسوب عوال مقامی صنعت کو تقصان کی میں دوبر ہیں۔

ﷺ پاکستان میں ADD کی سطح چین (تفعیلات ذیل میں) کے خلاف دوسرے مما لک کی طرف ہے عائد کردہ پابندیوں کے مقابلے میں بہرحال کم ہے، تاہم پاکستان میں ADD کی ان چگی مسلط کے مقابلے میں بہرحال کم ہے، تاہم پاکستان میں ADD کی ان چگی میں کہ ہے۔ درآمد مسطوں پرجھی ADD کا تسلسل اورا گلے 5 سالوں تک پاکستان میں اس کا موثر نفاذ ضروری ہے۔ مزید میں کہ نہر کا موثر نفاذ ضروری ہے۔ درآمد کنندگان کوایک ہائی کورٹ میں دائر تیمیں کرسکتے ، تاہم وہ ایک اورشی کی ہائی کورٹ میں اس مقیقت کو چھپاتے ہوئے کرتے ہیں کہ اس کھپلی بارہ ہے کہ وہ نہوں میں کہ خلاف درخواست دائر کررہے ہیں۔ اس طرح انہوں میں اس کھی کہ بارک کے بین کہ بیک بارہ کہ کہ بین کہ بیک کی بیٹیشن در کرک ہیں۔

ﷺ درآ مدکنندگان نے اب تک PFY پرایٹنی ڈمپیگ ڈیوٹی جو کرنے کی حکومتی کوششوں کا نداق اڑایا ہے جس کی وجہ سے اب تک 16 بلین روپے سے زیادہ رقم جع نہیں ہوئی۔ تاہم ،حکومت نے دسمبر2022 میں اشرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے درآ مد پر 5 فیصد ریگو لیٹری ڈیوٹی بحال کردی ہے۔ پاکستان میں 2017 میں عائد کردہ ADD کی شرجیں اصل ڈمپیگ/فتصان کو پورا کرنے کے لیے پہلے ہی کم میں اور پولیسٹوللم بیٹ یارن کے چینی برآ مدکندگان پرعا نکا میٹنی ڈمپیگ ڈیوٹیول سے بہت کم میں:

> ترکی کی جانب ہے کم از کم 16 فیصد یا 2508/ٹن انہی پروڈ یوسرز پر ہندوستان کی جانب ہے کم از کم 23 فیصد امریکہ کی جانب ہے کم از کم 32 فیصد (اینٹی ڈمیٹگ اورایٹنی سبسڈی ڈیوٹیز) ویتام کی جانب ہے کم از کم 17.45 فیصد (اورزیادہ سے زیاد 21.28 فیصد)

جبحہ برازیل کے ساتھ ہی سیکیو نے بھی چین ہے PFY پر اینٹی ڈمونگ ڈیوٹی شروع کردی ہے۔ لبذا، 6 بڑے ممالک چین کی جانب ہے PFY پر اپنٹی ڈمونگ ویلگ ڈیوٹی کے حال ہیں، جبکہ انڈون سے ساتھ ہی سیکیو نے بھی وہ انسان ہیں۔ جبکہ انڈون سے سیکیو کہ در آمدات کو تحدود کر رہا ہے۔ لبذا، اس میں زیادہ تر PFY پر اگر نے والے ممالک شال ہیں۔ بنگلہ دیش اپنی PFY سنعت کو مسابقتی روآ مدی یاران پر 20 فیصد در آمدی ڈیوٹی کے ذریعے شخط فراہم کر تا ہے۔ حال ہی میں ہندوستان نے ہندوستان میں در آمدات کے لئے بیآ ئی ایس (بیوروآ ف انڈین اسٹیٹر رؤ) کی استفی کو جائے ہوئے تان میرف ہیریئن کی بیانفذ کی ایس کے دریار کے بیان کے در آمدات کے لئے بیآ ئی ایس البند 40,000 میں ہے۔ چین کے پروڈیوسر طویل عرصے ہے جائی اور منظور کی کے لئے BIS کے سے جائی اور منظور ہونے کی تو تع نہیں کے دور کے منظور ہونے کی تو تع نہیں کی تو تع نہ کی تو تع نواز کے دور کے منظور کی تو تع نواز کی کو تع نواز کی کو تھ کی کی تو تع ت



## بورد آف د ائر يكرز كي ربورك

## معزز خصص یا فتگان،

بورڈ آف ڈائر مکٹرز کی جانب سے گیڑون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹٹر 202 متبر 2023 کوانفتام پذیرہونے والی سمائی مدت کے غیرآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے بیش کرتے ہوئے دلی سرت محسوں کررہے میں۔

### مالياتي جائزه:

زىرجائزەمدە كامالياتى خلاصددرى دىلىپ: خالص فروخت 7,914 ملين روپ، آپرىئىگ خىارە 66 ملين روپ، خىاروتىل ازائكم ئىس 636 ملين روپ، خىارە بىدا زائكم ئىس 740 ملين روپ، خىارە بىدا زائكم ئىس 740 ملين روپ، خىارە بى حصە 9.64 ملين روپ، اداشدە مرمايد 767 ملين روپ ايكى بىش بابت تىمىمى يافتىگان 27,7 ملين روپ

آپی کمپنی نے گذشته ای مدت میں4,896 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں7,120 ملین روپے کی خالص فروخت کی ، جومجموعی طور پر62 فیصد کے خالص اضافے کوظاہر کرتی ہے۔ اس اضافے کوامریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے روپے کی اوسط شرح مبادلہ کے تاظر میں ویکھا جانا جا ہے، جو کہ موجودہ مدت میں چھیلی مدت کے اوسط 223 روپ کے مقابلے میں292روپے جا پہنچا اوراس امر کے تناظر میں کہ گزشته اس عرصے میں ملک کے بڑے حصول میں میلا ہے کی وجہسے فروخت اور پیدا وارکم تھی۔

PET پر یفار مزکی فروخت کا تجم ای مدت کے مقالبے میں 16 فیصد کم ہواجو کہ صارفین کی کم طلب کی وجہ سے مشروبات کی فروخت مثاثر ہوئی ہے۔

سخت اقتصادی اور سیای صورتحال کی وجہ سے ڈاؤن اسٹریم کی صنعتوں میں کم ہا گگ کی بناء پرخشتمہ مدت کمپنی کے لیے چیکجنگ تھی ، دوسری جانب درآ مدشدہ یارن کی انوینٹری کی اوور ہینگ نے سلائی پریشر میں اضافہ کیا ۔ مزید ہرآل ، بیدرآ مدات غیر معمولی طور پر کم قیمتوں پر ہیں۔

مزید برآں، اپنی ڈمپنگ ڈبوٹی کی غیر متضاد وصولی یامعظل PFY انٹر طری کے لیےا کیے اہم تنٹویش کا باعث ہے، جو پہلے ہی مینوفیج رنگ اگت میں اضافے کے چینجوں کا سامنا کررہی ہے۔ حکومت کے لیے
پیشر وری ہے کہ وہ فیصلہ کن کا رروانی کرے اور مقامی مینوفیج رزئے لیے ان ڈمپ شدہ در آمدات کے مقابلے میں ایک ہم گیر میدا کر ہے۔ دیگر تمام بڑے PFY پیدا کرنے والے ممالک نے تیشی PFY پر 16 فیصد سے 25 فیصد تک اعلیٰ اپنٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹیزر کا کراپی مقامی PFY صنعتوں کو ڈمپنگ سے محفوظ رکھا ہے، تاہم پاکستان میں سیصد 2.78 فیصد ہے۔ حزید برآں، تاجر درآمد
کنندگان کی جانب سے مختلف حریوں کی وجہ سے بیڈیوٹیئر مؤٹر طریقے سے جع نہیں کی جاتی ہیں۔ اس صورتحال کوٹیک کرنے اور مقامی PFY صنعت کو مضبوط کرنے کے لیے شجیدہ حکمت محمل ضروری ہے۔

کم آپریٹنگ شرح، ڈمپٹر سابقتی مصنوعات کی وجہ ہے، جیبا کہ پہلے ذکر کیا گیا، مقرر والگت میں اضافے کا باعث بی ۔ دوسری جانب مقامی آپریٹنگ شرح، ڈمپٹر سابقتی مصنوعات کی وجہ ہے، جیبا کہ پہلے ذکر کیا گیا، مقرر والگت میں اضافے کا باعث بی ۔ دوسری جانب مقامی آپریٹنگ شرح، ڈمپٹر کے جانب ہے مقرر کر دو ہیں مارک اپ کی مقرر میں کی کے نتیج میں افراط ذر کے قوال میں اسلیٹ بینگ آئی کے ابتدا ہداف کو متاثر کرتے ہوئے 22 فیصد کی تاریخی ہلند ترین کے پہنٹی گئی، اورای اضافے کی وجہ ہے مالیاتی لاگت میں نمایاں اضافے ہوا سیلزئیک کی قابل واپھی رقم کے علاوہ، تورے جو کہ آپر بیٹنگ تائن کے ابتدا ہداف کو میں اورا شاک کی برختی ہوئی یونے ویلیو بھی تاہل مدتی قرضے بڑھنے کی وجہ بی کہنٹی تجارت اور واجب الاوا وصولی میں اوراشاک کے بھر کو کر کوشٹوں میں سرگر ممثل ہوئے کے اس کے اپنے میں سرمائے کی ضرور بات میں کی واقع ہے۔ آنے والے ادوار میں ، یوقع ہے کہ موثر لاگت کے حال نے پولیمر بیانٹ کے آپریش کے امناک کی تطرح معول پر آجائے گی، جس کے نتیج میں سرمائے کی ضرور بات میں کی واقع ہوگی کہنٹی مالیاتی لاگت کو کم کرنے کے لیے دیگر ذرائع بھی علاش کر رہی ہے۔ برقستی ہے، ٹرن اور پر کم از کم ٹیکس شرح نے منافع کے کی کی وجہ سے ٹیکس کم ہونے کے جائے ذکور و مدت کے لیے ٹیکس میں اضافہ کیا ہے۔



## Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement Of Financial Position AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### (Rupees in Thousand)

| ASSETS                                     | Note   | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | June<br>2023<br>(Audited) |
|--|--------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ASSETS                                     |        | (on-addited)                      | (Addited)                 |
| Non - Current Assets                       |        |                                   |                           |
| Property, plant and equipment              | 5      | 18,644,675                        | 16,938,295                |
| Intangible assets                          | 6      | 67,671                            | 70,177                    |
| Long term investments                      |        | 398,417                           | 389,745                   |
| Long term loans                            |        | 201,659                           | 174,449                   |
| Long term deposits                         |        | 4,919                             | 4,919                     |
| g  |        | 19,317,341                        | 17,577,585                |
| Current Assets                             |        |                                   |                           |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools        |        | 1,371,834                         | 1,579,468                 |
| Stock in trade                             |        | 13,736,006                        | 11,386,739                |
| Trade debts                                | 13     | 4,265,572                         | 3,975,789                 |
| Loans and advances                         |        | 863,121                           | 310,314                   |
| Current portion of long term loans         |        | 45,865                            | 74,848                    |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments  |        | 184,943                           | 389,068                   |
| Other receivables                          | 13     | 2,248,221                         | 1,846,390                 |
| Advance income tax                         |        | ' · · · ·                         | 100,000                   |
| Cash and bank balances                     |        | 465,580                           | 336,613                   |
|  |        | 23,181,142                        | 19,999,229                |
| TOTAL ASSETS                               |        | 42,498,483                        | 37,576,814                |
|  |        |                                   | , , , , , , , ,           |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                     |        |                                   |                           |
|  |        |                                   |                           |
| EQUITY                                     |        |                                   |                           |
| Share capital                              | 7      | 767,290                           | 767,290                   |
| Capital reserves                           |        | 6,383,645                         | 6,383,645                 |
| Unappropriated (loss) / profit             |        | (30,829)                          | 709,132                   |
| I'll                                       |        | 7,120,106                         | 7,860,067                 |
| LIABILITIES                                |        | 1,120,100                         | .,,                       |
|  |        |                                   |                           |
| Non - Current Liabilities                  |        |                                   |                           |
| Long term financing                        |        | 8,414,300                         | 8,179,328                 |
| Deferred liabilities and income            | 8      | 1,664,751                         | 1,672,727                 |
|  |        | 10,079,051                        | 9,852,055                 |
| Current Liabilities                        |        |                                   |                           |
| Trade and other payables                   | 9 & 13 | 13,283,693                        | 9,244,061                 |
| Unclaimed dividend                         |        | 9,465                             | 21,055                    |
| Unpaid dividend                            |        | 20,801                            | 20,801                    |
| Accrued mark up/ profit                    |        | 1,366,003                         | 882,396                   |
| Short term borrowings                      |        | 9,359,940                         | 8,474,415                 |
| Current portion of long term financing     |        | 901,347                           | 732,545                   |
| Current portion of non-current Liabilities |        | 241,538                           | 233,987                   |
| Provision for income tax less payments     |        | 116,539                           | 255,432                   |
|  |        | 25,299,326                        | 19,864,692                |
|  |        |                                   |                           |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS              | 10     |                                   |                           |
|  |        |                                   |                           |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES               |        | 42,498,483                        | 37,576,814                |
|  |        |                                   |                           |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

SHABBIR DIWAN
Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director

AL BILWANI MUSTUFA BILWANI
r Chief Financial Officer



## Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| - |  |           |
|---|--|-----------|
|   |  | [housand] |
|   |  |           |

|   | Jul-2023<br>to<br>Sep-2023 | Jul-2022<br>to<br>Sep-2022 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|   |                            |                            |
| Sales                                       | 7,914,353                  | 4,896,444                  |
| Cost of sales                               | 7,647,671                  | 4,712,556                  |
| Gross profit                                | 266,682                    | 183,888                    |
| Distribution and selling costs              | 83,893                     | 105,230                    |
| Administrative expenses                     | 133,361                    | 116,016                    |
| Other operating expenses                    | 131,440                    | 15,383                     |
|   | 348,694                    | 236,629                    |
|   | (82,012)                   | (52,741)                   |
| Other income                                | 16,181                     | 11,554                     |
| Operating loss                              | (65,831)                   | (41,187)                   |
| Finance costs                               | 570,524_                   | 236,336                    |
| Loss before income tax                      | (636,355)                  | (277,523)                  |
| Income tax - Current                        | 97,962                     | 61,206                     |
| - Deferred                                  | 5,644                      | 31,467                     |
|   | 103,606                    | 92,673                     |
| Loss after income tax                       | (739,961)                  | (370,196)                  |
|   |                            |                            |
|   |                            | (Restated)                 |
| Loss per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees) | (9.64)                     | (4.82)                     |
|   |                            |                            |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.



## Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement Of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(Rupees in Thousand)

Jul-2023 Jul-2022 to to Sep-2023 Sep-2022

Loss after income tax (739,961)(370, 196)

Other comprehensive income

(739,961) (370,196)

Total comprehensive loss

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.



## Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement Of Changes In Equity (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### (Rupees in Thousand)

|  | Share capital           | Capital reserves | General reserve | Unappropriated (loss) / profit      | Total                       |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Balances as at July 01, 2022   | 383,645                 | 383,645          | 3,250,000       | 3,754,151                           | 7,771,441                   |
| Total comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2022   | -                       | -                | -               | (370,196)                           | (370,196)                   |
| Balances as at September 30, 2022  | 383,645                 | 383,645          | 3,250,000       | 3,383,955                           | 7,401,245                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended June 30, 2023   | -                       | -                | -               | 573,915                             | 573,915                     |
| Transfer to capital reserves   | -                       | 6,000,000        | (3,250,000)     | (2,750,000)                         | -                           |
| Transactions with owners Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2023 at Rs.3.00 per share i.e. @30% Issuance of Bonus shares @100% i.e. Rs.10 per share | -<br>383,645<br>383,645 |                  | -               | (115,093)<br>(383,645)<br>(498,738) | (115,093)<br>-<br>(115,093) |
| Balances as at June 30, 2023   | 767,290                 | 6,383,645        | -               | 709,132                             | 7,860,067                   |
| Total comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2023   | -                       | -                | -               | (739,961)                           | (739,961)                   |
| Balances as at September 30, 2023  | 767,290                 | 6,383,645        | -               | (30,829)                            | 7,120,106                   |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

SHABBIR DIWAN Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director

MUSTUFA BILWANI Chief Financial Officer



## Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

|   | (Rupees in Thousand)                    |                            |
|---|---|----------------------------|
|   | Jul-2023                                | Jul-2022                   |
|   | to                                      | to                         |
|   | Sep-2023                                | Sep-2022                   |
| Cash Flows from/(towards) Operating Activities  |   | (Restated)                 |
| Loss before income tax  | (636,355)                               | (277,523)                  |
| Adjustments for:  | (000,000)                               | (211,020)                  |
| Depreciation  | 158,791                                 | 228,153                    |
| Provision for defined benefit plan  | 33,210                                  | 33,198                     |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment   | (1,178)                                 | (2,119)                    |
| Impairment in long term investments   | 8,089                                   | 6,041                      |
| (Reversal)/impairment allowance for ECL-net   | (2,845)                                 | 4,262                      |
| Impairment allowance for slow moving stores, spare parts  |   |                            |
| and loose tools-net   | 3,678                                   | 2,305                      |
| Amortisation of interest free long term loan to subsidiary company  | (5,641)                                 | (4,437)                    |
| Amortisation of intangible asset  | 2,506                                   | 1,862                      |
| Remeasurement gain on discounting of provision for GIDC   | (3,206)                                 | (834)                      |
| Finance costs   | 570,524                                 | 236,336                    |
|   | 763,928                                 | 504,767<br>227,244         |
| (Increase)/decrease in current assets:  | 127,573                                 | 221,244                    |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools   | 203,956                                 | (443,572)                  |
| Stock in trade  | (2,349,267)                             | (5,536,584)                |
| Trade debts   | (286,938)                               | (258,664)                  |
| Loans and advances  | (552,807)                               | (450,688)                  |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments   | 204,125                                 | 23,893                     |
| Other receivables   | (401,831)                               | (816,727)                  |
|   | (3,182,762)                             | (7,482,342)                |
| Increase in Trade and other payables  | 4,043,776                               | 4,051,660                  |
| Cash flows from/(towards) operations before following   | 988,587                                 | (3,203,438)                |
| (Payments for)/receipts of:   |   |                            |
| Long term loans   | (9,347)                                 | (17,164)                   |
| Defined benefit plan  | (4,523)                                 | (5,546)                    |
| Finance costs   | (86,917)                                | (94,142)                   |
| Income tax  | (136,855)                               | (109,154)                  |
| Net cash flows from/(towards) operating activities  | 750,945                                 | (3,429,444)                |
| Cash Flows (towards)/from Investing Activities  |   |                            |
| Additions in property, plant and equipment  | (1,865,509)                             | (2,135,654)                |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment   | 1,516                                   | 8,638                      |
| Net cash flows towards investing activities   | (1,863,993)                             | (2,127,016)                |
| Cash Flows from/(towards) Financing Activities  |   |                            |
| Long term financing - proceeds received   | 447,616                                 | 2,709,624                  |
| Long term financing - repayments  | (79,536)                                | (57,548)                   |
| Short term borrowings - net   | 850,000                                 | 600,000                    |
| Dividend paid   | (11,590)                                | (58)                       |
| Net cash flows from financing activities  | 1,206,490                               | 3,252,018                  |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | 93,442<br>(7,337,802)                   | (2,304,442)<br>(3,409,131) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period  | (7,244,360)                             | (5,713,573)                |
|   | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | (-, -,)                    |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:  | 4/5 -00                                 | 200.65                     |
| Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings  | 465,580<br>(7,709,940)                  | 208,856<br>(5,922,429)     |
| anorr renn ponowings  | (7,709,940)                             | (5,713,573)                |
|   | (7,244,300)                             | (0,113,013)                |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

SHABBIR DIWAN Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director

MUSTUFA BILWANI Chief Financial Officer



## Notes To The Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Financial Statements (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

### THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan in 1980 as a Public Limited Company and its shares are quoted at the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited since 1992. The principal business of the Company is manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn through its self-produced Polyester Polymer/Chips. The Company also produces PET Preforms. The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta whereas the plant of the Company is situated at Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and Liaison office of the Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road. Civil Lines-10. Karachi.
- 1.2 Following are the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company:
  - Gatro Power (Private) Limited, which is engaged in power generation.
  - Global Synthetics Limited, which has yet to commence its operations.
  - G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprises of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34, interim financial reporting, issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirement of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.
- 2.2 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are the separate condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements of the Company in which investments in subsidiaries have been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- 2.3 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures of the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 2.4 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards
- 2.4.1 Amendments to published approved accounting standards which are effective during the three months ended September 30, 2023:

There are certain amendments and interpretations to approved accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period beginning on July 1, 2023; however, these do not have any significant impact on these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements, hence not described.

2.4.2 Standards and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2023. However, these amendments will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Company, therefore, have not been disclosed in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.



### 2.5 Functional and reporting currency

These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee (Rupees), which is the Company's functional currency.

### 3 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements were the same as those applied to the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2023, except for useful life of certain plant and machinery.

The Company has changed its estimate of useful life of certain plant and machinery by changing the depreciation rate from 15% to 10%. The change in accounting estimate has been applied prospectively in accordance with the treatment specified in IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors". Had this estimate not been changed, the loss for the three months would have increased by Rs. 59.716 million and the value of Property, plant and Equipment would have decreased by Rs. 59.716 million.

### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements have been prepared, following the same accounting policies as were applied in the preparation of the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2023.

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|------|------|------|---------|
| (IVU | DEES |      | Housand |

|   |  | Note       | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited)     | June<br>2023<br>(Audited)             |
|---|--|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5 | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT                      |            |                                       |                                       |
|   | Operating fixed assets<br>Capital work in progress | 5.1<br>5.2 | 6,047,668<br>12,597,007<br>18,644,675 | 6,034,197<br>10,904,098<br>16,938,295 |

### 5.1 Following are the cost of additions and net book value (NBV) of assets disposed off during the period:

Additions at cost during the period including transfer from Capital work in progress

|       |   | Three months<br>ended September<br>2023               | Three months<br>ended September<br>2022       |
|-------|---|---|---|
|       | Freehold Land Building on leasehold land Plant and machinery Factory equipment Motor vehicles                           | 128,902<br>1,304<br>231<br>1,279<br>40,884<br>172,600 | 3,156<br>775<br>-<br>7,161<br>11,092          |
|       | Disposals at NBV during the period  |   |   |
|       | Motor vehicles  | 338<br>338  | 6,519<br>6,519                                |
| 5.2   | Capital work in progress  |   |   |
|       | Balance as at start of the period<br>Additions<br>Transfer to operating fixed assets<br>Balance as at end of the period | 10,904,098<br>1,694,444<br>(1,535)<br>12,597,007      | 3,447,148<br>1,961,286<br>-<br>-<br>5,408,434 |
| 5.2.1 | Building on leasehold land<br>Plant and machinery   | 969,449<br>11,627,558<br>12,597,007                   | 331,303<br>5,077,131<br>5,408,434             |



| 6   | INTANGIBLE ASS<br>Software & licer  |                           | Note  | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited)            | June<br>2023<br>(Audited)                         |
|-----|---|---------------------------|---|--|---|
|     | Balance as at s<br>Additions<br>Amortization du<br>Balance as at e          | ring the perio            | d   | 70,177<br>-<br>(2,506)<br>67,671             | 59,594<br>20,608<br>(10,025)<br>70,177            |
| 7   | SHARE CAPITAL   |                           |   |  |   |
|     | (Number o   | of Shares)                |   |  |   |
|     | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited)   | June<br>2023<br>(Audited) |   |  |   |
| 7.1 | Authorised cap  | ital                      |   |  |   |
|     | 95,000,000  | 95,000,000                | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each  | 950,000                                      | 950,000   |
| 7.2 | Issued, subscrib  | ed and paid (             | up capital  |  |   |
|     | 30,136,080  | 30,136,080                | Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for consideration paid             | 301,361                                      | 301,361   |
|     | 46,592,880  | 46,592,880                | in cash Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted as fully paid bonus shares | 465,929                                      | 465,929   |
|     | 76,728,960  | 76,728,960                | allotted as fully paid borius strates                                     | 767,290                                      | 767,290   |
| 8   | Deferred Liabilit<br>Income tax - ne<br>Defined benefit<br>Provision for Ga | ies<br>et<br>plan         | OME  8.1 e Development Cess (GIDC) 8.2                                    | 224,691<br>596,664<br>-                      | 219,047<br>567,977<br>1,471                       |
|     | Deferred incom<br>Deferred Incom  |                           | ent scheme 8.3  | 843,396<br>1,664,751                         | 884,232<br>1,672,727                              |
| 8.1 | Defined benefit   | plan                      |   |  |   |
|     | Balance as at s<br>Expense<br>Remeasuremer<br>Payments<br>Balance as at e   | nt loss                   |   | 567,977<br>33,210<br>-<br>(4,523)<br>596,664 | 502,472<br>89,744<br>1,581<br>(25,820)<br>567,977 |
| 8.2 | Provision for G   | as Infrastructi           | ire Development Cess  |  |   |

### 8.2 Provision for Gas Infrastructure Development Cess

The Supreme Court of Pakistan has decided the Appeal against consumers upholding the vires of GIDC Act, 2015 through its judgement dated August 13, 2020. The Review Petition was filed against the Judgment, wherein the Honorable Court has provided some relief by increasing the time period for recovery of GIDC from 24 installments to 48 installments and also hold that GIDC relating to period prior to the GIDC Act, 2015 is not recoverable in case the same was not passed on by the Company.

As per judgement of the Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Company has filed a Civil Suit before the Sindh High Court against payment of GIDC installments on the ground that the Company has not passed on the burden of Cess. The Honorable Court has granted stay order to Plaintiffs whereby the Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited has been restrained to take any coercive action against non payment of GIDC installments.



The Company has recorded the provision at its present value by discounting the future cash flows at risk free rate.

### 8.3 Deferred Income - Government scheme

This represents the value of benefit of below-market markup rate on the loans obtained under Islamic Temporary Economic Refinance Scheme (ITERF). ITERF scheme is a 'temporary' relief measure taken by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in context of COVID-19 related economic situation and with the objective to provide stimulus to the economy across the board by supporting new investment and BMR of the existing projects in the country. The difference between the fair value of these loans and proceeds received is recorded as Deferred income - Government scheme.

### 9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables includes provision in respect of following:

- 9.1 The Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU for industrial and Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power to Rs.600 per MMBTU with effect from September 01, 2015. The Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court challenging the increase in rate. The Honorable Sindh High Court had initially granted interim relief, whereby recovery of enhanced rate was restrained. In May 2016, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favor of the Petitioners. However, in June 2016, Defendants filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court which was also decided in favor of the Petitioners. Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGCL) then have filed appeal and pending before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Company alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the Court. Accordingly, the Company has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court amounting to Rs.47.667 million (June 2023: Rs.47.667 million). As an abundant precaution, the Company has made total provision of Rs.40.194 million (June 2023: Rs.40.194 million). On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories which the Company is paying in full as per the notification.
- 92 In August 2013, OGRA had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU to Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power and accordingly, SSGCL started charging rate prescribed for captive power to the Company with effect from September 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others challenging the charging of captive power tariff instead of industrial tariff. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief, whereby recovery of captive power rate has been restrained. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Company alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the Court. Accordingly, the Company has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court (refer note 9.1). As an abundant precaution, the Company has made provision of Rs.15.977 million (June 2023: Rs.15.977 million) pertaining to the period of November 2015 to September 2018 and did not create receivable of Rs.13.629 million in respect of period from August 2013 to October 2015. On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Company is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification. In February, 2020, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court has decided the case in favor of Petitioners. SSGCL has filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court against the decision and is pending for adjudication.
- 9.3 Provision of Sindh Sales Tax on rent payable by the Company to a related party Messrs. Novatex Limited amounting to Rs.7.887 million (June 2023: Rs.7.887 million). The related party had filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against Sindh Revenue Board [SRB] and Province of Sindh etc. On August 28, 2018, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favor of the related party. However, SRB filed an appeal before Supreme Court of Pakistan against the decision of Double Bench of Sindh High Court. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has maintained the decision of Sindh High Court.



