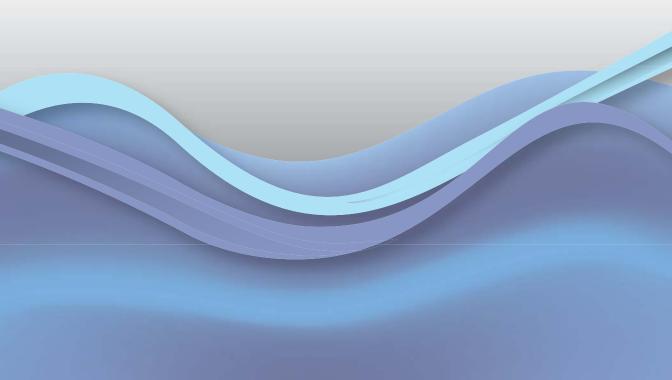


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Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Haroon Bilwani Pir Muhammad Diwan Abdul Razak Diwan Zakaria Bilwani Usman Habib Bilwani Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani Shabbir Diwan Muhammad Taufiq Bilwani Muhammad Waseem

- Chairman
- Chief Executive

Audit Committee Members

Muhammad Waseem Haroon Bilwani Usman Habib Bilwani Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani - Chairman

HR & Remunaration Committee Members

Muhammad Waseem Usman Habib Bilwani Muhammad Iqbal Bilwani - Chairman

Chief Financial Officer

Mustufa Bilwani

Company Secretary

Muhammad Yasin Bilwani

Auditors

M/s. Kreston Hyder Bhimji & Company Chartered Accountants Karachi.

Legal Advisor

Naeem Ahmed Khan Advocates Quetta.

Share Registrar

C&K Management Associates (Private) Limited Room No. 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel, Karachi-75530 - Pakistan. Phone: 021-35687839, 35685930

Bankers

Bank Alfalah Limited
Bank Al-Habib Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited
Faysal Bank Limited
Habib Bank Limited
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Meezan Bank Limited
National Bank of Pakistan
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited
United Bank Limited

Plant

Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, HUB, District Lasbela, Balochistan, Pakistan.

Registered Office

Room No.32, First Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta - Pakistan.

Liaison/Correspondence Office

11th Floor, G&T Tower, # 18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi-75530 - Pakistan. Phone: 021-35659500-9 Fax: 021-35659516

Email

headoffice@gatron.com

Website

www.gatron.com

Directors' Report

Dear Shareholders.

The Directors of Gatron (Industries) Limited are pleased to present the un-audited financial statements, for the period ended September 30, 2020.

The financial synopsis for the period under review is as below:

- Net sales Rs.3,748 million,
- Operating profit Rs. 283 million,
- Investment income Rs. Nil,
- Profit before income tax Rs.262 million.
- Profit after income tax Rs. 212million,
- Earnings per share Rs. 5.52

After a challenging last quarter of previous financial year where your company suffered greatly due to the impacts of Covid-19, it has managed to improve its performance in the current quarter after the removal of the nationwide lockdown and subsequent increase in consumer demand which trickled down the entire polyester chain. Since the imports (which are mostly at dumped levels) had drastically gone down due to Covid-19, that also helped the operating results However the production and sale level this quarter still do not reflect full capacity utilization of operation. Moreover it was the first time since July 2018 that the prices of PTA/MEG (main raw material) did not decrease on a quarter to quarter basis since the July-Sept 2018 quarter. The PTA/MEG which was average \$860 /\$890 in July 2018 dropped every quarter thereafter to reach \$475/\$410 in Jun 2020 and thereafter in July to Sept 2020 (reporting quarter) it has been around this level with MEG in fact slightly increasing in Sept 2020. While exchange rate remained stable between 166 to 168 during July to Sept 2020 that meant that producing and selling cycle did not result in raw material losses during the reporting quarter to give full margin benefit of sales over costs, particularly in the preform business.

While comparing to the corresponding quarter last year the revenue of the Company increased by 9% due to an increase in the sale quantity of Polyester Filament Yarn (PFY) It was mainly since Q1 of last year was a disappointing quarter in terms of sale due to the drastic policy changes in the budget of 17% sales tax on textile sector and across the board condition of CNIC on unregistered buyers.

Administrative and Distribution & selling expenses remained under control and there is no major change noted as compared to last year pattern, however, we expect them to increase appreciably in the coming years due to pass on effect of the rupee devaluation.

On the Balance Sheet front as compared to June 30, 2020 stocks in trade is maintained at almost same level since the company continued to maintain lower stocks of raw material which adopted/achieved during the Covid-19 period. However, Debtors increased by Rs.183 million to reach Rs.2,413 million. The trade payables increased by Rs. 473 million to reach Rs. 2,051 million. On account of these changes, the short-term borrowings from banks decreased by Rs. 325 million.

CHALLENGES FACED AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

- An important development was that in the last budget regulatory duty (which was removed in June 2019) was restored at 2.50% on imported Polyester Filament Yarn (PFY) w.e.f. 1st July 2020. The Company appreciates this restoration as the regulatory duty has helped the Company to compete against dumped imported product and expand its production from 36,000 tons in year 2017 to hopefully above 60,000 tons in 2020-21. As already informed in the earlier Director report, that in view of the regulatory duty restoration the Company is going ahead with its further expansion (which it earlier had put on hold) which Insha Allah will come into production in June 2021, to take the annual production to 75,000 tons in year 2021-22.
- The competing imported yarn from China and Far east is dumped at a very low delta over the main raw material since major foreign producers sell over 80% of their capacity within their country while exporting to Pakistan at below total cost that is they sell at only variable costs plus some recovery of fixed costs. The Anti-Dumping Duty of 3.25% to 4.97% imposed by Pakistan on three

big Chinese producers is quite low to cover this actual dumping and is much lower than Anti-Dumping Duties imposed by Turkey minimum 16% or \$:250/ton and India minimum 23% on the same producers, as such the Regulatory duty is needed. Recently the USA also imposed Anti-Subsidy Duties against Chinese Filament Yarn producers @ 32% to 459%

- Recent imposition of regulatory duty along with effective implementation of Anti-Dumping duties has started to provide much needed breathing support to the local industry. In view of this regulatory duty, your Company is considering further expansions to come on stream by January 2022, beyond the 75,000 tons noted above. These expansions as well expansions by other Filament yarn producers in Pakistan, on the back of regulatory duty on competing imported yarn as well as continuation of Anti-Dumping Duties beyond the year 2022, can take the indigenous production of PFY to a level which will meet above 70% of local demand by 2023-24 compared to only 33% in 2017. Besides import substitution this expansion will also increase local employment beyond the jobs already provided by the industry.
- Due to the limited size of cotton crop, the aim of the country should be to provide clothe/kapra to more than 200 million population with locally produced textile raw-materials. It is worthwhile to note that the major raw material of Filament Yarn vis PTA is also produced in Pakistan and with the upcoming new Saudi refinery the basic chemicals for PTA vis Paraxylene may also be produced from crude oil within the country, achieving the self-reliance and full chain of crude oil to polyester clothes within the country.
- Recent decision of The Supreme Court of Pakistan on GIDC for 2011 to 2020, may require Company to settle its liability which will hurt its liquidity position significantly. The Company has filed a review petition of the judgment in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan. The Company has also filed a Constitution Petition in the Honorable Sindh High Court against the GIDC monthly installments charged with monthly bills. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order to the Company and restrained the Sui Southern Gas Company Limited.
- There was severe gas pressure drop and load shedding in the HUB industrial area during the current quarter. Which meant that the company had to resort to using higher priced HFO to produce power and hence led to higher costs. If this gas load shedding continues in the HUB industrial area than the performance of the company will suffer not only due to higher power generation costs but also due to production loss due to unavailability of gas.
- The Company's significant funds are stuck in Income Tax refunds, which unnecessarily affecting liquidity of the Company.
- The reduction in markup rates due to reduction in policy rates by SBP will help to control the Finance Costs.
- The recent rainfall rose the water level of Hub Dam to its maximum capacity of 340 feet but also damaged the walls of the Hub Canal bunds. This has resulted in a water shortage to the Company adding cost to arrange supply from alternate sources. The local government must look at this issue as without water the industry cannot survive.
- A project of Digital Upgradation through SAP has been started in the Company to implement
 the best international practices for better utilization of resources in an efficient manner. This is not
 just a technological upgrade but a transformation which requires re-imagining business processes,
 organizational realignment and upscaling of human resource. On successful implementation its
 aim is to provide a competitive edge through timely and better-informed decisions.

OTHER MATTERS

- During the period, operations of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited remained disturbed due to shortage of gas supply and use of alternate sources to supply power to parent company, resulting in increased power cost.
- The principal business of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of this Subsidiary Company are expected to be commenced soon.



- Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company Messrs. Global Synthetics Limited has not yet started its
 operation.
- The Honorable High Court of Balochistan at Quetta has sanctioned on 21 September 2020, the Scheme of Arrangement duly approved by the BOD on 30 September 2019. Your Company is in the process of necessary compliance and procedures in line with the order of the Honorable High Court of Balochistan.

APPROPRIATION

The Board of Directors of the company has not recommended any interim dividend for the period ended September 30, 2020.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings per share of the Company for the period ended on September 30, 2020 is Rs 5.52.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company occurred during the period to which the balance sheet relates and the date of this report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The un-audited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group along with notes and director report there to have also been included in this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

There is no change in the Board of Directors of the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board of Directors of your company take this opportunity to express their deep sense of gratitude for all the stakeholders for their encouragement and continued support and look forward for continued collaboration with the Company as we move forward to meet and execute our targets together.

Further, we appreciate the Company's management and supporting staff for their satisfactory performance and devotion to duty and we are grateful to all Government Institutions, Auditors, the SECP, the PSX and Banks for their valuable support and cooperation.

PIR MUHAMMAD DIWAN

Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI Director

October 24, 2020

اجم تبديليال اورمعابد

بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ اورر پورٹ بذا کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالیاتی حیثیت میں تبدیلی لانے والی نہ کوئی اہم بات رونما ہوئی اور نہ ہی ایسے معاہدے ہوئے۔

اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول:

ا ندرونی نگہداری کا نظام مضبوط بنیادوں پراستوار ہے اوراس کا نفاذ موثر طور سے کیا گیاہے اوراس پرنظر بھی رکھی جارہی ہے۔

مجموعی مالیاتی گوشوارے:

زیرنظرسہ ماہی رپورٹ میں گروپ بذا کے غیر آ ڈٹ شدہ مختصر جامع مالیاتی گوشوارے Condensed Consolidated Financial) Statements) ہمراہ ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ منسلک ہیں۔

بورد آف دائر يكٹرز:

بینی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزمیں کوئی تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی۔

اظهارتشكر:

ہم بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کی جانب سے اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کا شکریدادا کرنا چاہتے ہیں جنہوں نے ہم پراعتاد کیا۔ساتھ ہی اپنی پنجمنٹٹیم کی پرخلوص محنت پراُن کے تہددل سے مشکور میں اوراپنے تمام متعلقہ افراد بشمول سرکاری ادارے،آڈ پیڑز،ایس ای سی پی،پی ایس ایکس اور بینکرز کے شکر گزار ہیں جنہوں نے گیٹر ون کی ترقی میں اپنا کر دار بخو بی نجھایا۔

> محمد إقبال بلواني ڈائریکٹر

پیرمحددِ یوان افسراعلی

24 اکتوبر، 2020ء



- نریر جائزہ سہ ماہی کے دوران HUB کے صنعتی علاقے میں گیس پریشر کی شدید کی اورلوڈ شیڈنگ کی وجہ سے کمپنی کو بجلی پیدا کرنے کے لئے مہنگی قیمت والے HFO کا استعمال کرنا پڑا اوراس وجہ سے بجلی کی پیدا واری قیمت زیادہ ہوگئی۔اگریگیس لوڈ شیڈنگ HUB کے صنعتی علاقے میں جاری رہی تو اس سے کمپنی کی کارکردگی نہ صرف بجلی کی پیدا وار کے زیادہ اخراجات کی وجہ سے متاثر ہوگی بلکہ گیس کی عدم دستیا بی کی وجہ سے پیدا واری نقصان بھی ہوگا۔

 کی وجہ سے پیدا واری نقصان بھی ہوگا۔
 - 🖈 کمپنی کی خطیرر قم انگوئیکس ری فنڈییں چھنسی ہوئی ہے جو Liquidity پر اثرا ندا زہور ہی ہے۔
 - 🖈 اسٹیٹ بینک (SBP) کی جانب سے مارک اپ کی شرحوں میں کمی مالی اخراجات کو کنٹرول کرنے میں معاون ثابت ہوگی۔
- ₩ عالیہ بارش نے HUB DAM کی آبی سطح اپنی مکمل صلاحیت (CAPACITY) نط عنگ بڑھ گئی لیکن B HUB DAM کے بندوں کی دیواروں کو نقصان پہنچایا۔اس کے نتیج بیں کمپنی کو پانی کی فراہمی متاثر ہوئی اور متبادل ذرائع ہے مہنگ داموں سے فراہمی کا بندوبست کرنا پڑا۔مقامی حکومت کو اس مسئلے کو دیھنا چاہئے کیونکہ پانی کے بغیرانڈسٹری زندہ نہیں رہ سکتی۔
- کے دریعے (Digital-Upgradation) ڈیجیٹل اپ گریڈیشن کا پروجیکٹ شروع کیا گیا ہے، تا کہ وسائل کو بہتر استعال اورموثر انداز میں بہترین بین الاقوا می طریقوں کوعمل میں لایا جاسکے۔ یہ صرف Technological Upgrade نہیں ہے بلکہ ایسی تیدیلی ہے جس میں Business processes تنظیم سازی کی بحالی اور انسانی وسائل کواعلٰی درجہ پرلانا شامل ہے۔ اس کی کامیاب تعمیل کامقصد بروقت اور باخبر فیصلوں کے ذریعے مسابقتی برتری کی فراہمی ہے۔

دیگرامور:

- کی زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران مکمل ملکیتی ما تحت ادارہ میسرز گیٹر و پاور(پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ کیملی کارکرد گیگیس کی فراہمی میں قلت اورپیرنٹ کمپنی کومتبادل ذرائع سے تیارشدہ میٹگی جلی کی فراہمی کے نتیجے میں متاثر رہی۔
- کھ میسرزجی پیک انرجی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کااصل کاروبار بجلی پیدا کرنااور فروخت کرنا ہے۔اس کمپنی کے آپریشنز جلد شروع کئے جانے کی توقع ہے۔
 - کھل ملکیتی ماتحت ادارہ میسرز گلوبل سینتھیا کے اب تک اپنے آپریشنز شروع نہیں گئے۔
- ☆ معزز ہائیکورٹ آف بلوچتان، کوئٹھ نے 21 ستمبر 2020ء کو Scheme of Arrangement کی منظوری دی جس کوبورڈ آف وآریکٹرز کی 30 ستمبر 2019ء میٹنگ میں منظور کیا گیا تھا۔ آپ کی کمپنی معزز ہائیکورٹ آف بلوچتان کے حکم کے مطابق ضروری تغمیل ادر طریقہ کارکے ممل پیرا ہے۔

تصرف:

حالیہ سیما ہی کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے کسی عبوری منافع منقسمہ کی تجویز پیش نہیں گی۔

آمدنی فی حصه:

30 ستمبر 2<u>02</u>9ء کواختام پذیر ہونے والی سے ماہی مدت میں منافع فی حصہ بلغ 5.52رو پے رہا۔

در پیش چیلنجزاورمستقبل کامنظرنامه:

- ایک اہم پیشرفت بیتھی کہ پچھلے بجٹ میں درآمد شدہ پالیسٹر فلیمنٹ یارن (PFY) پر ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی (جو کہ جون 2019ء میں ہٹادی
 گئیتھی) کو بکم جولائی 2020ء ہے۔2.50 فیصد ہے بحال کی گئی کہینی اس بحالی کی قدر دانی کرتی ہے کیونکہ اس ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی نے کہین
 کو Dumped Imported مصنوعات کا مقابلہ کرنے میں مدد ملی اور کہینی کی پیداواری صلاحیت سال 2017ء میں 36,000 ٹن
 سے بڑھا کر سال 2020ء کی امریہ ہے کہ 60,000 ٹن سے بھی زیادہ ہوجائے ہے جیسا کہ پچپلی ڈائز میکٹرزی رپورٹ میں بھی واضع
 کیا گیا کہ ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کی بحالی کے پیش نظر کہینی اپنی پیداواری صلاحیت میں مزید توسیع (جو پہلے روک دی گئی تھی) کے ساتھ آگے بڑھ
 ر بی ہے، جے انشاء اللہ جون 2011ء میں شروع کردی جائیگی اور سال 2021ء کی 75,000 ٹن سالانہ ہوجائیگی۔
- طویل عرصے ہے، چین اور مشرق بعید سے درآمد شدہ یارن اہم خام مال کے مقابلے میں انتہائی کم ڈیلٹا پر Dumped کیاجا تا ہے کیونکہ یہ تمام غیر ملکی پروڈ یوسراپنی صلاحیت کا 80 فیصد سے زیادہ مال اپنے ملک میں فروخت کرتے ہیں جبکہ کل لاگت ہے کہ قیمت پر پاکستان برآمد کرتے ہیں جبکہ کل لاگت ہے کہ قیمت پر پاکستان برق والاحت کا Variable قیمت اور کی Fixed Cost شامل ہوئی ہے۔ پاکستان نے تین بڑے چینی پروڈ یوسروں پر 3.25 فیصد سے 4.97 فیصد تک کی اینٹی ڈمپینگ ڈیوٹی عائد کی جو کے Actual Dumping کی نسبت بہت کم ہواور ترکی کی طرف سے عائد کی جانے والی اینٹی ڈمپینگ ڈیوٹی کم سے کم 16 فیصد یا 250% فی ٹن اور ہندوستان نے کم سے کم 25 فیصد ان پروڈ یوسروں پرعائد کی ، ایسی ہی ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کی ضرورت ہے۔ حال ہی میں امریکہ نے بھی چینی فیلیمنٹ یارن پروڈ یوسر پر 32 فیصد سے 459 فیصد تک اینٹی سبسیڈی ڈیوٹی کی عائد کی ہے۔
- اینٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹیوں (ADDs) کے موثر نفاذ کے ساتھ ساتھ ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کا حالیہ نفاذ مقامی صنعت کو بحال ہونے میں بہت زیادہ مدد فراہم کررہا ہے۔ اس ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کے بیش نظر، آپ کی کمپنی مذکورہ بالا75,000 ٹن سے بھی زیادہ جنوری 2022ء تک مزید توسیع پر غور کررہی ہے۔ سال 2022ء کے دوران درآمدشدہ یارن کا مقابلہ کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ اینٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹیوں (ADDs) توسیع پر غور کررہی ہے۔ سال 1908ء کے دوران درآمدشدہ یارن کا مقابلہ کرنے کے ساتھ ساتھ اینٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹیوں وی کے تسلسل اورریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کی Back-up پر یہ توسیع اور پاکستان میں دوسرے PF بعد وی پورا کی مقامی پیداوار کوایک سطح تک لے جاسکتی ہے جو سال 2017ء مقامی ملاب کے 70 فیصد سے زیادہ کو پورا کرسکتی ہے جو سال 2017ء میں میں پہلے سے فراہم کرسکتی ہے جو سال 2017ء میں میں زیادہ مقامی ملازمت میں اضافہ ہوگا۔
- کاٹن کی فصل کم کاشت کی جانے کی وجہ سے یہ ضروری ہے کہ 200 ملین سے زیادہ مقامی آبادی مقامی خام مال سے تیار شدہ ٹیکسٹائل مصنوعات استعمال کرے۔ یہاں یہ بتانا بھی ضروری ہے کہ فلامنٹ یارن میں استعمال ہونے والا PTA جیسا ہم خام مال پاکستان میں بنایا جا تا ہے اور اب جبکہ سعودی ریفائنری کا قیام عمل میں لا یا جار ہا ہے تو PTA کا اہم خام مال PTA کیمیل بھی خام تیل سے اور اب جبکہ سعودی ریفائنری کا قیام عمل میں اور خام تیل سے لیکر پولیسٹر ملبوسات تک کی سے ملک میں ہی بنایا جا سکے گا جس کے نتیجے میں خود انحصاری حاصل ہو سکے گی اور خام تیل سے لیکر پولیسٹر ملبوسات تک کی بوری Chain ملک میں ہی ہے گی۔
- کی آئی ڈیسی (GIDC) کے متعلق 2011ء سے 2020ء تک سپریم کورٹ آف پاکستان کے 20 اگست، 2020ء کے فیصلے کی وجہ سے کمپنی کو اپنی Liability اوا کرنی پڑے جس سے کمپنی کی Liquidity نمایاں طور پر متاثر ہوگی، آپ کی کمپنی نے اس فیصلہ پنظر ثانی کی درخواست معزز سپریم کورٹ آف پاکستان میں وائر کردی ہے۔ مزید یہ کہ گیس کمپنی کی جانب سے حالیہ ماہا نہ بلوں (BILLS) میں وائر کردی ہے کہ قدال وصولی کے خلاف معزز ہائے کورٹ آف سندھ میں CONSTITUTIONAL PETITION مجمی دائر کی حق میں جاری کردیا ہے۔ معزز ہائے کورٹ آف سندھ نے اس کمپلی کے قت میں جاری کردیا ہے۔



بورد آف د ائر يكرز كي رپورك

معززممبران،

گیٹر ون (انڈسٹریز) لمیٹڈ کے ڈائر یکٹرز 30 ستمبر 2<u>02</u>0ء کواختتام پذیر ہونے والی سہماہی مدت کےغیر آڈٹ شدہ مختصر مالیاتی گوشوارے پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محسوس کررہے ہیں۔

> زیرجائزه مدت کامالیاتی خلاصه درج ذیل ہے: خالص فروخت 3,748 ملین روپ آپریٹنگ منافع 283 ملین روپ آمدنی بذر یعیسر مایکاری NIL روپ منافع قبل از انگر ٹیکس 262 ملین روپ منافع بعدا زائکم ٹیکس 212 ملین روپ آمدنی فی حصہ بشمول آمدنی بذریع پسر مایکاری 5.52 روپ