- 9.4 The Company had filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on May 25, 2011 against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department, challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports. Through an interim order dated May 31, 2011, the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability effective from December 28, 2006 and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. In April 2017, the Government of Sindh has promulgated the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. On October 23, 2017, the Company has also challenged the new Act in the Sindh High Court against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department and similar stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court. On June 04, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has passed the judgment in favor of the Government. The Company has filed an appeal in Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan, vide interim order dated September 01, 2021, has suspended the operation of the impugned judgement of the Sindh High Court and has further directed the Custom Authorities to release consignments on the basis of bank guarantee equivalent to the amount of levy claimed by the Excise and Taxation Department. Till reporting date, the Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.628.365 million (June 2023: Rs.578.365 million) in favor of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after December 27, 2006 (refer note 10.2). Full provision after December 27, 2006 has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.
- 9.5 The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) vide SRO 491(I)/2016 dated June 30, 2016 made certain amendments in SRO 1125(I)/2011 dated December 31, 2011 including disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material of textile products. Consequently, input tax adjustment on packing material of textile product was not being allowed for adjustment with effect from July 01, 2016 till June 30, 2018. On January 16, 2017, the Company had challenged the disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material in the Sindh High Court against Federation of Pakistan and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court has decided the matter in favor of Tax Department, against which the Company has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has maintained the High Court decision. Total amount of demand raised by the tax department is Rs.16.757 million, against which appeal has been filed before CIRA which has also been decided against the Company, however, due to certain apparent mistakes in order, rectification application has been filed, which is pending.
- 9.6 Provision of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess amounting to Rs.4.131 million (June 2023: Rs.4.131 million) and rate difference of gas tariff Rs.2.655 million (June 2023: Rs.2.655 million) on account of common expenses payable by the Company to a related party Messrs. Novatex Limited.

### 10 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The detail of contingencies and commitments as at reporting date are as follows:

### 10.1 Details of Litigations/ Tax Related Issues

10.1.1 FBR initiated action against few customers of the Company for violating/non compliance of the provisions of SRO 1125 dated December 31, 2011 and alleging the Company to provide them assistance and illegal facilitation. The dispute relates to the period of time when supplies were zero rated and as a result of which the Company had to pay Rs.27.762 million and had also to submit post-dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million under protest in favor of Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

However, the Company had challenged the action before the Sindh High Court on December 23, 2013 against Federation of Pakistan and others. Realizing the facts of the case, circumstances and legal position, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief whereby encashment of above mentioned post dated cheques has been restrained.

By way of abundant precaution, the amount of Rs.27.762 million has been charged to un-consolidated statement of profit or loss in previous period i.e. year 2014. On September 04, 2021, the Special Judge Custom and Taxation Court has decided the case in favor of the Company. The FBR has filed appeal at Honorable Sindh High Court Karachi against the decision of Special judge which is pending adjudication.

10.1.2 In May 2015, the Parliament passed the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act 2015, which seeks to impose GIDC levy since 2011. On July 16, 2015, the Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA and others challenging the validity and promulgation of GIDC Act 2015. The Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court had



decided the case in favor of Petitioners. However, in May 2020, Defendants have filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court. On August 13, 2020, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan finally in the appeals filed by industries of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, passed a judgment in favor of Government declaring the GIDC Act 2015 intra vires and directed all the Petitioners/Appellants (including industries of all over Pakistan) for payment of Cess liability accrued till July 31, 2020 in 24 equal monthly installments. The Company has filed Review Petition against the Judgment, wherein the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has provided some relief by increasing the time period for recovery of GIDC from 24 installments to 48 installments and also hold that GIDC relating to period prior to the GIDC Act, 2015 is not recoverable in case the same was not passed on by the Company. As per the judgement of Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Company has filed a Civil Suit before the Sindh High Court against payment of GIDC installments on the ground that the Company has not passed on the burden of Cess. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order to Plaintiffs whereby the Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited has been restrained to take any coercive action against non payment of GIDC installments.

Total amount of enhanced GIDC upto July 31, 2020 worked out at Rs.129.801 million, however the Company has maintained a provision for Rs.86.858 million pertaining to the period of June 2015 to July 2020 as an abundant precaution.

- 10.1.3 The Company along with several other companies has filed a Constitution Petition in the Sindh High Court on April 13, 2016 against Employment Old Age Benefits Institution (EOBI) and others against a notice issued by the EOBI to the Company to pay contribution at the revised rate of wages with retrospective effect. The Honorable Sindh High Court has restrained EOBI from taking any coercive action against the Company. On December 03, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has dismissed the Petition. However, the Company has filed an appeal at Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. No provision of the amount involved i.e. Rs.34.921 million (June 2023: Rs.34.713 million) has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- The Company filed four appeals on 2nd, 9th, 17th May and 20th June 2018 before the 10.1.4 Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A))-II, Large Taxpayers Office, Karachi for the tax periods July 2012 to December, 2016 against the assessment orders by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), Large Taxpayers Office, passed under section 11 (2) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 through which cumulative demand for the aforesaid periods amounting to Rs.55.423 million excluding default surcharge was created. In the assessment orders, major areas on which impugned demand has been raised relates to disallowance of input tax on purchases and recovery of sales tax on sales to subsequently suspended / blacklisted persons. The Company has already deposited Rs.28 million under protest into the Government Treasury for stay against the full recovery. The CIR(A) has issued judgment in respect of impugned order for tax periods July 2012 to June 2013 wherein the entire order of the Tax Officer has been held as illegal and unconstitutional. However, the Tax Department has been filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order passed by CIR(A). The CIR(A) has decided the matter for tax periods July 2013 to June 2014, July 2014 to June 2015 and July 2015 to December 2016 wherein the case has been partially decided in favor for the Company. However, the Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against orders passed by CIR(A). No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements as the Company is confident that the matter will be decided in favor by the appellate authorities.
- 10.1.5 Tax Department issued order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2012 wherein income tax demand of Rs.37.773 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Company paid Rs.3.777 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) had decided the case partially in favor of the Company whereas major issues were decided in favor of the Tax Department. Based on the judgment of the CIR(A), the revised demand comes out to Rs.28.2 million. The Company filed an appeal before the ATIR against the order of the CIR(A) and the learned ATIR, vide its judgment dated January 01, 2019 has decided the case in favor of the Company. As of now, the Tax Department has not yet filed appeal against the said judgment of ATIR.
- 10.1.6 Tax Department issued order under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2015 wherein income tax demand of Rs.25.888 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Company paid Rs.2.589 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) has decided partially in favor of the Company. Appeal effect in line with CIR(A) order has been issued by the Tax Department wherein an amount of Rs.3.791 million determined as refundable to the Company out of which Rs.1.594 million has been adjusted with



the income tax demand pertaining to tax year 2019. Appeal has been filed by the Company as well as the Tax Department before ATIR, however, no hearing has been conducted till date. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company, hence Rs.2.197 million recorded as refundable.

- 10.1.7 The Tax Officer alleged the Company for charging sales tax at reduced rate instead of standard rate of 17% during the tax periods from July 2014 to June 2015 and raised the demand of Rs.1.741 million along with penalty of Rs.0.087 million. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A) against order of the Tax Department on the ground that reduced rate was applicable to customers as those customers were active and operative at the time of execution of sales transaction. Moreover, the Tax Department has adjusted the impugned demand with sales tax refunds available with the Company. Appeal was decided in favor of the Company. Tax Department has issued an appeal effect order in line with aforementioned CIR(A) order resulting in refund of Rs.1.828 million for which refund application has been filed. Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against CIR(A) order. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.8 The case of the Company was selected for income tax audit for tax year 2013. The return was amended under section 122(1)/(5) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, however, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of the income tax return. Subsequently, the Tax Department again initiated proceedings for further amendment of the already amended income tax return and raised demand of Rs.1.178 million. Demand has been raised mainly because of figurative errors committed by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ADCIR) against which the Company has moved rectification application and in response thereto rectified order was issued. Moreover, the Company has also filed an appeal before CIR(A) to secure its interest in case rectification application is rejected by the concerned Tax Officer. CIR(A) has decided the matter partially in favor of the Company. Considering that the matter decided against the Company has no material impact, therefore, the Company had not filed an appeal before the ATIR. The Tax Department filed an appeal before the ATIR against order issued by CIR(A), Quetta, which has not yet been concluded. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.9 Income tax return of tax year 2014 was amended by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Quetta disallowed expenses of Rs.60.7 million vide order dated June 30, 2016 against which the Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), who vide order dated January 20, 2017 decided the case partially in favor of the Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before the ATIR which has not yet been concluded. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.10 The Company had filed a petition in Sindh High Court on August 26, 2019 against 3% Minimum Value Addition Tax on import of machinery, which has been levied through Finance Act, 2019. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court against submission of bank guarantee in favor of Nazir of the Court. Till reporting date, the Company has provided 100% bank guarantee amounting to Rs.15.351 million (June 2023: Rs.15.351 million), refer note 10.2. Moreover, through Finance Act, 2020 this levy has been withdrawn from manufacturer w.e.f. July 01, 2020.
- 10.1.11 Through Finance Act, 2019, the Government has reduced tax credit available on new investment to 5% from 10% with retrospective effect. Consequently, disallowing tax credit of Rs.42 million for tax year 2019. The Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Sindh High Court, the Court has decided the matter in favour of Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in plant & machinery in the tax year 2019, however, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.12 The Company had filed a petition before the Sindh High Court wherein the Company had challenged the levy and collection of further sales tax on zero rated supplies imposed vide SRO 584(I)/2017 read with section 3(1A) and section 4 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. The case has been decided by the Honorable Sindh High Court in favor of the Company. The Tax Department has



filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment of the Honorable Sindh High Court. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company, however, as an abundant precaution, Rs.40.395 million has been provided in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

- 10.1.13 The Company had filed a petition before the Sindh High Court wherein the Company had challenged the notice requiring to pay Super Tax for tax year 2018 amounting to Rs.28.187 million and 2019 Rs.31.444 million respectively. The Honorable Sindh High Court has decided the matter against the Company. The Company has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgement of the Sindh High Court, hearing of which is pending at the moment. The Company also filed appeals before the CIR(A) against the order passed by DCIR under section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which has been concluded in favor of the Tax Department. The Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against the orders passed by the CIR(A). The Company has also paid 50% of demand for auto stay from recovery. The management is confident that the case will ultimately be decided in favor of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.14 Income tax return for tax year 2019 has been amended by the DCIR vide order dated June 29, 2020 creating tax demand of Rs.1.594 million while abolishing refund of Rs.35.819 million as claimed in ITR 2019 against which the Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), which has been partially decided in favour of the Company resulting in net tax refundable of Rs.4 million, appeal effect order is not yet issued by the Tax Department. The Company as well as Tax Department have filed appeals before the ATIR, which is pending till date. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company.
- 10.1.15 Through Finance Act, 2019, section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 was amended to disallow credit on investment in plant & machinery from tax year 2020 and onwards. Consequently, the tax credit in respect of LCs opened on or before 30th June 2019 was also disallowed amounting to Rs.105.230 million. The Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Sindh High Court, the Court has decided the matter in favour of Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in plant & machinery on the basis of pre-amended position of section 65B on machinery arrived in tax years 2020 and 2021, however, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.16 Tax Officer alleged the Company for fake transaction with suspended customer during the tax periods from December 2018 to June 2019 and raised the demand of Rs.1.711 million along with 100% penalty, aggregated demand of Rs.3.421 million. The Company has paid 10% of demand for auto stay from recovery Rs.0.342 million. CIR(A) has decided the case in favour of Company, department also issued appeal effect and determined the payment of Rs.0.342 million as refundable. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against the said judgment. No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.17 Tax Department issued notices thereby disallowing adjustment of Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) against income tax refund of tax year 2018, 2019 and 2020 amounting Rs.16.216 million, Rs.20.373 and Rs.3.022 million respectively. The Company filed petitions against the said notices before the Sindh High Court, which has been decided in favour of the Company. However, Tax Department has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. However, full liability of WWF has been provided in respective years un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.18 Tax Department has raised demand of Rs.21.294 million on the basis of sales tax audit for the tax periods from July 2017 to June 2018. The Company has filed an appeal before the CIR(A). The Company has paid 10% of demand for auto stay from recovery Rs.2.130 million. The CIR(A) has decided the case partially in favor of the Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The order contains significant errors for which Company has filed rectification application before CIRA. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.19 The Tax Department disallowed expenses of Rs.45.6 million under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2016. However, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of assessment proceedings. Moreover, the Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A), who vide order dated March 16, 2023 decided the



case partially in favor of the Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The Company as well as Tax Department have filed appeals before the ATIR, which is pending till date. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company.