پچھے مالی سال کی آخری سے ماہ میں COVID-19 کی وجہ سے پوری پالیسٹر چین کو بہت نقصان اٹھانا پڑا اہلیکن ملک بھر میں Lockdown ختم ہوئے کے بعد صارفین کی طلب میں اضافے نے موجودہ سے ماہی میں کمپنی کو اپنی کارکردگی بہتر بنانے میں کامیا بی ہوئی ۔ درآمدات (جوزیادہ تر کونیادہ تر کی سے ماہی بین کو بہتر بنانے میں کامیا بی ہوئی ۔ درآمدات (جوزیادہ تر کی سے ماہی میں کہتری ہوئی ۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں بہتری ہوئی ۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں بہتری ہوئی۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں کہتری ہوئی۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں بہتری ہوئی۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں کہتری بہتری ہوئی۔ تاہم اس سے ماہی میں کہ بہتری بہتری ہوئی۔ کے بعد بہلا موقع تھا کہ ہوئیں۔ PTA/MEG کی بنیاد پر کم نہیں ہوئی۔ کی سے ماہی ہے سے ماہی ہے مہ ہوگئیں اور اس کے بعد جولائی تا مقبر موجود کی سے ماہی ہوئیں اور اس کے بعد ہولائی تا مقبر موجود کی ہوئیں اور اس کے بعد ہولائی تا مقبر موجود کی ہوئیں اور اس کے بعد ہولائی تا مقبر موجود کی ہوئیں۔ کہتری ہوئی اس رہیں ہوئی ہوئی۔ آس پاس رہیں موجود کی ہوئیں اور اس کے بعد ہولائی تا ستمبر 2020ء (رپورٹنگ کوارٹر) میں بھی اس مطل کے آس پاس رہیں موجود کی ہوئیں۔ وجہ سے موجود کی ہوئیں۔ کہتری ہوا ہوئی ہوا ہوئی ہوئی ہوئی۔ کہتری ہوا ہوئی ہوا ہوئی ہوا ہوئی ہوا ہوئی ہوا ہوئی کے دور ان بیدا وار اور فروخت کی گیتوں میں مارجن کا فائدہ ہوا ہوا مطلور پر PREFORMS کی دوران بیدا وار اور فروخت کی گیتوں میں مارجن کا فائدہ ہوا ہوا مطلور پر PREFORMS کے کہ دور ان بیدا وار اور فروخت کی گیتوں میں مارجن کا فائدہ ہوا ہوا مطلور پر PREFORMS کے کارو بار میں۔

کمپنی کی مجموعی فرونت میں گذشتہ اسی مدت کے مقابلے میں پولیسٹریارن کی مقدار میں اضافہ کی وجہ ہے 9 فیصدا ضافہ ہوا۔ پیچیلے سال کی اسی سہ ماہی میں ٹیکسٹائل سیکٹریر 17 فیصد سیزٹیکس اورغیررجسٹرڈ خریداروں پرسی این آئی سی جیسی سخت شرائط کی وجہ ہے مجموعی فرونت میں کی تھی۔

انتظامی ^{نقتی}یم اور فروخت کے اخراجات قابو میں رہے اور گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں اس میں کوئی نمایاں تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی۔ تاہم،ہم توقع کرتے بیں کہآنے والے سالوں میں روپے کی قدر میں کی کے نتیجہ میں ان میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوگا۔

30 جون <u>202</u>0ء کے مقابلہ میں اِسٹاک کی مالیت تقریبا اُسی سطے پررہی چونکہ کمپنی نے خام مال کے اِسٹاک کونچلی سطح پر جاری رکھا ہوا ہے جولائحہ عمل COVID-19 کی مدت کے دوران طے کیا گیا تھا۔ قابلِ وصول قرضوں کی مالیت 183 ملین روپے سے بڑھ کر 2,413 ملین روپے تک پہنچ گئی تجارتی ادائیگیوں کی مالیت 473 ملین روپے اضافے سے بڑھ کر 2,051 ملین روپے تک پہنچ گئی۔ ان تبدیلیوں کی وجہ سے ، بینکوں سے مختصر مدت کے قرضہ جات میں 325 ملین روپے کی کمی ہوئی۔

Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Financial Position

AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

,		(Rupees in	Thousand)
		September	June
	Note	2020	2020
ASSETS		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Non - Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	3,918,972	3,577,722
Intangible assets		22,814	17,614
Long term investments		879,732	875,097
Long term loans		142,875	111,718
Long term deposits		3,078	3,229
		4,967,471	4,585,380
Current Assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools		818,331	762,932
Stock in trade	6	2,366,089	2,394,758
Trade debts	14	2,413,092	2,230,264
Loans and advances		58,733	65,654
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		59,400	42,746
Other receivables	14	172,490	130,754
Sales tax refund due from Federal Government		8,634	8,634
Cash and bank balances		91,325	64,157
		5,988,094	5,699,899
TOTAL ASSETS		10,955,565	10,285,279
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Share capital	7	383,645	383,645
Capital reserve - share premium	,	383,645	383,645
General reserve		3,250,000	3,250,000
Unappropriated profit		1,527,082	1,315,439
паррорнатеа рош		5,544,372	5,332,729
LIABILITIES		3,344,372	5,552,727
Non - Current Liabilities		1 402 075	1 174 700
Long term financing	8	1,493,275	1,174,783
Deferred liabilities	8	417,621 1,910,896	1,590,155
Current Liabilities		1,710,070	1,390,133
Trade and other payables	9 & 14	2,050,846	1,577,633
Unclaimed dividend		21,508	21,544
Accrued mark up		56,382	53,469
Short term borrowings		1,346,555	1,671,941
Current portion of long term financing		5,139	3,170
Provision for income tax less payments		19,867	34,638
(· · / · · · · ·		3,500,297	3,362,395
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	10		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		10,955,565	10,285,279
		10,700,000	10,200,277

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		(Rupees in Thousand)	
		Jul-2020	Jul-2019
		to	to
	Note	Sep-2020	Sep-2019
Sales		3,747,555	3,425,975
Cost of sales		3,332,560	3,186,996
Gross profit		414,995	238,979
Distribution and selling costs		49.327	41,801
Administrative expenses		65.091	68,200
Other operating expenses		25,883	14,725
Offier operating expenses		140,301	124,726
		274.694	114,253
Othersins			
Other income		8,162	21,308
Operating profit		282,856	135,561
Finance costs		20,798	19,614
		262,058	115,947
Investment income - Dividend	11		396,900
Profit before income tax		262,058	512,847
Income tax - Current		55,852	110,559
- Deferred		(5,437)	-
		50,415	110,559
Profit after income tax		211,643	402,288
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees)		5.52	10.49

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	(Rupees in Thousand)	
	Jul-2020 to Sep-2020	Jul-2019 to Sep-2019
Profit after income tax	211,643	402,288
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	211,643	402,288

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.



13

Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Share Capital	Capital reserve Share Premium	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Total
		(Ru	pees in Thouse	ind)	
Balances as at July 01, 2019	383,645	383,645	3,250,000	1,286,708	5,303,998
Total comprehensive income for the quarter ended September 30, 2019	-	-	-	402,288	402,288
Balances as at September 30, 2019	383,645	383,645	3,250,000	1,688,996	5,706,286
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended June 30, 2020	-	-	-	681,466	681,466
Transactions with owners Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019 at Rs.15.00 per share i.e. @150%	-	_	-	(575,467)	(575,467)
Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2020 at Rs.12.50 per share i.e. @125%	-	-	-	(479,556)	(479,556)
	-	-	-	(1,055,023)	(1,055,023)
Balances as at June 30, 2020	383,645	383,645	3,250,000	1,315,439	5,332,729
Total comprehensive income for the quarter ended September 30, 2020	-	-	-	211,643	211,643
Balances as at September 30, 2020	383,645	383,645	3,250,000	1,527,082	5,544,372

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	(Rupees in Thousand	
	Jul-2020	Jul-2019
	to	to
Cash Flows from/(towards) Operating Activities	Sep-2020	Sep-2019
Profit before income tax	262,058	512,847
Adjustments for:	202,030	312,047
Depreciation	123,083	84.443
Provision for defined benefit plan	10.503	13,927
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(360)	(2,494)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	13	-
Impairment in long term investments	2,892	207
Provision of allowance for ECL - net	8,386	4,728
Provision for slow moving stores, spare parts and loose tools - net	69	656
Investment income - Dividend	-	(396,900)
Finance costs	20,798	19,614
	165,384	(275,819)
(Increase)/decrease in current assets:	427,442	237,028
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	(55,468)	(883)
Stock in trade	28,669	(324,263)
Trade debts	(191,214)	(472,658)
Loans and advances	7,164	(34,711)
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	(16,654)	(64,300)
Other receivables	(41,736)	(119,740)
Sales tax refund due from Federal Government	-	30,957
	(269,239)	(985,598)
Increase/(decrease) in Trade and other payables	464,714	(30,523)
Cash flows from/(towards) operations before following	622,917	(779,093)
(Payments for)/receipts of:		
Long term loans	(31,400)	(1,272)
Long term deposits	151	(606)
Defined benefit plan	(2,817)	(2,334)
Finance costs	(17,885)	(9,320)
Income tax	(70,623)	(125,780)
Net cash flows from/(towards) operating activities	500,343	(918,405)
Cash Flows (towards)/from Investing Activities		
Additions in property, plant and equipment	(456,334)	(1,134,570)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	847	4,466
Additions in intangible assets	(5,200)	-
Long term investment made	(7,527)	(64,200)
Dividend received	-	396,900
Net cash flows towards investing activities	(468,214)	(797,404)
Cash Flows from/(towards) Financing Activities		
Long term financing - proceeds	320,461	905,058
Dividend paid	(36)	(201)
Net cash flows from financing activities	320,425	904,857
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	352,554	(810,952)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(1,607,784)	(794,401)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	(1,255,230)	(1,605,353)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:		
Cash and bank balances	91,325	91,910
Short term borrowings	(1,346,555)	(1,697,263)
	(1,255,230)	(1,605,353)

The notes 1 to 17 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statement:



Notes To The Condensed Interim Un-consolidated Financial Statements (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan in 1980 as a Public Limited Company and its shares are quoted at the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited since 1992. The principal business of the Company is manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yam through its self-produced Polyester Polymer/Chips. The Company also produces PET Preforms. The registered office of the Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta whereas the plant of the Company is situated at Plot No 441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and Liaison office of the Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.
- 1.2 Following are the wholly own subsidiaries of the Company:
 - Gatro Power (Private) Limited, which is engaged in power generation.
 - Global Synthetics Limited, which has yet to commence its operations.
 - G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations.
- 1.3 The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on September 30, 2019 has approved the draft Scheme of Arrangement under Sections 279 to 283 and 285 of the Companies Act, 2017 in respect of shares owned by the Company in associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited. The members of the Company has approved the Scheme in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on February 12, 2020. In term of the scheme, all 56.7 million Ordinary Shares of Messrs. Novatex Limited held by the Company shall be cancelled and in lieu of such cancellation new shares in Messrs. Novatex Limited will be issued to the shareholders of the Company, held by the respective shareholder as of the book closure date. On September 21, 2020, the Honorable Balochistan High Court has sanctioned the Scheme of Arrangement. The Company is in the process of necessary compliance and procedures in line with the order of the Honorable Balochistan High Court.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprises of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34, interim financial reporting, issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirement of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.
- 2.2 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are the separate condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements of the Company in which investments in subsidiaries and associate have been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- 2.3 These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures of the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2.4 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.4.1 Amendments to published approved accounting standards which are effective during the quarter ended September 30, 2020:

There are certain amendments and interpretations to approved accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting period beginning on July 1, 2020; however, these do not have any significant impact on these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements, hence not detailed.

2.4.2 Standards and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2021. However, these amendments will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Company, therefore, have not been disclosed in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements.

2.5 Functional and reporting currency

These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee (Rupees), which is the Company's functional currency.

3 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements were the same as those applied to the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements have been prepared, following the same accounting policies as were applied in the preparation of the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020.

(Rupees in Thousand)

			(noposo m mossama)	
5	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	September 2020 (Un-audited)	June 2020 (Audited)
	Operating fixed assets	5.1	3,241,723	3,265,235
	Capital work in progress	5.2	677,249	312,487
			3,918,972	3,577,722

5.1 Following are the cost of additions and net book value (NBV) of assets disposed off during the period:

Additions at cost during the period including transfer from Capital work in progress

	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
Leasehold land	32,226	-
Building on leasehold land	4,958	-
Plant and machinery	51,166	27,605
Factory equipment	6,547	6,011
Motor vehicles	5,174	17,486
	100,071	51,102
Disposals at NBV during the period		
Office equipment	2	9
Motor vehicles	498	1,963
	500	1,972

5.2	Capital work in progress	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
	Balance as at start of the period	312,487	196,133
	Additions	409,283	1,083,379
	Transfer to operating fixed assets	(44,521)	-
	Balance as at end of the period	677,249	1,279,512

6 STOCK IN TRADE

These include finished goods costing Rs. 224.918 million (June 2020: Rs.1,343.485 million) valued at net realisable value of Rs. 158.778 million (June 2020: Rs.1,193.240 million).

7 SHARE CAPITAL

	(Number of	Shares)			
	September 2020 (Un-audited)	June 2020 (Audited)		September 2020 (Un-audited)	June 2020 (Audited)
7.1					
7.1	Authorised ca 95,000,000	95,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	950,000	950,000
7.2	Issued, subscr	ibed and paid	up capital		
	30,136,080	30,136,080	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for consideration paid in cash	301,361	301,361
	8,228,400	8,228,400	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted as		
			fully paid bonus shares	82,284	82,284
	38,364,480	38,364,480	•	383,645	383,645
8	DEFERRED LIA	BILITIES			
	Income tax - i	net		2,509	7,946
	Defined bene	efit plan		415,112	407,426
				417,621	415,372

9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables includes provision in respect of following:

9.1 The Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU for industrial and Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power to Rs.600 per MMBTU with effect from September 01, 2015. The Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court challenging the increase in rate. The Honorable Sindh High Court had initially granted interim relief, whereby recovery of enhanced rate was restrained. In May 2016, The Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favour of the Petitioners. However, in June 2016, Defendants filed appeal before Double Bench of Sindh High Court which was also decided in favor of the Petitioners. M/s. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGCL) then have filed appeal and pending before Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan.

Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Company alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the court. Accordingly, the Company has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court amounting to Rs.47.667 million (June 2020: Rs.47.667 million). As an abundant precaution, the Company has made total provision of Rs.40.194 million (June 2020: Rs.40.194 million). On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Company is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification.

- 9.2 In August 2013, OGRA had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU to Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power and accordingly, SSGCL started charging rate prescribed for captive power to the Company with effect from September 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others challenging the charging of captive power tariff instead of industrial tariff. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief, whereby recovery of captive power rate has been restrained. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Company alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the court. Accordingly, the Company has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court (refer note 9.1). As an abundant precaution, the Company has made provision of Rs.15.977 million (June 2020: Rs.15.977 million) pertaining to the period of November 2015 to September 2018 and did not create receivable of Rs.13.629 million in respect of period from August 2013 to October 2015. On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Company is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification. In February, 2020, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court has decided the case in favor of Petitioners. SSGCL has filed appeal before Double Bench of Sindh High Court against the decision and is pending for adjudication.
- Provision of Sindh Sales Tax on rent payable to an associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited amounted to Rs.6.147 million (June 2020: Rs.5.998 million). The associated company had file a suit in the Sindh High Court against Sindh Revenue Board and Province of Sindh etc. On August 28, 2018, the Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favour of the associated company. However, the Sindh Revenue Board filed an appeal against the decision before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court.
- 9.4 The Company had filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on May 25, 2011 against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department, challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports. Through an interim order dated May 31, 2011, the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability effective from December 28, 2006 and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. In April 2017, the Government of Sindh has promulgated the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. The Company has also challenged the new Act in the Sindh High Court on October 23, 2017 against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department and similar stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court. Till reporting date, the Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.208.365 million (June 2020: Rs.198.365 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after December 27, 2006 (refer note 10.2). Based on the legal advise, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. However, full provision after December 27, 2006 has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.
- 9.5 The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) vide SRO 491(I)/2016 dated June 30, 2016 made certain amendments in SRO 1125(I)/2011 dated December 31, 2011 including disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material of textile products. Consequently, input tax adjustment on packing material of textile product was not being allowed for adjustment with effect from July 01, 2016 till June 30, 2018. On January 16, 2017, the Company had challenged the disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material in the Sindh High Court against



Federation of Pakistan and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief order and allowed the Company to claim input tax adjustment.

Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has made provision of Rs.65.752 million till June 30, 2018, as after that it was allowed for input tax adjustment.

7.6 The FBR vide SRO 450(I)/2013 dated May 27, 2013 made certain amendments in SRO 490(I)/2004 dated June 12, 2004 and disallowed input tax adjustment on building materials with effect from May 28, 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Company had challenged the restriction so placed before the Islamabad High Court against Federation of Pakistan. The Court has granted interim relief order and allowed the Company to claim input tax adjustment on building material.

Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Company has made provision of Rs.40.649 million (June 2020: Rs.36.485 million).

9.7 Provision of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Rs.7.689 million (June 2020: Rs.7.417 million) and rate difference of gas tariff Rs.2.228 million (June 2020: Rs.2.063 million) on account of common expenses payable to an associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited.

10 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The detail of contingencies and commitments as at reporting date are as follows:

10.1 Contingencies

10.1.1 FBR initiated action against few customers of the Company for violating/non compliance of the provisions of SRO 1125 dated December 31, 2011 and alleging the Company to provide them assistance and illegal facilitation. The dispute relates to the period of time when supplies were zero rated and as a result of which the Company had to pay Rs.27.762 million and had also to submit post-dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million under protest in favour of Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

However, on December 23, 2013, the Company had challenged the action before the Honorable Sindh High Court against Federation of Pakistan and others. Realizing the facts of the case, circumstances and legal position, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief whereby encashment of above mentioned post dated cheques has been restrained.

By way of abundant precaution, the amount of Rs.27.762 million has been charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss in previous period. Based on the merits of the case and discussion held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company. Accordingly no provision has been made for the amount of post dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million.

10.1.2 In May 2015, the Parliament passed the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act 2015, which seeks to impose GIDC levy since 2011. On July 16, 2015, the Company alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA and others challenging the validity and promulgation of GIDC Act 2015. The Single Bench of Honorable Sindh High Court had decided the case in favour of Petitioners. However, in May 2020, Defendants have filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court. On August 13, 2020, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan finally in the appeals filed by the industries of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, passed a judgment in favor of government declaring the GIDC Act 2015 intra vires and directed all the Petitioners/Appellants (including industries of all over Pakistan) for payment of Cess liability accrued till July 31, 2020 in 24 equal monthly installments. The Company has filed a review of the judgment in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan as well as a Constitution Petition against the GIDC monthly installments charged with monthly bills. The

Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order to the Company and restrained the SSGCL from charging the Cess.

Total amount of enhanced GIDC upto July 31, 2020 worked out at Rs.162.479 million (June 2020: Rs.161.487 million), however the Company make a provision of liability for Rs.123.141 million (June 2020: Rs.122.149 million) pertaining to the period of July 2014 to July 2020 for Captive Power and June 2015 to July 2020 for Industrial as an abundant precaution, so that current ratio will not materially disturbed in case of payment.

- 10.1.3 The Company along with several other companies has filed a Constitution Petition in the Sindh High Court on april 13, 2016 against Employment Old Age Benefits Institution (EOBI) and others against a notice issued by the EOBI to the Company to pay contribution at the revised rate of wages with retrospective effect. The Honorable Sindh High Court has already restrained EOBI from taking any coercive action against the Company. No provision of the amount involved i.e. Rs.25.641 million (June 2020: Rs.24.882 million) has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements as the Company is confident for the favorable outcome of the Petition.
- The Company filed four appeals on 2nd, 9th, 17th May and 20th June 2018 before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A)) - 2, Large Taxpayers Unit, Karachi for the tax periods July 2012 to December 31, 2016 against the assessment orders passed by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), Large Taxpayers Unit, passed under section 11 (2) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 through which cumulative demand for the aforesaid periods amounting to Rs.55.423 million excluding default surcharge was created. In the assessment orders, major areas on which impugned demand has been raised relates to disallowance of input tax on purchases and recovery of sales tax on sales to subsequently suspended / blacklisted persons. The Company has already deposited Rs.28 million under protest into the Government Treasury for stay against the full recovery. The CIR(A) has issued judgment in respect of impugned order for tax periods July 2012 to June 2013 wherein the entire order of the Tax Officer has been held as illegal and unconstitutional. However, the Tax Department has been filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order passed by CIR(A). The CIR(A) has decided the matter for tax periods July 2014 to June 2015 and July 2015 to December 2016 wherein the case has been partially decided in favour for the Company. However, the Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against orders passed by CIR(A). No provision has been made in these condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements as the Company is confident that the matter will be decided in favour by the appellate authorities.
- 10.1.5 Income tax department issued order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2012 wherein income tax demand of Rs. 37.773 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Company paid Rs.3.777 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) had decided the case partially in favour of the Company whereas major issues were decided in favour of the tax department. Based on the judgment of the CIR(A), the revised demand comes out to Rs.28.2 million. The Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order of the CIR(A) and the learned ATIR, vide its judgment dated January 1, 2019 has decided the case in favour of the Company. As of now, the tax department has not yet filed appeal against the said judgment of ATIR.
- 10.1.6 Income Tax department issued order under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the Tax Year 2015 wherein income tax demand of Rs. 25.888 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Company paid Rs.2.589 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) has decided partially in favour of the Company. Appeal effect in line with CIR(A) order has been issued by the tax department wherein an amount of Rs.3.791 million determined as refundable to the Company. Appeal has been filed by the Company as well as the tax department before ATIR, however, no hearing has been conducted till date. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.

- 10.1.7 The tax officer alleged the Company for charging sales tax at reduced rate instead of standard rate of 17% during the tax periods from July 2014 to June 2015 and raised the demand of Rs.1.741 million along with penalty of Rs.0.087 million. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A) against order of the tax department on the ground that reduced rate was applicable to buyers as those buyers were active and operative at the time of execution of sales transaction. Moreover, the tax department has adjusted the impugned demand with sales tax refunds available with the Company. Appeal was decided in favours of the Company. Tax department has issued an appeal effect order in line with aforementioned CIR(A) order resulting in refund of Rs.1.828 million for which refund application has been filed. Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against CIR(A) order. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company.
- 10.1.8 The case of the Company was selected for income tax audit for tax year 2013. The return was amended under section 122(1)/(5) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, however, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of the income tax return. Subsequently, the tax department again initiated proceedings for further amendment of the already amended income tax return and raised demand of Rs.1.178 million. Demand has been raised mainly because of figurative errors committed by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ADIR) against which the Company has moved rectification application against which rectified order was issued. Moreover, the Company has also filed an appeal before CIR(A) to secure its interest in case rectification application is rejected by the concerned tax officer. CIR(A) has decided the matter partially in favour of the Company. Considering that the matter decided against the Company has no material impact, therefore, the Company is not proceeding to file appeal before the ATIR. Tax Department has not filed an appeal in ATIR till date.
- 10.1.9 The Company had filed a petition in Sindh High Court on August 26, 2019 against 3% Minimum Value Addition Tax on import of machinery, which has been levied through Finance Act, 2019. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court against submission of bank guarantee in favor of Nazir of the Court. Till reporting date, the Company has provided 100% bank guarantee amounting to Rs.15.209 million (June 2020: Rs.15.209 million), refer note 10.2. Moreover, through Finance Act, 2020 this levy has been withdrawn from manufacturer w.e.f. July 01,2020.
- 10.1.10 Through Finance Act, 2019, the Government has reduced tax credit available on new investment to 5% from 10% with retrospective effect. Consequently, the involving tax credit of Rs.42 million to the Company was disallowed. The Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Honorable Sindh High Court and has been granted interim relief whereby the Sindh High Court has allowed the Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in Plant & Machinery. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Company, hence has not considered the same as liability.
- 10.1.11 The Company had filed a petition before Honorable Sindh High Court wherein the Company had challenged the levy and collection of further sales tax on zero rated supplies imposed vide SRO 584(I)/2017 read with section 3(1A) and section 4 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.
- 10.1.12 The Company had filed a petition before Honorable Sindh High Court wherein the Company had challenged the notice requiring to pay super tax for tax year 2018 Rs.28.187 million and 2019 Rs.35.679 million respectively. The Sindh High Court has decided the matter against the Company. Based on the judgement of the Sindh High Court, the DCIR has also passed orders under section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Company has filed petition before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgement of the Honorable Sindh High Court as well as against recovery proceedings by the tax department, hearing of which is pending at the moment.
- 10.1.13 Income tax return for Tax Year 2019 has been amended by the DCIR vide order dated June 29, 2020 creating tax demand of Rs.1.594 million while abolishing refund of Rs.35.819 million as claimed in ITR 2019 against which the Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), which has not yet been concluded. Further the Company has also submitted an application to the tax department thereby requesting to adjust such tax demand against Company's available refunds.