- 10.1.20 The Company has filed a petition before the Sindh High Court against the levy of Super Tax under section 4C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2022. The Honorable Sindh High Court held that the Super Tax is not applicable for the tax year 2022. However, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan and has issued interim order whereby the Honorable Supreme Court has directed to pay Super Tax to the extent of 4%. Therefore, the Company has paid the Super Tax of Rs. 13.353 million on the direction of the Honorable Supreme Court and in the compliance of the tax department notice as well. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.21 The Company has filed the case before Sindh High Court against conducting Sales Tax Audit for the tax year 2019. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief till the decision of the case. Amount is not determined as proceeding not yet initiated. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company.
- 10.1.22 The Company has filed the case before Sindh High Court against conducting post refund Sales Tax Audit pertaining to the tax year 2016, on the ground of time barred proceeding. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief till the decision of the case. Amount is not determined as proceeding not yet initiated. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Company.
- 10.1.23 Tax Department has raised demand of Rs.0.240 million on the basis of not charging sales tax on sale of fixed assets for the tax periods from July 2018 to June 2019. However, the Company has duly charged and deposited the sales tax on disposal of fixed assets. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A) which has been decided in favour of the Company.

|      |   | (Rupees in 1                                | housand)                                    |
|------|---|---|---|
|      |   | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited)           | June<br>2023<br>(Audited)                   |
| 10.2 | Guarantees  |   |   |
|      | Bank Guarantees in favor of:<br>The Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi<br>The Electric Inspector, President Licencing Board, Quetta<br>Pakistan State Oil Company Limited<br>K-Electric Limited<br>Nazir of the High Court of Sindh, Karachi | 628,365<br>10<br>70,000<br>18,496<br>15,351 | 578,365<br>10<br>70,000<br>18,496<br>15,351 |
|      | Letters of Credit in favor of:<br>Sui Southern Gas Company Limited for Gas  | 32,592                                      | 32,592                                      |
|      |   | 764,814                                     | 714,814                                     |

### 10.3 Commitments

The Company's commitments, against which the banks have opened Letters of Credit, in favor of different suppliers, are as follows:

| Foreign currency:<br>Property, plant and equipment<br>Raw and packing material | 698,700<br>1,846,639 | 789,298<br>5,578,080 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Spare parts and others   | 142,742              | 378,184              |
| ' '  | 2,688,081            | 6,745,562            |
| Local currency:  |                      |                      |
| Property, plant and equipment  | 62,482               | 90,079               |
| Raw material   | -                    | 349,999              |
| Spare parts and others   | 5,984                | 11,972               |
| ' '  | 68,466               | 452,050              |
|  | 2,756,547            | 7,197,612            |



### 11 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company's certain accounting policies and disclosure requires use of fair value measurement and the Company while assessing fair value maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs establishing a fair value hierarchy, i.e., input used in fair value measurement is categorized into following three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be assessed at measurement.
- Level 2 Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

As at reporting date the fair value of all the assets and liabilities approximates to their carrying values except property, plant and equipment and long term investments in subsidiaries and associate. The property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, except free-hold land, lease-hold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost, whereas long term investment in subsidiaries and associate carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any. The Company does not expect that unobservable inputs may have significant effect on fair values.

#### 12 SEGMENT REPORTING

### 12.1 Reportable segments

The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- Polyester Filament Yarn it comprises manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn and its raw material.
- Polyester PET Preforms it comprises manufacturing of Polyester PET Preforms and its raw material.

Other operating expenses, other income, finance costs and taxation are managed at Company level.

### 12.2 Seament results:

The segment information for the reportable segments for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 is as follows:

(Rupees in Thousand)

|  | Sej       | otember 20 | 23        | September 2022 |           |           |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-----------|
|  | Polyester | Polyester  |           | Polyester      | Polyester |           |
|  | Filament  | PET        |           | Filament       | PET       |           |
|  | Yarn      | Preforms   | Total     | Yarn           | Preforms  | Total     |
| External sales   | 6,910,314 | 1,004,039  | 7,914,353 | 3,867,591      | 1,028,853 | 4,896,444 |
| Segment result before depreciation                             | 92,025    |            | 208,219   | (101,736)      |           | 190,795   |
| Less: Depreciation   | (144,110) |            |           | (209,010)      |           | (228,153) |
| Segment result after depreciation                              | (52,085)  | 101,513    | 49,428    | (310,746)      | 273,388   | (37,358)  |
| Reconciliation of segment results with loss before income tax: |           |            |           |                |           |           |
| Total results for reportable segments                          |           |            | 49,428    |                |           | (37,358)  |
| Other operating expenses                                       |           |            | (131,440) |                |           | (15,383)  |
| Other income   |           |            | 16,181    |                |           | 11,554    |
| Finance costs  |           |            | (570,524) |                |           | (236,336) |
| Loss before income tax   |           |            | (636,355) |                |           | (277,523) |

Assets and liabilities by segments are as follows:



Segment assets Segment liabilities

| Se           | eptember 20 | 23         |            | June 2023 |            |
|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| (Un-audited) |             |            | (Audited)  |           |            |
| Polyester    | Polyester   |            | Polyester  | Polyester |            |
| Filament     | PET         |            | Filament   | PET       |            |
| Yarn         | Preforms    | Total      | Yarn       | Preforms  | Total      |
|              |             |            |            |           |            |
| 35,367,441   | 1,294,398   | 36,661,839 | 31,313,879 | 1,758,171 | 33,072,050 |
| 20,031,992   | 401,443     | 20,433,435 | 12,587,734 | 500,476   | 13,088,210 |

Reconciliation of segments assets and liabilities with total in the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

| Total for reportable segments                                | 36,6      | Assets<br>61,839 | Liabilities 20,433,435 | 3         | Assets 3,072,050 | Liabilities<br>13,088,210 |
|--|-----------|------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Unallocated  | 5,8       | 36,644           | 14,944,942             |           | 4,504,764        | 16,628,537                |
| Total as per un-consolidated statement of financial position | 42,4      | 98,483           | 35,378,377             | 3         | 7,576,814        | 29,716,747                |
| Other segment information is as fo                           | ollows:   |                  |                        |           |                  |                           |
|  | Septer    | nber 202         | 23                     | Sep       | tember 20        | 22                        |
| Depreciation   | 144,110   | 14,681           | 158,791                | 209,010   | 19,143           | 228,153                   |
| Capital expenditures incurred during the year                | 1,405,248 | 896              | 1,406,144              | 2,057,099 | -                | 2,057,099                 |
| Unallocated capital expenditure incurred during the year     |           |                  | 459,365                |           |                  | 78,555                    |
| Total  |           |                  | 1.865.509              |           |                  | 2.135.654                 |

- 12.3 95.11% (September 2022: 97.69%) out of total sales of the Company relates to customers in Pakistan.
- 12.4 All non-current assets of the Company as at September 30, 2023 are located in Pakistan.
- 12.5 The Company does not have transaction with any external customer which amount to 10 percent or more of the Company's revenue.

### 13 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include Subsidiaries, Associate and Other Related Group Companies, Key Management Personnel and Defined Contribution Plan (Provident Fund). The Company continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Contributions to defined contribution plan (Provident Fund) are made as per the terms of employment. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel is in accordance with their terms of engagements. Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:



### (Rupees in Thousand)

| Name                                    | Nature of relationship | Basis of relationship  | Nature of transaction                         | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2023 | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2022 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|---|---|---|
|   |                        |                        |   |   |   |
| Gatro Power<br>(Private) Limited        | Subsidiary<br>Company  | 100% ownership         | Purchase of power Plant operation arrangement | 719,790<br>10,500                       | 824,860<br>10,500                       |
| (Flivate) Littliced                     | Company                |                        | Reimbursement of expenses                     | 1,865                                   | 10,500                                  |
|   |                        |                        |   | 1,000                                   |   |
| G-Pac Energy                            | Subsidiary             | 100% ownership         | Long term loan disbursed                      | 39,800                                  | 16,600                                  |
| (Private) Limited                       | Company                |                        | Repayment of long term loan                   | 35,750                                  | -                                       |
|   |                        |                        | Reimbursement of expenses                     | 15                                      | -                                       |
| Novatex Limited                         | Related Party          | Common                 | Sales of goods                                |   | 1.841                                   |
| Novatex Enrited                         | Related Farty          | directorship           | Rendering of services                         | 43,396                                  | 2,154                                   |
|   |                        | ancetorsinp            | Acquisition of services                       | 67,810                                  | 79,172                                  |
|   |                        |                        | Purchase of raw & other mater                 |   | 127,786                                 |
|   |                        |                        | Rent  | 5,378                                   | 5,378                                   |
|   |                        |                        | Reimbursement of expenses                     | 17,762                                  | 11,663                                  |
|   |                        |                        |   |   |   |
| Krystalite Product                      | Related Party          | Common key             | Sale of goods                                 | 113,899                                 | 27,754                                  |
| (Private) Limited                       |                        | management             |   |   |   |
| Mushtaq & Company                       | Related Party          | Common key             | Sale of goods                                 |   | 585                                     |
| (Private) Limited                       | Related Farty          | management             | sale of goods                                 | -                                       | 202                                     |
| , |                        | 3.                     |   |   |   |
| Gani & Tayub                            | Related Party          | Common                 | Charges on account of handling                | ng -                                    | 999                                     |
| (Private) Limited                       |                        | directorship           | Rent  | 1,950                                   | -                                       |
| Gatron Foundation                       | Doloted Dorty          | Common                 | Dayment of denotion                           |   |   |
| Gatron Foundation                       | Related Party          | Common<br>directorship | Payment of donation                           | 3,494                                   | 600                                     |
|   |                        | directorship           |   |   |   |
| G&T Tyre                                | Related Party          | Common key             | Purchase of other material                    | 544                                     |   |
| (Private) Limited                       |                        | management             |   |   |   |
|   |                        |                        |   |   |   |
| Gatron (Industries)                     | Retirement             | Employees              | Provident fund contribution                   | 1,506                                   | 1,205                                   |
| Limited Workers Provident Fund          | benefit fund           | fund                   |   |   |   |
| riovident fund                          |                        |                        |   |   |   |

There are no transactions with Key Management Personnel other than remuneration under their terms of employment amounting to Rs.158.543 million (September 2022: Rs.98.081 million).

The above figures are exclusive of sales tax, where applicable.

### Outstanding balances, as at reporting date, are disclosed as follows:

### (Rupees in Thousand)

|  | As at<br>September 30,<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | As at<br>June 30,<br>2023<br>(Audited) |
|--|--|--|
| Gatro Power (Private) Limited<br>Other receivables<br>Trade and other payables | 21,857<br>129,491                              | 10,619<br>161,521                      |
| G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited<br>Other receivables                            | 15   | 6                                      |
| Novatex Limited Trade debts Other receivables Trade and other payables         | 37,201<br>3,187<br>4,355,414                   | 28,300<br>-<br>1,010,678               |



### (Rupees in Thousand)

|   | As at<br>September 30,<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | As at<br>June 30,<br>2023<br>(Audited) |
|---|--|--|
| Krystalite Product (Private) Limited<br>Trade debts<br>Trade and other payables | 57,671<br>-                                    | 7,806                                  |
| Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited<br>Trade debts                              | 1,296  | 1,296                                  |
| Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited<br>Other receivables                             | 1,126  | 1,126                                  |
| G&T Tyre (Private) Limited<br>Trade and other payables                          | 321  | -                                      |
| Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers Provident Fund<br>Trade and other payables  | 1,012  | 1,029                                  |

### 14 RESTATEMENT OF CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Previously, the Company classified all its short term borrowings as a part of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows. However, during the period, the Company has classified only running finance as part of cash and cash equivalents to meet the criteria of cash and cash equivalents as per the requirements of IAS -7 " Statement of Cash Flows". Accordingly adjustment in comparative figures are as follows:

|   | As previously reported | Effect of restatement | As<br>Restated |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Condensed interim Un-consolidated Statement of Cash Flows |                        |                       |                |
| Cash flow from financing activities                       | 2,652,018              | 600,000               | 3,252,018      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period  | (4,759,131)            | 1,350,000             | (3,409,131)    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period        | (7 663 573)            | 1 950 000             | (5 713 573)    |

However, there is no impact on the comparative condensed interim un-consolidated statement of financial position and condensed interim un-consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 15 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

"These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on October 24, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

### 16 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of profit or loss, condensed interim un-consolidated statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim un-consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim un-consolidated statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

#### 17 GENERAL

- 17.1 Charge for Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund, Deferred Tax and Income Tax (where applicable) are interim and final liability will be determined on the basis of annual results.
- 17.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.

SHABBIR DIWAN
Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director MUSTUFA BILWANI Chief Financial Officer





## **Directors' Report**

### Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of M/s. Gatron (Industries) Limited, we are pleased to present the Un-Audited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

### THE GROUP

The Group comprises of Gatron (Industries) Limited and its subsidiaries i.e. Gatro Power (Private) Limited, Global Synthetics Limited and G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited. The Director's report, detailing performance of the Holding Company i.e. Gatron (Industries) Limited for the three months ended September 30, 2023, has been annexed separately in this report.

The principal business of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of the subsidiary Company remained disturbed due to irregularity in gas supply during the reporting period.

The principal business of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of this Subsidiary Company are expected to be commenced soon and it is waiting commissioning of the sanctioned gas in the already laid new gas line.

Wholly owned subsidiary Messrs. Global Synthetics Limited has yet to commence its operations.

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIALS:**

(Rupees in Thousand)

|           | and the con- | Object Objects | The second second | ed Septembe |            |
|-----------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|------------|
| Operating | resums for   | rne inree      | monuns ena        | ea sebtembe | P 30. ZUZ3 |

| Loss before income tax                      | (426,835) |
|---|-----------|
| Income tax                                  | 103,606   |
| Loss after income tax                       | (530,441) |
| Un- appropriated Profit brought forward     | 2,179,798 |
| Un- appropriated Profit carried forward     | 1,649,357 |
| Loss per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees) | (6.91)    |

## State of Affairs as on September 30, 2023 Property, plant and equipment

| Property, plant and equipment               | 21,463,059 |
|---|------------|
| Other non-current assets                    | 79,986     |
| Current assets                              | 24,270,177 |
| Total assets                                | 45,813,222 |
| Deduct:                                     |            |
| Non-current liabilities                     | 10,082,221 |
| Current liabilities                         | 26,645,709 |
| Total liabilities                           | 36,727,930 |
| Net assets financed by shareholders' equity | 9,085,292  |
|   |            |



### MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred during the period to which the balance sheet relates and the date of this report.

### **INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

The Board of Directors of your Company take this opportunity to express their deep sense of gratitude for all the stakeholders for their encouragement and continued support, we appreciate the Company's management and supporting staff for their satisfactory performance and devotion to duty and we are grateful to all Government Institutions, Auditors, the SECP, the PSX and Banks for their valuable support and cooperation.