	(Rupees in Thousand)	
Guarantees	September 2020 (Un-audited)	June 2020 (Audited)
Bank Guarantees in favour of:		
The Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi	208,365	198,365
The Electric Inspector, President Licencing Board,		
Quetta	10	10
Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	40,000	40,000
K-Electric Limited	11,560	11,560
Nazir of the High Court of Sindh, Karachi	15,209	15,209
Letters of Credit in favour of:		
Sui Southern Gas Company Limited for Gas	32,592	32,592
	307,736	297,736

10.3 Commitments

10.2

The Company's commitments, against which the banks have opened Letters of Credit, in favor of different suppliers, are as follows:

Foreign currency:			
Property, plant and e	quipment	1,117,141	1,446,353
Raw material		482,203	208,634
Spare parts and other	TS .	22,877	62,712
		1,622,221	1,717,699
Local currency:			
Property, plant and e	quipment	39,830	52,956
Raw material		107,358	96,866
		147,188	149,822
		1,769,409	1,867,521
		Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
11 INVESTMENT INCOME - D	IVIDEND	2020	2017
From associated compo	ıny - Messrs. Novatex Limited		396,900

12 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company's certain accounting policies and disclosure requires use of fair value measurement and the Company while assessing fair value maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs establishing a fair value hierarchy, i.e., input used in fair value measurement is categorized into following three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be assessed at measurement.
- Level 2 Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

As at reporting date the fair value of all the assets and liabilities approximates to their carrying values except property, plant and equipment and long term investments in subsidiaries and associate. The property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, except free-hold land, lease-hold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost, whereas long term investment in subsidiaries and associate carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any. The Company does not expect that unobservable inputs may have significant effect on fair values.

13 SEGMENT REPORTING

13.1 Reportable segments

The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- Polyester Filament Yarn it comprises manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn and its raw material.
- Polyester PET Preforms it comprises manufacturing of Polyester PET Preforms and its raw material

Other operating expenses, other income, finance costs and taxation are managed at Company level.

13.2 Segment results:

The segment information for the reportable segments for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

					(Rupees	in Thousand)
Γ	September 2020			September 2019		
	Polyester Filament Yarn	Polyester PET Preforms	Total	Polyester Filament Yarn	Polyester PET Preforms	Total
External sales	2,629,575	1,117,980	3,747,555	2,455,737	970,238	3,425,975
Segment result before depreciation Less: Depreciation	259,860 (110,548)	163,800 (12,535)	423,660 (123,083)	138,052 (68,230)	75,369 (16,213)	213,421 (84,443)
Segment result after depreciation	149,312	151,265	300,577	69,822	59,156	128,978
Reconciliation of segment resul	ts with Profit	before income	tax:			
Total results for reportable segments Other operating expenses			300,577 (25,883)			128,978 (14,725)
Other income			8,162			21,308
Finance costs			(20,798)			(19,614)
Investment income - Divider	ıd	_	-		_	396,900
Profit before income tax		_	262,058		_	512,847

Assets and liabilities by segments are as follows:

	S	eptember 202	20		June 2020	
	(Un-audited)			(Audited)		
Segment assets	7,532,989	1,662,157	9,195,146	6,555,013	1,982,912	8,537,925
Segment liabilities	2,148,048	399,502	2,547,550	1,648,669	271,276	1,919,945

Reconciliation of segments assets and liabilities with total in the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Total for reportable segments	9,195,146	2,547,550	8,537,925	1,919,945
Unallocated	1,760,419	2,863,643	1,747,354	3,032,605
Total as per condensed interim un-consolidated statement				
of financial position	10,955,565	5,411,193	10,285,279	4,952,550

Other segment information is as follows:

	September 2020			September 2020		Sep	tember 2019	
Depreciation	110,548	12,535	123,083	68,230	16,213	84,443		
Capital expenditures incurred during the period	441,212		441,212	1,114,111	2,973	1,117,084		
Unallocated capital expenditure incurred during the period			15,122			17,486		
Total			456,334		_	1,134,570		

- 13.3 98.84% (September 2019 : 99.29%) out of total sales of the Company relates to customers in Pakistan.
- 13.4 All non-current assets of the Company as at September 30, 2020 are located in Pakistan.
- 13.5 The Company have transaction with one major external customer, relates to both segments, which amounting to Rs.595.325 million i.e. more then 10 percent of the Company's revenue.

14 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include Subsidiaries, Associate and Other Related Group Companies, Key Management Personnel and Defined Contribution Plans (Provident Funds). The Company continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Contributions to defined contribution plan (Provident Funds) are made as per the terms of employment. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel is in accordance with their terms of engagements. Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:

				(Rupees in	Thousand)
Name	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship	Nature of transaction	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
Gatro Power (Private) Limited	Subsidiary Company	100% ownership	Purchase of power Plant operation arrangement Reimbursement of expenses	511,694 9,000 6	491,001 9,000 44
G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited	Subsidiary Company	100% ownership	Subscriptions money against issuance of shares Long term loan Reimbursement of expenses	35,750 4	64,200 - -
Novatex Limited	Associated Company	Common directorship	Sales of goods Rendering of services Acquisition of services Purchase of raw material Dividend income Rent Reimbursement of expenses	563,848 31,477 224,045 115 - 4,988 34,791	44,519 - 152,541 - 396,900 5,237 44,871
Krystalite Product (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common managemen	Sale of goods t Purchase of other material	28,556 174	51,574 -
Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common managemen		10,533	1,894
Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common directorship	Charges on account of handling	1,804	1,569
Gatron Foundation	Related Party	Common directorship	Payment of donation	585	2,430
Gatron (Industries) Limited Staff Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	Employees fund	Provident fund contribution	5,767	5,799
Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers provident fund	Retirement benefit fund	Employees fund	Provident fund contribution	949	948

There are no transactions with Key Management Personnel other than remuneration under their terms of employment amounting to Rs.60.296 million (September 2019: Rs.66.629 million).

The above figures are exclusive of sales tax, where applicable.



Outstanding balances, as at reporting date, are disclosed as follows:

	(Rupees in Thousand)	
	As at	As at
	September 30,	June 30,
	2020	2020
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Gatro Power (Private) Limited		
Other receivables	3,061	3,059
Trade and other payables	83,115	93,539
G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited		
Other receivables	34	99
Novatex Limited		
Trade debts	137,735	97,287
Other receivables	14,230	13,214
Trade and other payables	137,163	35,599
Krystalite Product (Private) Limited		
Trade debts	77,040	239,176
Trade and other payables	204	-
Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited		
Trade debts	14,997	12,673
Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited		
Trade and other payables	651	482
Gatron (Industries) Limited Staff Provident Fund		
Trade and other payables	3,929	4,046
Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers Provident Fund		
Trade and other payables	278	370

15 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These condensed interim un-consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on October 24, 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

16 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim un-consolidated statement of profit or loss, condensed interim un-consolidated statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim un-consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim un-consolidated statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

17 GENERAL

- 17.1 Charge for Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund, Deferred Tax and Income Tax (where applicable) are interim and final liability will be determined on the basis of annual results.
- 17.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.





Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Quarter ended September 30, 2020

Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors of M/s. Gatron (Industries) Limited, we are pleased to present the Un-audited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group for the quarter ended September 30, 2020.

THE GROUP

The Group comprises of Gatron (Industries) Limited and its subsidiaries i.e Gatro Power (Private) Limited, Global Synthetics Limited and G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited.

During the period, operations of Wholly Owned Subsidiary Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited remained disturbed due to shortage of gas supply and use of alternate sources to supply power to parent company, resulting in increased power cost.

M/s. Global Synthetics Limited has yet to commence its operations.

M/s. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited has yet to commence its operations. The principal business is to generate and sell electric power. The operations of the Company are expected to be commenced soon.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIALS

(Pak Rupees in Thousand)

Operating results for the quarter ended September 30, 2020

Profit before share of profit in associated company	355,043
Share of profit after income tax in associated company	406,154
Profit before income tax	761,197
Income Tax	111,821
Profit after income tax	649,376
Un- appropriated Profit brought forward	8,836,672
Un- appropriated Profit carried forward	9,489,263
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees)	16.93

State of Affairs as on September 30, 2020

Property, Plant and Equipment Other non-current assets Current assets Total assets	5,550,080 9,338,968 7,499,288 22,388,336
Deduct: Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	3,224,642 5,372,141
Total liabilities Net assets financed by shareholders' equity	8,596,783 13,791,553

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the group occurred during the period to which the balance sheet relates and the date of this report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board of Directors take this opportunity to express their deep sense of gratitude for all the stakeholders for their encouragement and continued support and look forward for continued collaboration with the Group as we move forward to meet and execute our targets together.

Further, we appreciate the Group's management and supporting staff for their satisfactory performance and devotion to duty and we are grateful to all Government Institutions, Auditors, the SECP, the PSX and Banks for their valuable support and cooperation.

PIR MUHAMMAD DIWAN

Chief Executive

MUHAMMAD IQBAL BILWANI
Director

October 24, 2020

اجم تبديليال اورمعابد

بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ اور رپورٹ بذاکی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالیاتی حیثیت میں تبدیلی لانے والی مذکوئی اہم بات رونما ہوئی اور مذہی ایسے معاہدے ہوئے۔

اندرونی مالیاتی کنٹرول:

اندرونی نگهداری کا نظام مضبوط بنیادوں پراستوار ہے اوراس کانفاذ موثر طور سے کیا گیا ہے اوراس پرنظر بھی رکھی جارہی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر:

م بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کاشکریا داکرنا چاہتے ہیں جنہوں نے ہم پراعتاد کیا۔ ساتھ ہی اپنی پینجمنٹ ٹیم کی پرخلوص محنت پر اُن کے تبہدل سے مشکور میں اور اپنے تمام متعلقہ افراد بشمول سرکاری ادارے، آڈیٹرز، ایس ایسی پی، پی ایس ایکس اور بینکرز کے شکر گزار میں جنہوں نے گیٹرون کی ترقی میں اپنا کر دار بخوبی نصایا۔

> محد إقبال بِلوانی ڈائریکٹر

پیرمحمد دِ **یوان** افسرِ اعلٰی

مورخه : 24 كتوبر، 2020م



گروپ کے جامع مالیاتی گوشواروں پرڈائزیکٹرزر پورٹ

ىعززممبران،

میسرز گیٹر ون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائزیکٹرز کی جانب ہے ہم 30 ستمبر <u>202</u>0ء کوختم شدہ سہ ماہی مدت کے گروپ بذا کے غیر آڈٹ شدہ مختصر مالیاتی گوشوارے بمسرت میش کررہے ہیں۔

گروپ

یه گروپ گینز ون (انڈسٹریز) کمیٹڈ اوراس کے مکمل ملکیتی ماتحت اداروں میسرز گینز و پاور (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ ،میسرز گلوبل سینتھیئک کمیٹڈ اورمیسرز بی پیک انر بی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ پرشتمل ہے۔

زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران مکمل ملکیتی ماتحت ادارہ میسرز گیٹر و پاور(پرائیویٹ) کمیٹلا کی مملی کارکردگی گیس کی فراہمی میں قلت اور پیرنٹ کمپنی کومتبادل ذرائع سے تیار شدہ میگا بجلی کی فراہمی کے نتیجے میں متاثر رہی۔

میسرز گلوبل سینتھیا کا کمیٹڈ نے اب تک اپنے آپریشنز شروع نہیں گئے۔

میسرز کی پیک انر کی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ نے اب تک اپنے آپریشنز شروع نہیں گئے۔اس کمپنی کااصل کاروبار بجلی پیدا کرنا اور فروخت کرنا ہے۔اس کمپنی کے آپریشنز جلد شروع کئے جانے کی توقع ہے۔

جامع ماليات:

(روپے 000)	آپریٹنگ ننائگ برائے مدت سدما پی مختشمہ 30 ستبر 2 <u>02</u> 0ء ،
355,043	منافع قبل ازتعین منافع من منسلکه کمپذیال
406,154	منافع قبل ازتعین منافع من منسلکه تمپینیال منافع من منسلکه تمپینال بعد از آنگریکس
761,197	منافع قبل ازائكه ثيكس
111,821	انگرشیکس
649,376	منافع بعدا زائكم ثيكس
8,836,672	غیر متصرف منافع گزشته (Un-appropriated profit brought forward)
9,489,263	غیرمتصرف منافع حالیہ (Un-appropriated profit carried forward)
16.93	آمدنی فی شیئر بنیادی اورتشیم شده (Rupees) Earning per share - Basic and Diluted
	30 ستمبر 2 <u>02</u> 0ء تک کے معاملات کی صور محال
5,550,080	املاک، پلانٹ اورا یکو پیمنٹ
9,338,968	دیگر پائیدارا ثا هرجات
7,499,288	بدل پذیرا الاشتات
22,388,336	كل اثا شجات
	تلوتى :
3,224,642	پائیدارواجبات
5,372,141	بدل پذیرواجبات
8,596,783	كل واجبات
13,791,553	خالص اثا نذجات اداشده منجانب اليكوئل بابته حصص يافتطان

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		(Rupees in	Thousand)
		September	June
	Note	2020	2020
ASSETS		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Non - Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	5,550,080	5,215,939
Intangible assets	_	22.814	17,614
Long term investment		9,312,992	8,903,623
Long term loans		84	19
Long term deposits		3,078	3,229
		14,889,048	14,140,424
Current Assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools		1,097,077	1,013,495
Stock in trade	6	2,366,089	2,394,758
Trade debts	13	2,413,092	2,230,264
Loans and advances		87,305	87,875
Trade deposits and short term prepayments		71,773	42,746
Other receivables	13	169,547	140,499
Sales tax refund due from Federal Government		8,634	8,634
Cash and bank balances		1,285,771	1,135,360
		7,499,288	7,053,631
TOTAL ASSETS		22,388,336	21,194,055
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Share capital	7	383,645	383,645
Capital reserve - share premium	,	383,645	383,645
General reserve		3,535,000	3,535,000
Unappropriated profit		9,489,263	8,836,672
опарргорнатеа ргош		13,791,553	13,138,962
LIABILITIES		10,771,000	13,130,702
Non - Current Liabilities			
Long term financing		1,493,275	1,174,783
Deferred liabilities	8	1,731,367	1,667,625
Deferred liabilities	•	3,224,642	2,842,408
Current Liabilities		0,22-1,0-12	2,0 12, 100
Trade and other payables	9 & 13	3,930,310	3,434,092
Unclaimed dividend		21,508	21,544
Accrued mark up		56,382	53,469
Short term borrowings		1,346,555	1,671,941
Current portion of long term financing		5,139	3,170
Provision for income tax less payments		12,247	28,469
		5,372,141	5,212,685
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	10	• • • •	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		22 200 227	21,194,055
TOTAL EQUIT AND LIABILITIES		22,388,336	21,174,033

The notes 1 to 16 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	(Rupees in Thousand)		
	Jul-2020	Jul-2019	
	to	to	
	Sep-2020	Sep-2019	
Sales	3,747,555	3,425,975	
Cost of sales	3,238,159	3,122,619	
Gross profit	509,396	303,356	
Distribution and selling costs	49,327	41,801	
Administrative expenses	67,008	68,923	
Other operating expenses	23,468	14,869	
	139,803	125,593	
	369,593	177,763	
Other income	6,249	22,332	
Operating profit	375,842	200,095	
Finance costs	20,799	19,832	
	355,043	180,263	
Share of profit after income tax in associated company	406,154	576,846	
Profit before income tax	761,197	757,109	
Income tax - Current	55,852	110,559	
- Deferred	55,969	25,626	
	111,821	136,185	
Profit after income tax	649,376	620,924	
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (Rupees)	16.93	16.18	

The notes 1 to 16 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(Rupees in	Inousand)
Jul-2020	Jul-2019
to	to
Sep-2020	Sep-2019
649,376	620,924

Profit after income tax

Other comprehensive income/(loss)

Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss

Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of associate - net of tax

Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation

Unrealised loss on remeasurement of investments

X	4,623	(2,919)		
	(1,408)	(6,184)		
	3,215	(9,103)		
	652,591	611,821		

Total comprehensive income

The notes 1 to 16 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Share capital	Capital reserve Share Premium	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Total
	(Rupees in Thousand)				
Balances as at July 01, 2019	383,645	383,645	3,535,000	8,426,484	12,728,774
Total comprehensive income for the quarter ended September 30, 2019	-	-	-	611,821	611,821
Balances as at September 30, 2019	383,645	383,645	3,535,000	9,038,305	13,340,595
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended June 30, 2020	-	-	-	853,390	853,390
Transactions with owners					
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019 at Rs.15.00 per share i.e. @150%	-	-	-	(575,467)	(575,467)
Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2020 at Rs.12.50 per share i.e. @125%	-	-	-	(479,556)	(479,556)
	-	-	=	(1,055,023)	(1,055,023)
Balances as at June 30, 2020	383,645	383,645	3,535,000	8,836,672	13,138,962
Total comprehensive income for the quarter ended September 30, 2020	-	-	-	652,591	652,591
Balances as at September 30, 2020	383,645	383,645	3,535,000	9,489,263	13,791,553

⁽¹⁾ Included in un-appropriated profit, is a sum of Rs.8.745.992 million, representing proportionate share in un-appropriated profit of an associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited upto June 30, 2020, which is not available for distribution to the shareholder of the Parent Company, until realised.

⁽²⁾ The notes 1 to 16 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited)

or easir from (off addited)		
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020	(Rupees in 1	'housand)
	Jul-2020	Jul-2019
	to	to
	Sep-2020	Sep-2019
Cash Flows from/(towards) Operating Activities		
Profit before income tax	761,197	757,109
Adjustments for:	157 (22	110.054
Depreciation Provision for defined benefit plan	157,633 10,590	112,854 14,018
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(360)	(2,494)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	13	(2,7/7)
Provision of allowance for ECL - net	8,386	4,728
Provision for slow moving stores, spare parts and loose tools - net	546	1,007
Share of profit after income tax in associated company	(406,154)	(576,846)
Finance costs	20,799	19,832
	(208,547)	(426,901)
(Increase)/decrease in current assets:	552,650	330,208
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	(84,128)	(2,773)
Stock in trade	28,669	(324,263)
Trade debts	(191,214)	(472,658)
Loans and advances	813	(39,776)
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	(29,027)	(75,240)
Other receivables	(29,048)	(131,880)
Sales tax refund due from Federal Government	-	30,957
	(303,935)	(1,015,633)
Increase/(decrease) in Trade and other payables Cash flows from/(towards) operations before following	519,521 768,236	(493,272)
	700,230	(1,1/0,09/)
(Payments for)/receipts of:		
Long term loans	(308)	(1,272)
Long term deposits Defined benefit plan	151 (2,817)	(606) (2,334)
Finance costs	(17,886)	(9,538)
Income tax	(72,074)	(125,788)
Net cash flows from/(towards) operating activities	675,302	(1,318,235)
		,
Cash Flows (towards)/from Investing Activities	(515 577)	(1.011.007)
Additions in property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(515,577) 847	(1,211,387) 4,466
Additions in intangible assets	(5,200)	4,400
Dividend received from associated company	(3,200)	396,900
Net cash flows towards investing activities	(519,930)	(810,021)
Cash Flows from/(towards) Financing Activities	(**************************************	(= =,= ,
Long term financing - proceeds	320,461	905,058
Dividend paid	(36)	(201)
Net cash flows from financing activities	320,425	904,857
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	475,797	(1,223,399)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(536,581)	516,845
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	(60,784)	(706,554)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE OF:		<u></u>
Cash and bank balances	1,285,771	990,709
Short term borrowings	(1,346,555)	(1,697,263)
	(60,784)	(706,554)

The notes 1 to 16 annexed herewith form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.



Notes To The Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (Un-audited)

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Group consists of:

- Gatron (Industries) Limited
- Gatro Power (Private) Limited
- Global Synthetics Limited
- G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited

The Parent Company was incorporated in Pakistan in 1980 as a Public Limited Company and its shares are being quoted at the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited since 1992. The principal business of the Parent Company is manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn through its self-produced Polyester Polymer/Chips. The Parent Company also produces PET Preforms. The registered office of the Parent Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta whereas the plant of the Parent Company is situated at Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and liaison office of the Parent Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

Gatro Power (Private) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited. The principal business of the Subsidiary Company is to generate and sale electric power. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta. The plant of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Plot No.441/49-M2, Sector "M", H.I.T.E., Main R.C.D. Highway, Hub, District Lasbela, Balochistan and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

Global Synthetics Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Room No.50, 2nd Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gatron (Industries) Limited, which has yet to commence its operations. The principal business of the Subsidiary Company is to generate and sale electric power. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at Room No.32, 1st Floor, Ahmed Complex, Jinnah Road, Quetta and liaison office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 11th Floor, G&T Tower, #18 Beaumont Road, Civil Lines-10, Karachi.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprises of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34, interim financial reporting, issued by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirement of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.
- 2.2 These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not include all the information and disclosures of the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2020.

2.3 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.3.1 Amendments to published approved accounting standards which are effective during the quarter ended September 30, 2020:

There are certain amendments and interpretations to approved accounting and reporting standards which are mandatory for the Group's annual accounting period beginning on July 1, 2020; however, these do not have any significant impact on these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, hence not detailed.

2.3.2 Standards and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

There are certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Group's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2021. However, these amendments will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Group, therefore, have not been disclosed in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

2.4 Functional and reporting currency

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee (Rupees), which is the Group's functional currency.

3 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Judgements and estimates made by the management in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements were the same as those applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared, following the same accounting policies as were applied in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020.

			(Rupees in T	housand)
			September	June
	N		2020	2020
			(Un-audited)	(Audited)
5	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	5.1	4,198,826	4,256,888
	Capital work in progress	5.2	1,351,254	959,051
			5,550,080	5,215,939

5.1 Following are the cost of additions and net book value (NBV) of assets disposed off during the period:

Additions at cost during the period including transfer from Capital work in progress

	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
Leasehold land	32,226	-
Building on lease hold land	4,958	-
Plant and machinery	51,166	94,866
Factory equipment	6,547	6,011
Motor vehicles	5,174	17,486
	100,071	118,363

		(Rupees in	Thousand)
	Disposals at NBV during the period	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
	Office equipment	2	9
	Motor vehicles	498	1,963
		500	1,972
5.2	Capital work in progress		
	Balance as at start of the period	959,051	266,019
	Additions	436,724	1,159,191
	Transfer to operating fixed assets	(44,521)	(67,261)
	Balance as at end of the period	1,351,254	1,357,949

6 STOCK IN TRADE

These include items costing Rs. 224.918 million (June 2020: Rs.1,343.485 million) valued at net realisable value of Rs. 158.778 million (June 2020: Rs.1,193.240 million).