**SHABBIR DIWAN** 

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI DIRECTOR

October 24, 2023



## اجم تبديليال اورمعامدات:

مالیاتی گوشوارے کی تاریخ اور رپورٹ بنرا کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالیاتی حیثیت میں تبدیلی لانے والی نہ کوئی اہم بات رونماہو کی اور نہ ہی ایسے معاہدے ہوئے۔

## اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول:

اندرونی نگہداری کانظام مضبوط بنیادوں پراستوارہےاوراس کانفاذ مؤثر طور سے کیا گیاہے اوراس پرنظر بھی رکھی جاری ہے۔

## اظهارتشكر:

آپ کی کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز اس موقع پرتمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کی حوصلہ افزائی اورسلسل تعاون کیلئے اپئے گہرے جذبات کا اظہارکرتے ہیں، جم کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اورمعاون عملے کی کملی بخش کارکردگی اور ڈایوٹی کے گئن کے لیے ان کی تعریف کرتے ہیں اور بم تمام عکوشی اواروں، آڈیٹرز PSX،SECP اور ٹیٹکول کوان کی تیتی معاونت اور تعاون کے مشکور ہیں۔

> شیرویوان میرویوان میرویوان میرویوان میرویوان میرویوان فراتر کیر آفراعلی فراتر کیکر تاریخ: 2023ء



## گروپ کے جامع مالیاتی گوشواروں پر ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

### معززحفص يافتگان،

میسرز گیڑون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹٹر کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی جانب ہے ہم 30 متبر 2023 کوشتم ہونے والی سمان کے لیے گروپ بندا کے غیرآ ڈٹ شدہ مختفر عبوری جامع مالیاتی گوشوارے بیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محسوں کررہے ہیں۔

### گروپ

ندکورہ کُروپ گیمز ون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹیڈاوراس کے ذیلی اداروں لیتن گیمز و پاور (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹیڈ، گلومل تنتیکلس کمیٹیڈ اور بی پیک انربی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹیڈ کیون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹیڈکی 30 متیمر 2023 کوختم ہونے والی کارکردگی کے بارے میں ڈائریکٹرزی رپورٹ کوندکورہ رپورٹ میں علیحدہ ہے نسلک کیا گیا ہے۔

تعلم ملکنتی ذیلی مینی میسرز گیژ و پاور( پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کا بنیادی کاروبار بکلی کی پیداواراور فروخت ہے۔ زیرجائزہ مدت کےدوران ، گیس کی فراہمی میس بے ضابطگی کے باعث ذیلی میٹن کے آپریشنزمشکلات کا شکار رہے۔

کلم ملکستی ماتحت کمپنی میسرزی پیک انری (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹر کا بنیادی کاروبار بکلی پیدا کرنا اورفروخت کرنا ہے۔اس ذیلی کمپنی کے کام جلد شروع ہونے کی توقع ہے اور پہلے سے نصب کی گئی تنگیس لائن میس منظور شدہ گیس کے شروع ہونے کا انتظار کیا جارہا ہے۔

مكل ملكيتى ذيلي كيني ميسرز گلوبل تنظيل لميشائه نهايجي تك اپن آپريشنز كا آغاز نبيس كيا ہے۔

### جامع ماليات:

| پاکستانی روپے (ہزاروں میں ) |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
|                             | آپریٹنگ نتائ کیرائے سہانی 30 ستبر 2023ء  |
| (426,835)                   | خباره قبل ازائكم نيكس  |
| 103,606                     | انگوئیس<br>خساره ابعداز آگوئیس   |
| (530,441)                   | خبار ه بعدا ذا آگم نیس   |
| 2,179,798                   | غىرمتصرف منافع گزشته (Un- appropriated Profit brought forward)                 |
| 1,649,357                   | غىرمقرفمنافغ حاليه(Un- appropriated Profit carried forward)                    |
| (6.91)                      | نقصان فی شیئر بنیادی اورتقسیم شده ( Loss per share - Basic and diluted) (روپی) |
|                             | 30 تتبر 2023ء تک معاملات کی صورتحال  |
| 21,463,059                  | الماک، پلانٹ اورا یکو پہنٹ   |
| 79,986                      | ويگر پائيدارا ثاثة جات   |
| 24,270,177                  | بدل پزیرا ثافه جات   |
| 45,813,222                  | كل ا ثاثة جات  |
|                             | كوتى:  |
| 10,082,221                  | پائىدارواجبات  |
| 26,645,709                  | بدل پزیرواجبات   |
| 36,727,930                  | كل واجبات  |
| 9,085,292                   | خالص ا ثانة جات اداشده منجانب ا يكونى بابته جصص يافتاگان                       |



## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

| (Rupees | in Th | housand) |
|---------|-------|----------|
|---------|-------|----------|

|   | (Nupces in mousand) |                                   |                           |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ASSETS                                      | Note                | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | June<br>2023<br>(Audited) |
|   |                     |                                   |                           |
| Non - Current Assets                        |                     |                                   |                           |
| Property, plant and equipment               | 5                   | 21,463,059                        | 19,673,941                |
| Intangible assets                           | 6                   | 67,671                            | 70,177                    |
| Long term loans                             |                     | 7,396                             | 2,766                     |
| Long term deposits                          |                     | 4,919                             | 4,919                     |
|   |                     | 21,543,045                        | 19,751,803                |
| Current Assets                              |                     |                                   |                           |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools         |                     | 2,038,557                         | 2,171,428                 |
| Stock in trade                              |                     | 13,736,006                        | 11,386,739                |
| Trade debts                                 | 13                  | 4,265,572                         | 3,975,789                 |
| Loans and advances                          |                     | 1,064,356                         | 522,272                   |
| Current portion of long term loans          |                     | 13,665                            | 12,998                    |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments   |                     | 189,473                           | 404,956                   |
| Other receivables                           | 13                  | 2,414,026                         | 1,992,042                 |
| Advance income tax                          |                     | -                                 | 100,000                   |
| Cash and bank balances                      |                     | 548,522                           | 384,084                   |
|   |                     | 24,270,177                        | 20,950,308                |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                |                     | 45,813,222                        | 40,702,111                |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                      |                     |                                   |                           |
| EQUITY                                      |                     |                                   |                           |
| Share capital                               | 7                   | 767,290                           | 767,290                   |
| Capital reserves                            | ,                   | 6,383,645                         | 6,383,645                 |
| General reserve                             |                     | 285,000                           | 285,000                   |
| Unappropriated profit                       |                     | 1,649,357                         | 2,179,798                 |
| опарргорнатеа ргонг                         |                     | 9,085,292                         | 9,615,733                 |
| LIABILITIES                                 |                     |                                   |                           |
| Non - Current Liabilities                   |                     |                                   |                           |
| Long term financing                         |                     | 8,414,300                         | 8,179,328                 |
| Deferred liabilities and income             | 8                   | 1,667,921                         | 1,688,031                 |
| Command Link White                          |                     | 10,082,221                        | 9,867,359                 |
| Current Liabilities                         | 9 & 13              | 12 020 251                        | 0.007.207                 |
| Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend | 9 & 13              | 13,920,251                        | 9,907,287                 |
|   |                     | 9,465                             | 21,055                    |
| Unpaid dividend                             |                     | 20,801                            | 20,801                    |
| Accrued mark up/ profit                     |                     | 1,366,003                         | 882,396                   |
| Short term borrowings                       |                     | 9,359,940                         | 8,474,415                 |
| Current portion of long term financing      |                     | 901,347                           | 732,545                   |
| Current portion of non-current Liabilities  |                     | 956,957                           | 929,213                   |
| Provision for income tax less payments      |                     | 110,945<br>26,645,709             | 251,307<br>21,219,019     |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS               | 10                  |                                   | , , 0 ,                   |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                |                     | 45,813,222                        | 40,702,111                |
| TOTAL LOUTT AND LIABILITIES                 |                     | 40,010,222                        | 40,702,111                |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

SHABBIR DIWAN

Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director MUSTUFA BILWANI Chief Financial Officer



# **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of** Profit or Loss (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

|  |  | isand |  |
|--|--|-------|--|
|  |  |       |  |

|   |                            | •                          |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | Jul-2023<br>to<br>Sep-2023 | Jul-2022<br>to<br>Sep-2022 |
|   |                            |                            |
|   |                            |                            |
| Sales   | 7,914,353                  | 4,896,444                  |
| Cost of sales   | 7,425,343                  | 4,291,159                  |
| Gross profit  | 489,010                    | 605,285                    |
| Distribution and selling costs                          | 83,893                     | 105,230                    |
| Administrative expenses                                 | 137,987                    | 118,424                    |
| Other operating expenses                                | 126,060                    | 10,394                     |
|   | 347,940                    | 234,048                    |
|   | 141,070                    | 371,237                    |
| Other income  | 37,415                     | 7,117                      |
| Operating profit  | 178,485                    | 378,354                    |
| Finance costs   | 605,320                    | 257,933                    |
| (Loss)/profit before income tax                         | (426,835)                  | 120,421                    |
| Income tax - Current                                    | 97,962                     | 61,206                     |
| - Deferred  | 5,644                      | 31,467                     |
|   | 103,606                    | 92,673                     |
| (Loss)/ Profit after income tax                         | (530,441)                  | 27,748                     |
|   |                            |                            |
|   |                            | (Restated)                 |
| (Loss)/ Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees) | (6.91)                     | 0.36                       |
|   |                            |                            |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



(Loss)/profit after income tax Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive (loss)/income

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement** Of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(Rupees in Thousand)

| Jul-2023<br>to<br>Sep-2023 | Jul-2022<br>to<br>Sep-2022 |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| (530,441)                  | 27,748                     |
| -                          | -                          |

27,748

(530,441)

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of** Changes In Equity (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### (Rupees in Thousand)

|  | Share<br>Capital        | Capital reserves | General reserve | Unappropriate profit                | Total                       |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Balances as at July 01, 2022   | 383,645                 | 383,645          | 3,535,000       | 5,680,163                           | 9,982,453                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2022   | -                       | -                | -               | 27,748                              | 27,748                      |
| Balances as at September 30, 2022  | 383,645                 | 383,645          | 3,535,000       | 5,707,911                           | 10,010,201                  |
| Total comprehensive loss for the nine months ended June 30, 2023  Transfer to capital reserves   | -                       | 6,000,000        | (3,250,000)     | (279,375)                           | (279,375)                   |
| Transactions with owners Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2023 at Rs.3.00 per share i.e. @30% Issuance of Bonus shares @100% i.e. Rs.10 per share | -<br>383,645<br>383,645 | -<br>-           |                 | (115,093)<br>(383,645)<br>(498,738) | (115,093)<br>-<br>(115,093) |
| Balances as at June 30, 2023   | 767,290                 | 6,383,645        | 285,000         | 2,179,798                           | 9,615,733                   |
| Total comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2023   | -                       | -                | -               | (530,441)                           | (530,441)                   |
| Balances as at September 30, 2023  | 767,290                 | 6,383,645        | 285,000         | 1,649,357                           | 9,085,292                   |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



# **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of** Cash Flows (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

|   | (Rupees in Th              | nousand)           |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|
|   | Jul-2023                   | Jul-2022           |
|   | to                         | to                 |
|   | Sep-2023                   | Sep-2022           |
| Cash Flows from/(towards) Operating Activities  |                            | Restated           |
| (Loss)/ profit before income tax  | (426,835)                  | 120,421            |
| Adjustments for:  |                            |                    |
| Depreciation  | 195,258                    | 277,174            |
| Provision for defined benefit plan  | 33,410                     | 33,322             |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment   | (1,178)                    | (2,119)            |
| (Reversal)/Impairment allowance for ECL-net   | (2,845)                    | 4,262              |
| Impairment allowance for slow moving stores, spare parts and loose tools-net                                | 5,113                      | 3,281              |
| Amortisation of intangible asset  | 2,506                      | 1,862              |
| Remeasurement (gain)/ loss on discounting of provision for GIDC   | (30,081)                   | 20,609             |
| Finance costs   | 605,320<br>807,503         | 257,933<br>596,324 |
|   | 380,668                    | 716,745            |
| (Increase)/decrease in current assets:  | 300,000                    | 710,743            |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools   | 127,758                    | (729,971)          |
| Stock in trade  | (2,349,267)                | (5,536,584)        |
| Trade debts   | (286,938)                  | (258,664)          |
| Loans and advances  | (542,084)                  | (452,133)          |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments   | 215,483                    | (15,490)           |
| Other receivables   | (421,984)                  | (811,651)          |
|   | (3,257,032)                | (7,804,493)        |
| Increase in Trade and other payables  | 4,051,842                  | 3,796,052          |
| Cash flows from / (towards) operations before following   | 1,175,478                  | (3,291,696)        |
| (Payments for)/receipts of:   |                            |                    |
| Long term loans   | (5,297)                    | (564)              |
| Defined benefit plan  | (4,523)                    | (5,546)            |
| Finance costs   | (121,713)                  | (115,739)          |
| Income tax  | (138,324)                  | (109,919)          |
| Net cash flows from / (towards) operating activities  | 905,621                    | (3,523,464)        |
| Cash Flows (towards)/from Investing Activities  |                            |                    |
| Additions in property, plant and equipment  | (1,984,714)                | (2,152,245)        |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment   | 1,516                      | 8,638              |
| Net cash flows towards investing activities   | (1,983,198)                | (2,143,607)        |
| Cash Flows from/(towards) Financing Activities  |                            |                    |
| Long term financing - proceeds received   | 447,616                    | 2,709,624          |
| Long term financing - repayments  | (79,536)                   | (57,548)           |
| Short term borrowings - net   | 850,000                    | 600,000            |
| Dividend paid   | (11,590)                   | (58)               |
| Net cash flows from financing activities  | 1,206,490                  | 3,252,018          |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  | 128,913                    | (2,415,053)        |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | (7,290,331)<br>(7,161,418) | (2,642,411)        |
| Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period  | (7,101,410)                | (5,057,404)        |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:  |                            |                    |
| Cash and bank balances  | 548,522                    | 864,965            |
| Short term borrowings   | (7,709,940)                | (5,922,429)        |
|   | (7,161,418)                | (5,057,464)        |
|   |                            |                    |

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

SHABBIR DIWAN Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director

MUSTUFA BILWANI Chief Financial Officer



# Notes To The Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

#### 1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

#### 1.1 The Group consists of :

- Gatron (Industries) Limited
- Gatro Power (Private) Limited
- Global Synthetics Limited
- G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited

The Parent Company was incorporated in Pakistan in 1980 as a Public Limited Company and its shares are being quoted at the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited since 1992. The principal business of the Parent Company is manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn through its self-produced Polyester Polymer/Chips. The Parent Company also produces PET Preforms. The registered office of the Parent Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta whereas the plant of the Parent Company is situated at Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and liaison office of the Parent Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

Gatro Power (Private) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited. The principal business of the Subsidiary Company is to generate and sale electric power. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta. The plant of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

Global Synthetics Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations. The registered and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations. The principal business of the Subsidiary Company is to generate and sale electric power. The registered and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprises of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34, interim financial reporting, issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirement of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.
- 2.2 These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures of the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- 2.3 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards
- 2.3.1 Amendments to published approved accounting standards which are effective during the three months ended September 30, 2023:

There are certain amendments and interpretations to approved accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Group's annual accounting period beginning on July 1, 2023; however, these do not have any significant impact on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, hence not described.



### 2.3.2 Standards and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Group's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2023. However, these amendments will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Group, therefore, have not been disclosed in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.4 Functional and reporting currency

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee (Rupees), which is the Group's functional currency.

#### 3 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements were the same as those applied to the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2023, except for useful life of certain plant and machinery.

The Group has changed its estimate of useful life of certain plant and machinery by changing the depreciation rate from 15% to 10%. The change in accounting estimate has been applied prospectively in accordance with the treatment specified in IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors". Had this estimate not been changed, the loss for the three months would have increased by Rs.73.316 million and the value of Property, plant and Equipment would have decreased by Rs.73.316 million.

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared, following the same accounting policies as were applied in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2023.

| (RII | nees | in T | housand) |
|------|------|------|----------|
| (Nu  | pees |      | Housanu) |

| 5 | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT                      | Note       | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited)     | June<br>2023<br>(Audited)             |
|---|--|------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|   | Operating fixed assets<br>Capital work in progress | 5.1<br>5.2 | 7,229,774<br>14,233,285<br>21,463,059 | 7,252,770<br>12,421,171<br>19,673,941 |

## 5.1 Following are the cost of additions and net book value (NBV) of assets disposed off during the period:

Additions at cost during the period including transfer from Capital work in progress

|   | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2023               | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2022 |
|---|---|---|
| Freehold land Building on leasehold land Plant and machinery Factory equipment Motor vehicles | 128,902<br>1,304<br>231<br>1,279<br>40,884<br>172,600 | 3,156<br>775<br>-<br>7,161<br>11,092    |
| Disposals at NBV during the period  |   |   |
| Motor vehicles  | 338<br>338  | 6,519<br>6,519                          |



|       |  | (Rupees in        | Thousand)       |
|-------|--|-------------------|-----------------|
|       |  | Three months      | Three months    |
|       | and the second s | ended             | ended           |
| 5.2   | Capital work in progress Note  | September 2023    | September 2022  |
|       | Balance as at start of the period  | 12,421,171        | 4,799,597       |
|       | Additions  | 1,813,649         | 1,977,877       |
|       | Transfer to operating fixed assets   | (1,535)           | -               |
|       | Balance as at end of the period  | 14,233,285        | 6,777,474       |
| 5.2.1 | Building on leasehold land   | 1,051,826         | 425,913         |
|       | Plant and machinery  | 13,181,459        | 6,351,561       |
|       |  | 14,233,285        | 6,777,474       |
|       |  |                   |                 |
|       |  | September<br>2023 | June<br>2023    |
|       |  | (Un-audited)      | (Audited)       |
| _     | INTANCIDLE ASSETS  | (on-addited)      | (Addited)       |
| 6     | INTANGIBLE ASSETS Software & licences  |                   |                 |
|       | Balance as at start of the period  | 70,177            | 59,594          |
|       | Additions  | -                 | 20,608          |
|       | Amortization during the period   | (2,506)           | (10,025)        |
|       | Balance as at end of the period  | 67,671            | 70,177          |
| 7     | SHARE CAPITAL  |                   |                 |
|       | (Number of Shares)   |                   |                 |
|       | September June   | September         | June            |
|       | 2023 2023  | 2023              | 2023            |
|       | (Un-audited) (Audited)   | (Un-audited)      | (Audited)       |
| 7.1   | Authorised capital   |                   |                 |
|       | <b>95,000,000</b> 95,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each  | 950,000           | 950,000         |
| 7.2   | Issued, subscribed and paid up capital   |                   |                 |
|       | 30,136,080 30,136,080 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for consideration paid  | 301,361           | 301,361         |
|       | 46,592,880 46,592,880 Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each  | 465,929           | 465,929         |
|       | allotted as fully paid bonus shares  |                   | 403,727         |
|       | <b>76,728,960 76,728,960</b>   | 767,290           | 767,290         |
|       |  |                   |                 |
| 8     | DEFERRED LIABILITIES AND INCOME  |                   |                 |
|       | Deferred Liabilities   |                   |                 |
|       | Income tax - net   | 224,691           | 219,047         |
|       | Defined benefit plan  8.1  Provision for Cas Infrastructura Development Cass (CIDC)  8.3   | 599,834           | 570,947         |
|       | Provision for Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) 8.2   | _                 | 13,805          |
|       | Deferred income  |                   |                 |
|       | Deferred Income - Government scheme 8.3  | 843,396           | 884,232         |
|       |  | 1,667,921         | 1,688,031       |
| 8.1   | Defined benefit plan   |                   |                 |
|       |  | <b></b>           | F0 / 0 / F      |
|       | Balance as at start of the period  | 570,947           | 504,365         |
|       | Expense Remeasurement loss   | 33,410            | 90,243<br>2,159 |
|       | Payments   | (4,523)           | (25,820)        |
|       | Balance as at end of the period  | 599,834           | 570,947         |
|       | ı  | ,,,,,             |                 |



#### 8.2 Provision for Gas Infrastructure Development Cess

The Supreme Court of Pakistan has decided the Appeal against consumers upholding the vires of GIDC Act, 2015 through its judgement dated August 13, 2020. The Review Petition was filed against the Judgment, wherein the Honorable Court has provided some relief by increasing the time period for recovery of GIDC from 24 installments to 48 installments and also hold that GIDC relating to period prior to the GIDC Act, 2015 is not recoverable in case the same was not passed on by the Group.

As per judgement of the Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Group has filed a Civil Suit before the Sindh High Court against payment of GIDC installments on the ground that the Group has not passed on the burden of Cess. The Honorable Court has granted stay order to Plaintiffs whereby the Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited has been restrained to take any coercive action against non payment of GIDC installments.

The Group has recorded the provision at its present value by discounting the future cash flows at risk free rate.

#### 8.3 Deferred Income - Government scheme

This represents the value of benefit of below-market markup rate on the loans obtained under Islamic Temporary Economic Refinance Scheme (ITERF). ITERF scheme is a 'temporary' relief measure taken by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in context of COVID-19 related economic situation and with the objective to provide stimulus to the economy across the board by supporting new investment and BMR of the existing projects in the country. The difference between the fair value of these loans and proceeds received is recorded as Deferred income - Government scheme.

#### 9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables includes provision in respect of following:

- 9 1 The Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU for industrial and Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power to Rs.600 per MMBTU with effect from September 01, 2015. The Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court challenging the increase in rate. The Honorable Sindh High Court had initially granted interim relief, whereby recovery of enhanced rate was restrained. In May 2016, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favor of the Petitioners. However, in June 2016, Defendants filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court which was also decided in favor of the Petitioners. Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGCL) then have filed appeal and pending before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Group alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the Court. Accordingly, the Group has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court amounting to Rs.316.797 million (June 2023: Rs.316.797 million). As an abundant precaution, the Group has made total provision of Rs.159.264 million (June 2023: Rs.159.264 million). On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories which the Group is paying in full as per the notification.
- 9.2 In August 2013, OGRA had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU to Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power and accordingly, SSGCL started charging rate prescribed for captive power to the Group with effect from September 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others challenging the charging of captive power tariff instead of industrial tariff. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief, whereby recovery of captive power rate has been restrained. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Group alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the Court. Accordingly, the Group has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court (refer note 9.1). As an abundant precaution, the Group has made provision of Rs.287.907 million (June 2023: Rs.287.907 million)



pertaining to the period of November 2015 to September 2018 and did not create receivable of Rs.240.238 million in respect of period from August 2013 to October 2015. On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Group is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification. In February, 2020, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court has decided the case in favor of Petitioners. SSGCL has filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court against the decision and is pending for adjudication.

- Provision of Sindh Sales Tax on rent payable by the Parent Company to a related party Messrs. Novatex Limited amounting to Rs.7.887 million (June 2023: Rs.7.887 million). The related party had filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against Sindh Revenue Board [SRB] and Province of Sindh etc. On August 28, 2018, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favor of the related party. However, SRB filed an appeal before Supreme Court of Pakistan against the decision of Double Bench of Sindh High Court. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has maintained the decision of Sindh High Court.
- The Parent Company had filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on May 25, 2011 9.4 against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department, challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports. Through an interim order dated May 31, 2011, the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability effective from December 28, 2006 and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. In April 2017, the Government of Sindh has promulgated the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. On October 23, 2017, the Parent Company has also challenged the new Act in the Sindh High Court against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department and similar stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court. On June 04, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has passed the judgment in favor of the Government. The Parent Company has filed an appeal in Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan, vide interim order dated September 01, 2021, has suspended the operation of the impugned judgement of the Sindh High Court and has further directed the Custom Authorities to release consignments on the basis of bank guarantee equivalent to the amount of levy claimed by the Excise and Taxation Department. Till reporting date, the Parent Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.628.365 million (June 2023: Rs.578.365 million) in favor of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after December 27, 2006 (refer note 10.2). Full provision after December 27, 2006 has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has filed a petition in the Sindh High Court on April 13, 2018 against Province of Sindh and others at Karachi challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. On June 04, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has passed the judgment in favor of the Government. The Subsidiary Company has filed an appeal in Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. The case of the Subsidiary Company remains pending as it is omitted by the High Court staff to include in the bunch of cases which have been decided. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan, vide interim order dated September 01, 2021, has suspended the operation of the impugned judgement of the Sindh High Court and has further directed the Custom Authorities to release consignments on the basis of bank guarantee equivalent to the amount of levy claimed by the Excise and Taxation Department. Till reporting date, the Subsidiary Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.32.500 million (June 2023: Rs.27.500 million) in favor of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after April 13, 2018 (refer note 10.2). Full provision after April 13, 2018 has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

The Subsidiary Company Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited has filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on June 24, 2019 against Province of Sindh and others challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. On June 04, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has passed the judgment in favor of the Government. The Subsidiary Company has filed an appeal in Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan, vide interim order dated September 01, 2021, has suspended the operation of the impugned judgement of the Sindh High Court and has further directed the Custom Authorities to release consignments on the basis of bank guarantee equivalent to the amount of levy claimed by the Excise and Taxation



Department. Till reporting date, the Subsidiary Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.2.500 million (June 2023: Rs.2.500 million) in favor of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared (refer note 10.2). Full provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

- 9.5 The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) vide SRO 491(I)/2016 dated June 30, 2016 made certain amendments in SRO 1125(I)/2011 dated December 31, 2011 including disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material of textile products. Consequently, input tax adjustment on packing material of textile product was not being allowed for adjustment with effect from July 01, 2016 till June 30, 2018. On January 16, 2017, the Parent Company had challenged the disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material in the Sindh High Court against Federation of Pakistan and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court has decided the matter in favor of Tax Department, against which the Parent Company has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. The Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has maintained the High Court decision. Total amount of demand raised by the tax department is Rs.16.757 million, against which appeal has been filed before CIRA which has also been decided against the Parent Company, however, due to certain apparent mistakes in order, rectification application has been filed, which is pending.
- 9.6 Provision of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess amounting to Rs.4.131 million (June 2023: Rs.4.131 million) and rate difference of gas tariff Rs.2.655 million (June 2023: Rs.2.655 million) on account of common expenses payable by the Parent Company to a related party Messrs. Novatex Limited.

#### 10 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The detail of contingencies and commitments as at reporting date are as follows:

#### 10.1 Contingencies

- 10.1.1 The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has not made any provision in respect of Workers' Profit Participation Fund on the ground that there are no workers as defined in The Companies Profits (Workers' Participation) Act, 1968 and accordingly the said Act does not apply to the Subsidiary Company. The Subsidiary Company is confident that no liability will arise on this account.
- 10.1.2 FBR initiated action against few customers of the Parent Company for violating/non compliance of the provisions of SRO 1125 dated December 31, 2011 and alleging the Parent Company to provide them assistance and illegal facilitation. The dispute relates to the period of time when supplies were zero rated and as a result of which the Parent Company had to pay Rs.27.762 million and had also to submit post-dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million under protest in favor of Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

However, the Parent Company had challenged the action before the Sindh High Court on December 23, 2013 against Federation of Pakistan and others. Realizing the facts of the case, circumstances and legal position, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief whereby encashment of above mentioned post dated cheques has been restrained.

By way of abundant precaution, the amount of Rs.27.762 million has been charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss in previous period i.e. year 2014. On September 04, 2021, the Special Judge Custom and Taxation Court has decided the case in favor of the Parent Company. The FBR has filed appeal at Honorable Sindh High Court Karachi against the decision of Special Judge which is pending adjudication.

10.1.3 In May 2015, the Parliament passed the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act 2015, which seeks to impose GIDC levy since 2011. On July 16, 2015, the Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA and others challenging the validity and promulgation of GIDC Act 2015. The Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court had decided the case in favor of Petitioners. However, in May 2020, Defendants have filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court. On August 13, 2020, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan finally in the appeals filed by industries of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, passed a judgment in favor of Government declaring the GIDC Act 2015 intra vires and directed all the Petitioners/Appellants (including industries of all over Pakistan) for payment of Cess liability accrued till July 31, 2020 in 24 equal monthly installments. The Group has filed Review Petition against the Judgment, wherein the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan has provided some relief by increasing the time period for recovery of GIDC from 24 installments to 48 installments and also hold that GIDC relating to



period prior to the GIDC Act, 2015 is not recoverable in case the same was not passed on by the Group. As per the judgement of Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Group has filed a Civil Suit before the Sindh High Court against payment of GIDC installments on the ground that the Group has not passed on the burden of Cess. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order to Plaintiffs whereby the Messrs. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited has been restrained to take any coercive action against non payment of GIDC installments.