7 SHARE CAPITAL

(Number of Shares)

September June 2020 2020 (Un-audited) (Audited)		September 2020 (Un-audited)	June 2020 (Audited)
7.1 Authorised capital			
	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	950,000	950,000
7.2 Issued, subscribed and paid u	up capital		
	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted for consideration paid in cash	301,361	301,361
	Ordinary shares of Rs.10 each allotted as fully paid bonus shares	82,284	82,284
38,364,480 38,364,480		383,645	383,645
8 DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
Income tax - net		1,314,408	1,258,439
Defined benefit plan		416,959	409,186
		1,731,367	1,667,625

9 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables includes provision in respect of following:

9.1 The Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU for industrial and Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power to Rs.600 per MMBTU with effect from September 01, 2015. The Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court challenging the increase in rate. The Honorable Sindh High Court had initially granted interim relief, whereby recovery of enhanced rate was restrained. In May 2016, The Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favour of the Petitioners. However, in June 2016, Defendants filed appeal before Double Bench of Sindh High Court which was also decided in favor of the Petitioners. M/s. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (\$SGCL) then have filed appeal and pending before Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Group alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the court. Accordingly, the Group has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court amounting to Rs.316.797 million (June 2020: Rs.316.797 million). As an abundant precaution, the Group has made total provision of Rs.159.264 million (June 2020: Rs.159.264 million). On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Group is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification.

- 9.2 In August 2013, OGRA had enhanced gas rate from Rs.488.23 per MMBTU to Rs.573.28 per MMBTU for captive power and accordingly, SSGCL started charging rate prescribed for captive power to the Group with effect from September 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others challenging the charging of captive power tariff instead of industrial tariff. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief, whereby recovery of captive power rate has been restrained. Meanwhile, OGRA had issued another notification dated December 30, 2016 overriding the previous notification and SSGCL billed @ Rs.600 per MMBTU. However, on January 19, 2017, the Group alongwith others filed a suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA, SSGCL and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court granted interim relief and instructed SSGCL to revise bills at previous rate against securing the differential amount with the Nazir of the court. Accordingly, the Group has provided bankers' verified cheque to Nazir of High Court (refer note 9.1). As an abundant precaution, the Group has made provision of Rs. 287.907 million (June 2020: Rs. 287.907 million) pertaining to the period of November 2015 to September 2018 and did not create receivable of Rs.240.238 million in respect of period from August 2013 to October 2015. On October 04, 2018, OGRA has issued another notification to increase gas tariff with effect from September 27, 2018 for different categories and the Group is paying full amount of the gas bills as per this notification. In February, 2020, the Honorable Single Bench of Sindh High Court has decided the case in favor of Petitioners. SSGCL has filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court against the decision and is pending for adjudication.
- 9.3 Provision of Sindh Sales Tax on rent payable by the Parent Company to an associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited amounted to Rs.6.147 million (June 2020: Rs.5.998 million). The associated company had file a suit in the Sindh High Court against Sindh Revenue Board and Province of Sindh etc. On August 28, 2018, the Single Bench of Sindh High Court decided the case in favour of the associated company. However, the Sindh Revenue Board filed an appeal against the decision before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court.
- 9.4 The Parent Company had filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on May 25, 2011 against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation Department, challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports. Through an interim order dated May 31, 2011, the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability effective from December 28, 2006 and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. In April 2017, the Government of Sindh has promulgated the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. On October 23, 2017, the Parent Company has also challenged the new Act in the Sindh High Court against Province of Sindh and Excise and Taxation

Department and similar stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court. Till reporting date, the Parent Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.208.365 million (June 2020: Rs.198.365 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after December 27, 2006 (refer note 10.2). Based on the legal advise, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company. However, full provision after December 27, 2006 has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has filed a petition in the Sindh High Court on April 13, 2018 against Province of Sindh and others at Karachi challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. Till reporting date, the Subsidiary Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.7.500 million (June 2020: Rs.7.500 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared after April 13, 2018 (refer note 10.2). Based on the legal advise, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company. However, full provision after April 13, 2018 has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

The Subsidiary Company Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited has filed a petition in the Sindh High Court at Karachi on June 24, 2019 against Province of Sindh and others challenging the levy of Infrastructure Cess on imports by the Government of Sindh through Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court ordered to pay 50% in cash of this liability and to submit bank guarantee for the rest of 50% until the final order is passed. Till reporting date, the Company has provided bank guarantee amounting to Rs.2.500 million (June 2020: Rs.2.500 million) in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, in respect of consignments cleared (refer note 10.2). Based on the legal advise, the management believes that the case will be decided in favour of the subsidiary Company. However, full provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as an abundant precaution.

9.5 The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) vide SRO 491(I)/2016 dated June 30, 2016 made certain amendments in SRO 1125(I)/2011 dated December 31, 2011 including disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material of textile products. Consequently, input tax adjustment on packing material of textile product was not being allowed for adjustment with effect from July 01, 2016 till June 30, 2018. On January 16, 2017, the Parent Company had challenged the disallowance of input tax adjustment on packing material in the Sindh High Court against Federation of Pakistan and others. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief order and allowed the Parent Company to claim input tax adjustment.

Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has made provision of Rs.65.752 million till June 30, 2018, as after that it was allowed for input tax adjustment.

7.6 The FBR vide SRO 450(I)/2013 dated May 27, 2013 made certain amendments in SRO 490(I)/2004 dated June 12, 2004 and disallowed input tax adjustment on building materials with effect from May 28, 2013. On December 21, 2015, the Parent Company had challenged the restriction so placed before the Islamabad High Court against Federation of Pakistan. The Court has granted interim relief order and allowed the Parent Company to claim input tax adjustment on building material.

Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company. However, as an abundant precaution, the Parent Company has made provision of Rs.40.649 million (June 2020: Rs.36.485 million).

9.7 Provision of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Rs.7.689 million (June 2020: Rs.7.417 million) and rate difference of gas tariff Rs.2.228 million (June 2020: Rs.2.063 million) on account of common expenses payable by the Parent Company to an associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited.

10 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The detail of contingencies and commitments as at reporting date are as follows:

10.1 Contingencies

- 10.1.1 The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited has not made any provision in respect of Workers' Profit Participation Fund on the ground that there are no workers as defined in The Companies Profits (Workers' Participation) Act, 1968 and accordingly the said Act does not apply to the Subsidiary Company. The Subsidiary Company is confident that no liability will arise on this account.
- 10.1.2 FBR initiated action against few customers of the Parent Company for violating/non compliance of the provisions of SRO 1125 dated December 31, 2011 and alleging the Parent Company to provide them assistance and illegal facilitation. The dispute relates to the period of time when supplies were zero rated and as a result of which the Parent Company had to pay Rs.27.762 million and had also to submit post-dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million under protest in favour of Chief Commissioner Inland Revenue.

However, the Parent Company had challenged the action before the Honorable Sindh High Court on December 23, 2013 against Federation of Pakistan and others, realizing the facts of the case, circumstances and legal position, the Honorable Sindh High Court has granted interim relief whereby encashment of above mentioned post dated cheques has been restrained.

By way of abundant precaution, the amount of Rs.27.762 million has been charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss in previous period. Based on the merits of the case and discussion held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company. Accordingly no provision has been made for the amount of post dated cheques of Rs.83.287 million.

10.1.3 In May 2015, the Parliament passed the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) Act 2015, which seeks to impose GIDC levy since 2011. On July 16, 2015, the Group alongwith several other companies filed suit in the Sindh High Court against OGRA and others challenging the validity and promulgation of GIDC Act 2015. The Single Bench of Honorable Sindh High Court had decided the case in favour of Petitioners. However, in May 2020, Defendants have filed appeal before the Double Bench of Sindh High Court. On August 13, 2020, the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan finally in the appeals filed by industries of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, passed a judgment in favor of government declaring the GIDC Act 2015 intra vires and directed all the Petitioners/Appellants (including industries of all over Pakistan) for payment of Cess liability accrued till July 31, 2020 in 24 equal monthly installments. The Group has filed a review of the judgment in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan as well as a Constitution Petition against the GIDC monthly installments charged with monthly bills. The Honorable Sindh High Court has granted stay order to the Group and restrained the SSGCL from charging the Cess.

Total amount of enhanced GIDC upto July 31, 2020 worked out at Rs.1,791.754 million (June 2020: Rs.1,766.827 million), however the Group make a provision of liability for Rs.1,589.740 million (June 2020: Rs.1,564.813 million) pertaining to the period of July 2014 to July 2020 for Captive Power and June 2015 to July 2020 for Industrial as an abundant precaution, so that current ratio will not materially disturbed in case of payment.



- 10.1.4 The Parent Company along with several other companies has filed a Constitution Petition in the Sindh High Court on April 13, 2016 against Employment Old Age Benefits Institution (EOBI) and others against a notice issued by the EOBI to the Parent Company to pay contribution at the revised rate of wages with retrospective effect. The Honorable Sindh High Court has already restrained EOBI from taking any coercive action against the Parent Company. No provision of the amount involved i.e. Rs.25.641 million (June 2020: Rs.24.882 million) has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as the Parent Company is confident for the favorable outcome of the Petition.
- 10.1.5 The Parent Company filed four appeals on 2nd, 9th, 17th May and 20th June 2018 before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) (CIR(A)) – 2, Large Taxpayers Unit, Karachi for the tax periods July 2012 to December 31, 2016 against the assessment orders passed by the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), Large Taxpayers Unit, passed under section 11 (2) of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 through which cumulative demand for the aforesaid periods amounting to Rs.55.423 million excluding default surcharge was created. In the assessment orders, major areas on which impugned demand has been raised relates to disallowance of input tax on purchases and recovery of sales tax on sales to subsequently suspended / blacklisted persons. The Parent Company has already deposited Rs.28 million under protest into the Government Treasury for stay against the full recovery. The CIR(A) has issued judgment in respect of impugned order for tax periods July 2012 to June 2013 wherein the entire order of the Tax Officer has been held as illegal and unconstitutional. However, the Tax Department has been filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order passed by CIR(A). The CIR(A) has decided the matter for tax periods July 2014 to June 2015 and July 2015 to December 2016 wherein the case has been partially decided in favour for the Parent Company. However, the Parent Company has filed appeals before the ATIR against orders passed by CIR(A). No provision has been made in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as the Parent Company is confident that the matter will be decided in favour by the appellate authorities.
- 10.1.6 Income tax department issued order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2012 wherein income tax demand of Rs. 37.773 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Parent Company paid Rs.3.777 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) had decided the case partially in favour of the Parent Company whereas major issues were decided in favour of the tax department. Based on the judgment of the CIR(A), the revised demand comes out to Rs.28.2 million. The Parent Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the order of the CIR(A) and the learned ATIR, vide its judgment dated January 1, 2019 has decided the case in favour of the Parent Company. As of now, the tax department has not yet filed appeal against the said judgment of ATIR.
- 10.1.7 Income Tax department issued order under section 122(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the Tax Year 2015 wherein income tax demand of Rs. 25.888 million was raised on various issues. Out of the total amount, the Parent Company paid Rs.2.589 million under protest. Appeal was filed before the CIR(A) and the CIR(A) has decided partially in favour of the Parent Company. Appeal effect in line with CIR(A) order has been issued by the tax department wherein an amount of Rs.3.791 million determined as refundable to the Parent Company. Appeal has been filed by the Parent Company as well as the tax department before ATIR, however, no hearing has been conducted till date. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company.
- 10.1.8 The tax officer alleged the Parent Company for charging sales tax at reduced rate instead of standard rate of 17% during the tax periods from July 2014 to June 2015 and raised the demand of Rs.1.741 million along with penalty of Rs.0.087 million. The Parent Company has filed an appeal before CIR(A) against order of the tax department on the ground that reduced rate was applicable to buyers as those buyers were active and operative at the time of execution of sales transaction. Moreover, the tax department has adjusted the impugned demand with sales tax refunds available with the Parent Company. Appeal was decided in favours of the Parent Company. Tax department has issued an appeal effect order in line with aforementioned CIR(A) order resulting in refund of Rs.1.828 million for which