Total amount of enhanced GIDC upto July 31, 2020 worked out at Rs.1,169.955 million, however the Group has maintained a provision for Rs.814.887 million pertaining to the period of June 2015 to July 2020 as an abundant precaution.

- 10.1.4 The Parent Company along with several other companies has filed a Constitution Petition in the Sindh High Court on April 13, 2016 against Employment Old Age Benefits Institution (EOBI) and others against a notice issued by the EOBI to the Parent Company to pay contribution at the revised rate of wages with retrospective effect. The Honorable Sindh High Court has restrained EOBI from taking any coercive action against the Parent Company. On December 03, 2021, the Honorable Sindh High Court has dismissed the Petition. However, the Parent Company has filed an appeal at Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment. No provision of the amount involved i.e. Rs.34.921 million (June 2023: Rs.34.713 million) has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.5 The Parent Company filed four appeals on 2nd, 9th, 17th May and 20th June 2018 before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A))-II, Large Taxpayers Office, Karachi for the tax periods July 2012 to December, 2016 against the assessment orders by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), Large Taxpayers Office, passed under section 11 (2) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 through which cumulative demand for the aforesaid periods amounting to Rs.55.423 million excluding default surcharge was created. In the assessment orders, major areas on which impugned demand has been raised relates to disallowance of input tax on purchases and recovery of sales tax on sales to subsequently suspended / blacklisted persons. The Parent Company has already deposited Rs.28 million under protest into the Government Treasury for stay against the full recovery. The CIR(A) has issued judgment in respect of impugned order for tax periods July 2012 to June 2013 wherein the entire order of the Tax Officer has been held as illegal and unconstitutional. However, the Tax Department has been filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order passed by CIR(A). The CIR(A) has decided the matter for tax periods July 2013 to June 2014, July 2014 to June 2015 and July 2015 to December 2016 wherein the case has been partially decided in favor for the Parent Company. However, the Parent Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against orders passed by CIR(A). No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as the Parent Company is confident that the matter will be decided in favor by the appellate authorities.
- 10.1.6 Tax Department issued order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2012 wherein income tax demand of Rs.37.773 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Parent Company paid Rs.3.777 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) had decided the case partially in favor of the Parent Company whereas major issues were decided in favor of the Tax Department. Based on the judgment of the CIR(A), the revised demand comes out to Rs.28.2 million. The Parent Company filed an appeal before the ATIR against the order of the CIR(A) and the learned ATIR, vide its judgment dated January 01, 2019 has decided the case in favor of the Parent Company. As of now, the Tax Department has not yet filed appeal against the said judgment of ATIR.
- 10.1.7 Tax Department issued order under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2015 wherein income tax demand of Rs.25.888 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Parent Company paid Rs.25.89 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) has decided partially in favor of the Parent Company. Appeal effect in line with CIR(A) order has been issued by the Tax Department wherein an amount of Rs.3.791 million determined as refundable to the Parent Company out of which Rs.1.594 million has been adjusted with the income tax demand pertaining to tax year 2019. Appeal has been filed by the Parent Company as well as the Tax Department before ATIR, however, no hearing has been conducted till date. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company, hence Rs.2.197 million recorded as refundable.
- 10.1.8 The Tax Officer alleged the Parent Company for charging sales tax at reduced rate instead of standard rate of 17% during the tax periods from July 2014 to June 2015 and raised the demand of Rs.1.741 million along with penalty of Rs.0.087 million. The Parent Company has filed an appeal



before CIR(A) against order of the Tax Department on the ground that reduced rate was applicable to customers as those customers were active and operative at the time of execution of sales transaction. Moreover, the Tax Department has adjusted the impugned demand with sales tax refunds available with the Parent Company. Appeal was decided in favor of the Parent Company. Tax Department has issued an appeal effect order in line with aforementioned CIR(A) order resulting in refund of Rs.1.828 million for which refund application has been filed. Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against CIR(A) order. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

- 10.1.9 The case of the Parent Company was selected for income tax audit for tax year 2013. The return was amended under section 122(1)/(5) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, however, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of the income tax return. Subsequently, the Tax Department again initiated proceedings for further amendment of the already amended income tax return and raised demand of Rs. 1.178 million. Demand has been raised mainly because of figurative errors committed by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ADCIR) against which the Parent Company has moved rectification application and in response thereto rectified order was issued. Moreover, the Parent Company has also filed an appeal before CIR(A) to secure its interest in case rectification application is rejected by the concerned Tax Officer. CIR(A) has decided the matter partially in favor of the Parent Company. Considering that the matter decided against the Parent Company has no material impact, therefore, the Parent Company had not filed an appeal before the ATIR. The Tax Department filed an appeal before the ATIR against order issued by CIR(A), Quetta, which has not yet been concluded. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.10 Income tax return of tax year 2014 was amended by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Quetta disallowed expenses of Rs.60.7 million vide order dated June 30, 2016 against which the Parent Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), who vide order dated January 20, 2017 decided the case partially in favor of the Parent Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before the ATIR which has not yet been concluded. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.11 The Parent Company had filed a petition in Sindh High Court on August 26, 2019 against 3% Minimum Value Addition Tax on import of machinery, which has been levied through Finance Act, 2019. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court against submission of bank guarantee in favor of Nazir of the Court. Till reporting date, the Parent Company has provided 100% bank guarantee amounting to Rs.15.351 million (2023: Rs.15.351 million), refer note 10.2. Moreover, through Finance Act, 2020 this levy has been withdrawn from manufacturer w.e.f. July 01. 2020.
- 10.1.12 Through Finance Act, 2019, the Government has reduced tax credit available on new investment to 5% from 10% with retrospective effect. Consequently, disallowing tax credit of Rs.42 million for tax year 2019. The Parent Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Sindh High Court, the Court has decided the matter in favour of Parent Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in plant & machinery in the tax year 2019, however, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.13 The Parent Company had filed a petition before the Sindh High Court wherein the Parent Company had challenged the levy and collection of further sales tax on zero rated supplies imposed vide SRO 584(I)/2017 read with section 3(1A) and section 4 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. The case has been decided by the Honorable Sindh High Court in favor of the Parent Company. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgment of the Honorable Sindh High Court. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company, however, as an abundant precaution, Rs.40.395 million has been provided in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



- 10.1.14 The Parent Company had filed a petition before the Sindh High Court wherein the Parent Company had challenged the notice requiring to pay Super Tax for tax year 2018 amounting to Rs.28.187 million and 2019 Rs.31.444 million respectively. The Honorable Sindh High Court has decided the matter against the Parent Company. The Parent Company has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgement of the Sindh High Court, hearing of which is pending at the moment. The Parent Company also filed appeals before the CIR(A) against the order passed by DCIR under section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which has been concluded in favor of the Tax Department. The Parent Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against the orders passed by the CIR(A). The Parent Company has also paid 50% of demand for auto stay from recovery. The management is confident that the case will ultimately be decided in favor of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements
- 10.1.15 Income tax return for tax year 2019 has been amended by the DCIR vide order dated June 29, 2020 creating tax demand of Rs.1.594 million while abolishing refund of Rs.35.819 million as claimed in ITR 2019 against which the Parent Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), which has been partially decided in favour of the Parent Company resulting in net tax refundable of Rs.4 million, appeal effect order is not yet issued by the Tax Department. The Parent Company as well as Tax Department have filed appeals before the ATIR, which is pending till date. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company.
- 10.1.16 Through Finance Act, 2019, section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 was amended to disallow credit on investment in plant & machinery from tax year 2020 and onwards. Consequently, the tax credit in respect of LCs opened on or before 30th June 2019 was also disallowed amounting to Rs.105.230 million. The Parent Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Sindh High Court, the Court has decided the matter in favour of Parent Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in plant & machinery on the basis of pre-amended position of section 65B on machinery arrived in tax years 2020 and 2021, however, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.17 Tax Officer alleged the Parent Company for fake transaction with suspended customer during the tax periods from December 2018 to June 2019 and raised the demand of Rs.1.711 million along with 100% penalty, aggregated demand of Rs.3.421 million. The Parent Company has paid 10% of demand for auto stay from recovery Rs.0.342 million. CIR(A) has decided the case in favour of Parent Company, department also issued appeal effect and determined the payment of Rs.0.342 million as refundable. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against the said judgment. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements
- 10.1.18 Tax Department issued notices thereby disallowing adjustment of Workers Welfare Fund (WWF) against income tax refund of tax year 2018, 2019 and 2020 amounting Rs.16.216 million, Rs.20.373 and Rs.3.022 million respectively. The Parent Company filed petitions against the said notices before the Sindh High Court, which has been decided in favour of the Parent Company. However, Tax Department has filed an appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. However, full liability of WWF has been provided in respective years consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.19 Tax Department has raised demand of Rs.21.294 million on the basis of sales tax audit for the tax periods from July 2017 to June 2018. The Parent Company has filed an appeal before the CIR(A). The Parent Company has paid 10% of demand for auto stay from recovery Rs.2.130 million. The CIR(A) has decided the case partially in favor of the Parent Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The order contains significant errors for which Company has filed rectification application before CIRA. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.20 The Tax Department disallowed expenses of Rs.45.6 million under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for tax year 2016. However, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of assessment proceedings. Moreover, the



Parent Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A), who vide order dated March 16, 2023 decided the case partially in favor of the Parent Company and partially in favor of Tax Department. The Parent Company as well as Tax Department have filed appeals before the ATIR, which is pending till date. Based on the merits of the case, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company.

- 10.1.21 The Parent Company has filed a petition before the Sindh High Court against the levy of Super Tax under section 4C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2022. The Honorable Sindh High Court held that the Super Tax is not applicable for the tax year 2022. However, the Tax Department has filed petition before the Supreme Court of Pakistan and has issued interim order whereby the Honorable Supreme Court has directed to pay Super Tax to the extent of 4%. Therefore, the Parent Company has paid the Super Tax of Rs. 13.353 million on the direction of the Honorable Supreme Court and in the compliance of the tax department notice as well. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has not reversed the liability in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.22 The Parent Company has filed the case before Sindh High Court against conducting Sales Tax Audit for the tax year 2019. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief till the decision of the case. Amount is not determined as proceeding not yet initiated. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company.
- 10.1.23 The Parent Company has filed the case before Sindh High Court against conducting post refund Sales Tax Audit pertaining to the tax year 2016, on the ground of time barred proceeding. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief till the decision of the case. Amount is not determined as proceeding not yet initiated. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Parent Company.
- 10.1.24 Tax Department has raised demand of Rs.0.240 million on the basis of not charging sales tax on sale of fixed assets for the tax periods from July 2018 to June 2019. However, the Parent Company has duly charged and deposited the sales tax on disposal of fixed assets. The Parent Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A) which has been decided in favour of the Company.
- 10.1.25 The Tax Officer disallowed input sales tax amounting to Rs.0.042 and Rs.0.109 million, claimed by the Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited on building materials used for installation of plant and machinery for tax period February 2017. An appeal was filed against the said order before the CIR(A). The learned CIR(A) has decided the matter in favor of the Subsidiary Company in both cases. The Tax Department has filed an appeal before the ATIR against aforementioned CIR(A) orders. No provision has been made as the management is hopeful for a favorable outcome.
- 10.1.26 Tax Department initiated monitoring of withholding proceedings for tax year 2011 wherein demand of Rs.47.408 million including default surcharge and penalty was raised on account of intercorporate dividend paid to Parent Company. The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited had filed an appeal before CIR(A) against order of the Tax Department which was decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company on ground of the order being time barred whereas on other grounds the appeal was dismissed. Accordingly, both the Subsidiary Company as well as the Tax Department have filed an appeal before the ATIR, which is pending. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.27 Tax Department raised demand of Rs.14.101 million and Rs.103.346 million on the basis of order passed for monitoring of tax withholding for tax years 2014 and 2015 respectively. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A), which was decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited. However, Tax Department has filed appeals before ATIR, hearing of which is pending. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.
- 10.1.28 Tax Department has raised demand of Rs.1.8 million on the basis of sales tax audit for the tax periods from July 2017 to June 2018. The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has filed an appeal before the CIR(A). CIR(A) has decided the case in favour of Subsidiary Company. Tax Department has filed appeal before ATIR against the CIR(A) order which is pending for hearing. No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



10.1.29 The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has filed the case before honorable Sindh High Court against conducting Sales Tax Audit for the tax year 2019. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief till the decision of the case. Amount is not determined as proceeding not yet initiated. The management is confident that the case will be decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company.

#### (Rupees in Thousand)

|      |   | September<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | June<br>2023<br>(Audited) |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 10.2 | Guarantees  |                                   |                           |
|      | Bank Guarantees in favor of:                              |                                   |                           |
|      | The Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi                 | 663,365                           | 608,365                   |
|      | The Electric Inspector, President Licencing Board, Quetta | 10                                | 10                        |
|      | Pakistan State Oil Company Limited                        | 70,000                            | 70,000                    |
|      | K-Electric Limited  | 18,496                            | 18,496                    |
|      | Nazir of the High Court of Sindh, Karachi                 | 15,351                            | 15,351                    |
|      | Letters of Credit in favor of:                            |                                   |                           |
|      | Sui Southern Gas Company Limited for Gas                  | 257,592                           | 257,592                   |
|      |   | 1,024,814                         | 969,814                   |

#### 10.3 Commitments

The Group's commitments, against which the banks have opened Letters of Credit, in favor of different suppliers, are as follows:

| Foreign currency: Property, plant and equipment | 698,700   | 789.298   |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Raw material and packing material               | 1,846,639 | 5,578,080 |
| Spare parts and others                          | 381,513   | 583,842   |
|   | 2,926,852 | 6,951,220 |
| Local currency:                                 |           |           |
| Property, plant and equipment                   | 62,482    | 164,170   |
| Raw material                                    | -         | 349,999   |
| Spare parts and others                          | 5,984     | 11,972    |
|   | 68,466    | 526,141   |
|   | 2,995,318 | 7,477,361 |

#### 11 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Group's certain accounting policies and disclosure requires use of fair value measurement and the Group while assessing fair value maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs establishing a fair value hierarchy, i.e., input used in fair value measurement is categorized into following three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be assessed at measurement.
- Level 2 Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

As at reporting date, the fair value of all the assets and liabilities approximates to their carrying values except property, plant and equipment. The property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, except free-hold land, lease-hold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost. The Group does not expect that unobservable inputs may have significant effect on fair values.



#### 12 SEGMENT REPORTING

#### 12.1 Reportable segments

The Group's reportable segments are as follo

- Polyester Filament Yarn it comprises manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn and its raw material.
- Polyester PET Preform it comprises manufacturing of Polyester PET Preform and its raw material. This includes the results of Subsidiary Company Messrs. Global Synthetics Limited, which has not yet commenced its operations till date.
- Electric Power generation it comprises operations of Subsidiary Companies Messrs.
   Gatro Power (Private) Limited and Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited.

Other operating expenses, other income, finance costs and taxation are managed at Group level.

#### 12.2 Segment results:

The segment information for the reportable segments for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 is as follows:

(Rupees in Thousand)

|   | September 2023                  |                              |                                  | September 2022                 |                                 |                                     |                              |                                  |                     |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
|   | Polyester<br>Filament<br>Yarn   | Polyester<br>PET<br>Preforms | Total of<br>Polyester<br>Polymer | Power<br>Generation            | Group                           | Polyester<br>Filament<br>Yarn       | Polyester<br>PET<br>Preforms | Total of<br>Polyester<br>Polymer | Power<br>Generation | Group                           |
| Sales   | 6,910,314                       | 1,004,039                    | 7,914,353                        | 719,790                        | 8,634,143                       | 3,867,591                           | 1,028,853                    | 4,896,444                        | 824,860             | 5,721,304                       |
| Segment result before depreciation<br>Less: Depreciation<br>Segment result after depreciation | 92,025<br>(144,110)<br>(52,085) | . , ,                        | 208,219<br>(158,791)<br>49,428   | 254,169<br>(36,467)<br>217,702 | 462,388<br>(195,258)<br>267,130 | (101,736)<br>(209,010)<br>(310,746) | (19,143)                     | 190,795<br>(228,153)<br>(37,358) |                     | 658,805<br>(277,174)<br>381,631 |
| Reconciliation of segment sales and results with sales and profit before income tax:          |                                 |                              |                                  |                                |                                 |                                     |                              |                                  |                     |                                 |
| Total sales for reportable segments<br>Elimination of inter-segment sales from                | m subsidiar                     | v                            |                                  |                                | 8,634,143                       |                                     |                              |                                  |                     | 5,721,304                       |
| company Messrs. Gatro Power (Pri<br>Sales   |                                 |                              |                                  | -                              | (719,790)<br>7,914,353          |                                     |                              |                                  | _                   | (824,860)<br>4,896,444          |
| Total results for reportable segments<br>Other operating expenses                             |                                 |                              | 49,428<br>(131,440)              | 217,702<br>(2,709)             | 267,130<br>(134,149)            |                                     |                              | (37,358)                         |                     | 381,631<br>(16,435)             |
| Other income  |                                 |                              | 16,181                           | 26.875                         | 43.056                          |                                     |                              | 11.554                           | (-,)                | 11,554                          |
| Finance costs   |                                 |                              | (570,524)                        | (40,437)                       | (610,961)                       |                                     |                              | (236,336)                        | (26,034)            | (262,370)                       |
|   |                                 |                              | (636,355)                        | 201,431                        | (434,924)                       |                                     |                              | (277,523)                        | 391,903             | 114,380                         |
| Elimination of intra group transaction  |                                 |                              |                                  |                                | 8,089                           |                                     |                              |                                  |                     | 6,041                           |
| Profit before income tax  |                                 |                              |                                  |                                | (426,835)                       |                                     |                              |                                  |                     | 120,421                         |

Assets and liabilities by segments are as follows:

|   | September 2023                |                              |                                  |                        | June 2023            |                               |                              |                                  |                     |                          |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
|   | (Un-audited)                  |                              |                                  |                        | (Audited             |                               |                              |                                  |                     |                          |
|   | Polyester<br>Filament<br>Yarn | Polyester<br>PET<br>Preforms | Total of<br>Polyester<br>Polymer | Power<br>Generation    | Group                | Polyester<br>Filament<br>Yarn | Polyester<br>PET<br>Preforms | Total of<br>Polyester<br>Polymer | Power<br>Generation | Group                    |
| Segment assets<br>Segment liabilities   | 35,367,441<br>20.031.992      | 1,294,447<br>401,491         | 36,661,888<br>20,433,483         | 4,103,931<br>1,732,925 | 40,765,819           | 31,313,879<br>12.587.734      | 1,758,220<br>500,524         | 33,072,099<br>13,088,258         | 3,962,037           | 37,034,136<br>14,897,481 |
| 9   |                               |                              |                                  |                        |                      |                               |                              | ,,                               | .,,,                |                          |
| Reconciliation of segments assets and liabilities with total in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position is as follows: |                               |                              |                                  |                        |                      |                               |                              |                                  |                     |                          |
| -   |                               |                              |                                  | Assets                 | Liabilities          |                               |                              |                                  | Assets              | Liabilities              |
| Total for reportable segn   | nents                         |                              |                                  | 40,765,819             | 22,166,408           |                               |                              |                                  | 37,034,136          | 14,897,481               |
| Unallocated   |                               |                              |                                  | 5,836,644              | 14,944,942           |                               |                              |                                  | 4,504,764           | 16,628,537               |
| Elimination of intra group balances (789,241) (383,   |                               |                              | (383,420)                        |                        |                      |                               | (836,789)                    | (439,640)                        |                     |                          |
| Total as per condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position 45,813,222  |                               |                              | 36,727,930                       |                        |                      |                               | 40,702,111                   | 31,086,378                       |                     |                          |
| Other segment information is as follows:  |                               |                              |                                  |                        |                      |                               |                              |                                  |                     |                          |
|   | September 2023                |                              |                                  |                        | September 2022       |                               |                              |                                  |                     |                          |
| Depreciation Capital expenditures   | 144,110                       | 14,681                       | 158,791                          | 36,467                 | 195,258              | 209,010                       | 19,143                       | 228,153                          | 49,021              | 277,174                  |
| incurred during the period<br>Unallocated capital exp   |                               | 896                          | 1,406,144                        | 119,205                | 1,525,349            | 2,057,099                     |                              | 2,057,099                        | 16,591              | 2,073,690                |
| incurred during the pe<br>Total   |                               |                              |                                  |                        | 459,365<br>1,984,714 |                               |                              |                                  |                     | 78,555<br>2,152,245      |



(Duposs in Thousand)

- 12.3 All non-current assets of the Group as at September 30, 2023 are located in Pakistan. Parent Company's local sales represents sales to various external customers in Pakistan whereas export sales represents sales to customers in various countries.
- 12.4 The Group does not have transaction with any external customer which amount to 10 percent or more of the Group's revenue.

#### 13 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include Associate and Other Related Group Companies, Key Management Personnel and Defined Contribution Plans (Provident Funds). The Group continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Contributions to defined contribution plan (Provident Funds) are made as per the terms of employment. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel is in accordance with their terms of engagements. Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:

|  |                            |                          |                                       | (Rupees in Thousand)                    |   |  |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Name   | Nature of relationship     | Basis of relationship    | Nature of transaction                 | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2023 | Three months<br>ended<br>September 2022 |  |
| Novatex Limited  | Related Party              | Common                   | Sales of goods                        | _                                       | 1,841                                   |  |
|  | ,                          | directorship             | Rendering of services                 | 43,396                                  | 2,154                                   |  |
|  |                            |                          | Acquisition of services               | 67,810                                  | 79,172                                  |  |
|  |                            |                          | Purchase of raw & other materi        | al 356,124<br>5.378                     | 127,786<br>5.378                        |  |
|  |                            |                          | Reimbursement of expenses             | 17,762                                  | 11,663                                  |  |
|  |                            |                          | Reimbursement of expenses             | 17,702                                  | 11,003                                  |  |
| Krystalite Product<br>(Private) Limited                  | Related Party              | Common key management    | Sale of goods                         | 113,899                                 | 27,754                                  |  |
| Mushtaq & Company<br>(Private) Limited                   | Related Party              | Common key<br>management | Sale of goods                         | -                                       | 585                                     |  |
| Gani & Tayub   | Related Party              | Common                   | Charges on account of bandlin         |   | 200                                     |  |
| Private) Limited   | Related Party              | directorship             | Charges on account of handlin<br>Rent | 0                                       | 999                                     |  |
| r iivate) Liiriited                                      |                            | directorship             | Kent                                  | 1,950                                   | -                                       |  |
| Gatron Foundation  | Related Party              | Common<br>directorship   | Payment of donation                   | 3,494                                   | 600                                     |  |
| G&T Tyre<br>(Private) Limited                            | Related Party              | Common key<br>management | Purchase of other material            | 544                                     | -                                       |  |
| Gatron (Industries)<br>Limited Workers<br>Provident Fund | Retirement<br>benefit fund | Employees<br>fund        | Provident fund contribution           | 1,506                                   | 1,205                                   |  |

There are no transactions with Key Management Personnel other than remuneration under their terms of employment amounting to Rs.161.381 million (September 2022: Rs.98.081 million).

The above figures are exclusive of sales tax, where applicable.



#### Outstanding balances, as at reporting date, are disclosed as follows:

| (Di in | 200 | in ' | [hoi | isand |
|--------|-----|------|------|-------|

|   | (Rupces III IIIousariu)                        |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
|   | As at<br>September 30,<br>2023<br>(Un-audited) | As at<br>June 30,<br>2023<br>(Audited) |  |
| Novatex Limited<br>Trade debts<br>Other receivables<br>Trade and other payables | 37,201<br>3,187<br>4,443,509                   | 28,300<br>-<br>1,098,773               |  |
| Krystalite Product (Private) Limited<br>Trade debts<br>Trade and other payables | 57,671<br>-                                    | 7,806                                  |  |
| Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited<br>Trade debts                              | 1,296  | 1,296                                  |  |
| Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited<br>Other receivables                             | 1,126  | 1,126                                  |  |
| G&T Tyre (Private) Limited Trade and other payables                             | 321  | -                                      |  |
| Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers Provident Fund<br>Trade and other payables  | 1,012  | 1,029                                  |  |

#### 14 RESTATEMENT OF CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

Previously, the Group classified all its short term borrowings as a part of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows. However, during the period, the Group has classified only running finance as part of cash and cash equivalents to meet the criteria of cash and cash equivalents as per the requirements of IAS -7 " Statement of Cash Flows". Accordingly adjustment in comparative figures are as follows:

|  | As previously reported | Effect of restatement | As<br>Restated |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Condensed interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows   |                        |                       |                |
| Cash flow from financing activities                      | 2,652,018              | 600,000               | 3,252,018      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period | (3,992,411)            | 1,350,000             | (2,642,411)    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period       | (7,007,464)            | 1,950,000             | (5,057,464)    |

However, there is no impact on the comparative condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position and condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 15 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on October 24, 2023 by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company.

#### 16 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss, condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

#### 17 GENERAL

- 17.1 Charge for Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund, Deferred Tax and Income Tax (where applicable) are interim and final liability will be determined on the basis of annual results.
- 17.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.

SHABBIR DIWAN Chief Executive Officer MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director MUSTUFA BILWANI
Chief Financial Officer



#### **Notes to the Members**

#### SUBMISSION OF COMPUTERIZED NATIONAL IDENTITY CARD:

Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or National Identity Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) of the shareholders is mandatory requirement for payment of dividend.

Shareholders are therefore, requested to submit copies of their valid CNIC or NICOP to the Shares Registrar of the Company. In case of non-receipt of valid CNIC or NICOP, the company will be constrained to withhold the payment of dividend of such shareholders.

The shareholders while sending copies of CNIC or NICOP must quote their respective folio number, CDC IAS and CDC Sub-Account numbers maintained with Stock Brokers.

#### 2. PROVIDING INTERNATIONAL BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER (IBAN)

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide its Circular Letter No. CL/CSD/Misc/2014-30 dated March 19, 2021, directed all the listed companies to pursue with their shareholders who have not yet provided their IBAN. Therefore, all the shareholders are requested to provide their IBANs as soon as possible to enable the Company to credit the cash dividend payment (if any), through electronic transfer directly into their Bank Account.

Further, the cash dividend of the members, who have not provided IBAN, will be withheld by the Company under Clause (ii) of Regulation 6 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017 and being piled-up with the Company.

#### 3. UNCLAIMED SHARES/DIVIDEND:

Shareholders of the company are once again requested to contact office of the company or the company's shares registrar for collection of their shares/dividends which they have not yet received due to any reason after completing required formalities.

#### 4. DEPOSIT OF PHYSICAL SHARES INTO CDC ACCOUNT:

The shareholders of the Company are hereby informed that as per provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, the companies are required to replace their physical shares with book-entry-form within a period not exceeding four years from the date of the promulgation of the Act. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ('SECP'), vide their letter No. CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639- 640 dated 26th March, 2021, has advised all listed companies to pursue their such shareholders who still hold their shares in physical form for converting the same into book-entry-form.

In view of the above and as advised by SECP, the shareholders who hold physical shares are requested to arrange to convert the same into book-entry-form. For this purpose, the shareholder shall be required to open an account with either Central Depository Company of Pakistan or any Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate holder (Securities Broker) of Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The benefits associated with the book-entry-form shares include "readily available for trading, whereas trading of physical scrips is currently not permitted", "no risk of damaged, lost, forged or duplicate certificates", "reduced stamp duty on physical to book-entry-form transfers", "no stamp duty on electronic transfers in CDS", "instantaneous transfer of ownership", "instant receipt/credit of dividends and other corporate entitlements (i.e. bonus, rights and new issues, etc.)", and pledging of securities, etc.