- refund application has been filed. Tax Department has filed an appeal before ATIR against CIR(A) order. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company.
- 10.1.9 The case of the Parent Company was selected for income tax audit for tax year 2013. The return was amended under section 122(1)/(5) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, however, no income tax demand was raised owing to taxable losses both before and after amendment of the income tax return. Subsequently, the tax department again initiated proceedings for further amendment of the already amended income tax return and raised demand of Rs.1.178 million. Demand has been raised mainly because of figurative errors committed by the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (ADIR) against which the Parent Company has moved rectification application against which rectified order was issued. Moreover, the Parent Company has also filed an appeal before CIR(A) to secure its interest in case rectification application is rejected by the concerned tax officer. CIR(A) has decided the matter partially in favour of the Parent Company. Considering that the matter decided against the Parent Company has no material impact, therefore, the Parent Company is not proceeding to file appeal before the ATIR. Tax Department has not filed an appeal in ATIR till date.
- 10.1.10 The Parent Company had filed a petition in Sindh High Court on August 26, 2019 against 3% Minimum Value Addition Tax on import of machinery, which has been levied through Finance Act, 2019. Stay has been granted by the Honorable Sindh High Court against submission of bank guarantee in favor of Nazir of the Court. Till reporting date, the Parent Company has provided 100% bank guarantee amounting to Rs.15.209 million (June 2020: Rs.15.209 million), refer note 10.2. Moreover, through Finance Act, 2020 this levy has been withdrawn from manufacturer w.e.f. July 01,2020.
- 10.1.11 Through Finance Act, 2019, the Government has reduced tax credit available on new investment to 5% from 10% with retrospective effect. Consequently, the involving tax credit of Rs.42 million to the Parent Company was disallowed. The Parent Company has challenged the provision of Finance Act, 2019 before the Honorable Sindh High Court and has been granted interim relief whereby the Sindh High Court has allowed the Parent Company to claim 10% tax credit on investment in Plant & Machinery. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Parent Company, hence has not considered the same as liability.
- 10.1.12 The Parent Company had filed a petition before Honorable Sindh High Court wherein the Parent Company had challenged the levy and collection of further sales tax on zero rated supplies imposed vide SRO 584(I)/2017 read with section 3(1A) and section 4 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.
- 10.1.13 The Parent Company had filed a petition before Honorable Sindh High Court wherein the Parent Company had challenged the notice requiring to pay super tax for tax year 2018 Rs.28.187 million and 2019 Rs.35.679 million respectively. The Sindh High Court has decided the matter against the Parent Company. Based on the judgement of the Sindh High Court, the DCIR has also passed orders under section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The Parent Company has filed petition before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the judgement of the Honorable Sindh High Court as well as against recovery proceedings by the tax department, hearing of which is pending at the moment.
- 10.1.14 Income tax return for Tax Year 2019 has been amended by the DCIR vide order dated June 29, 2020 creating tax demand of Rs.1.594 million while abolishing refund of Rs.35.819 million as claimed in ITR 2019 against which the Parent Company filed an appeal before the CIR(A), which has not yet been concluded. Further the Parent Company has also submitted an application to the tax department thereby requesting to adjust such tax demand against Parent Company's available refunds.



- 10.1.15 The tax officer disallowed input sales tax amounting to Rs.0.042 and Rs.0.109 million, claimed by the Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited on building materials used for installation of plant and machinery for tax period February 2017. An appeal was filed against the said order before the CIR(A). The learned CIR(A) has decided the matter in favour of the Subsidiary Company in both cases. The tax department has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against aforementioned CIR(A) orders. No provision has been made as the management is hopeful for a favourable outcome.
- 10.1.16 Tax department initiated monitoring of withholding proceedings for tax year 2011 wherein demand of Rs.47.408 million including default surcharge and penalty was raised on account of intercorporate dividend paid to parent company. The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited had filed an appeal before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) against order of the tax department which was decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company on ground of the order being time barred whereas on other grounds the appeal was dismissed. Accordingly, both the Subsidiary Company as well as the tax department have filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, which is pending at present. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company.
- 10.1.17 Tax department raised demand of Rs.14.101 million and Rs.103.346 million on the basis of order passed for monitoring of tax withholding for tax years 2014 and 2015 respectively. Appeal was filed before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals), which was decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited. However, tax department has filed appeals before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, hearing of which is pending. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company.
- 10.1.18 The Subsidiary Company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited had filed a petition before honorable Sindh High Court wherein the Subsidiary Company had challenged the show cause notice disallowing input tax amounting to Rs.14 million claimed by the Subsidiary Company on various invoices during July 2017 to September 2019, which is stated to be inadmissible under section 8(1) of the Sales tax Act, 1990 read with SRO 490(I)/2004 dated June 12, 2004. Based on the merits of the case and the discussions held with the legal counsel, the management is confident that the case will be decided in favour of the Subsidiary Company.

		(Rupees in	Thousand)
		September 2020	June 2020
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
10.2	Guarantees		
	Bank Guarantees in favour of:		
	The Director Excise and Taxation, Karachi	218,365	208,365
	The Electric Inspector, President Licencing Board, Quetta	10	10
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	40,000	40,000
	K-Electric Limited	11,560	11,560
	Nazir of the High Court of Sindh, Karachi	15,209	15,209
	Letters of Credit in favour of:		
	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited for Gas	244,592	244,592
		529,736	519,736

10.3 Commitments

The Group's commitments, against which the banks have opened Letters of Credit, in favor of different suppliers, are as follows:

September 2020 2020 (Un-audited) (Audited)	The state of the s	(Rupees in Ti	housand)
Foreign currency: Property, plant and equipment Raw material Spare parts and others Local currency: Property, plant and equipment Raw material Raw material		•	
Property, plant and equipment 1,117,141 1,446,353 Raw material 482,203 208,634 Spare parts and others 22,877 115,384 Local currency: 7,770,371 Property, plant and equipment 39,830 52,956 Raw material 107,358 96,866 147,188 149,822	Foreign currency:	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Spare parts and others 22,877 115,384 1,622,221 1,770,371 Local currency: 39,830 52,956 Raw material 107,358 96,866 147,188 149,822	Ç ,	1,117,141	1,446,353
1,622,221 1,770,371	Raw material	482,203	208,634
Local currency: 39,830 52,956 Property, plant and equipment 107,358 96,866 Raw material 147,188 149,822	Spare parts and others	22,877	115,384
Property, plant and equipment 39,830 52,956 Raw material 107,358 96,866 147,188 149,822		1,622,221	1,770,371
Raw material 107,358 96,866 147,188 149,822	Local currency:		
147,188 149,822	Property, plant and equipment	39,830	52,956
	Raw material	107,358	96,866
1,769,409 1,920,193		147,188	149,822
		1,769,409	1,920,193

11 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Group's certain accounting policies and disclosure requires use of fair value measurement and the Group while assessing fair value maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs establishing a fair value hierarchy, i.e., input used in fair value measurement is categorized into following three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be assessed at measurement.
- **Level 2** Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

As at reporting date, the fair value of all the assets and liabilities approximates to their carrying values except property, plant and equipment. The property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment if any, except free-hold land, lease-hold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost. The Group does not expect that unobservable inputs may have significant effect on fair values.

12 SEGMENT REPORTING

12.1 Reportable segments

The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

- Polyester Filament Yarn it comprises manufacturing of Polyester Filament Yarn and its raw material.
- Polyester PET Preform it comprises manufacturing of Polyester PET Preform and its raw material. This includes the results of Subsidiary Company Messrs. Global Synthetics Limited, which has not yet commenced its operations till date.
- Electric Power generation it comprises operations of Subsidiary Companies Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited and Messrs. G-Pac Energy (Private) Limited.

Other operating expenses, other income, finance costs and taxation are managed at Group level

12.2

The segment information for the reportable segments for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 is as follows:

									(Kupees	n Inousand
		03	eptember 202	0			03	eptember 201	6	
	Polyester Filament Yarn	Polyester PET Preform	Total of Polyester Polymer	Power Generation	Group	Polyester Filament Yarn	Polyester PET Preform	Total of Polyester Polymer	Power Generation	Group
Sales	2,629,575	1,117,980	3,747,555	511,694	4,259,249	2,455,737	970,238	3,425,975	491,001	3,916,976
Segment result before depreciation Less: Depreciation	259,860 (110,548)	163,800 (12,535)	423,660 (123,083)	127,034 (34,550)	550,694 (157,633)	138,052 (68,230)	75,369 (16,213)	213,421 (84,443)		305,486 (112,854)
Segment result after depreciation	149,312	151,265	300,577	92,484	393,061	69,822	59,156	128,978	63,654	192,632

Reconciliation of segment sales and results with sales and profit before income tax:

Total sales for reportable segments Elimination of inter-segment sales from subsidiary company Messrs. Gatro Power (Private) Limited Sales	Limited		4,259,249 (511,694) 3,747,555		1	3,916,976 (491,001) 3,425,975
Total results for reportable segments	300,577	92,484	393,061	128,978	63,654	192,632
Other operating expenses	(25,883)	(477)	(26,360)	(14,725)	(351)	(15,076)
Other income	8,162	926	9,118	21,308	1,024	22,332
Finance costs	(20,798)	(2,870)	(23,668)	(19,614)	(218)	(19,832)
Investment income - Dividend				396,900	,	396,900
Share of profit after income tax in associated company Messrs. Novatex Limited		í	406,154			576,846
	262,058	90,093	758,305	512,847	64,109	1,153,802
Elimination of intra group transaction			2,892			(396,693)
Profit before income tax			761,197			757,109

Assets and liabilities by segments are as follows:

egment assets	7,532,989	Se 1,662,169	(Un-audited) 9,195,158	3,269,998	12,465,156	6,555,013	"	June 2020 (Audited) 8,537,937	3,103,852	11,641,789
ent liabilities	2,148,048	399,526	2,547,574	2,136,762	4,684,336	1,648,669	271,300	1,919,969	2,068,236	3,988,205

Reconciliation of segments assets and liabilities with total in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

				Assets	Liabilities				Assets	Liabilities
Total for reportable segments				12,465,156	4,684,336				1,641,789	3,988,205
Unallocated				10,626,411	4,175,542				0,203,977	4,283,098
Elimination of intra group balances				(703,231)	(263,095)				(651,711)	(216,210)
Total as per condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position	ial position			22,388,336	8,596,783				21,194,055	8,055,093
Other segment information is as follows:										
		Se	September 2020				Se	September 2019		
Depreciation	110,548	12,535	123,083	34,550	157,633	68,230	16,213	84,443	28,411	112,854
Capital expenditures incurred during the period	441,212		441,212	59,243	500,455	1,114,111	2,973	1,117,084	76,817	1,193,901
Unallocated capital expenditure incurred during the period					15,122					17,486
Total					515,577				•	1,211,387

- 12.3 All non-current assets of the Group as at September 30, 2020 are located in Pakistan. Parent Company's local sales represents sales to various external customers in Pakistan whereas export sales represents sales to customers in various countries.
- 12.4 The Group have transaction with one major external customer relates to both segments, which amounting to Rs.595.325 million i.e. more than 10 percent of the Group's revenue.

13 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties include Associate and Other Related Group Companies, Key Management Personnel and Defined Contribution Plans (Provident Funds). The Group continues to have a policy whereby transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, approved policy and at rate agreed under a contract / arrangement / agreement. Contributions to defined contribution plan (Provident Funds) are made as per the terms of employment. Remuneration of Key Management Personnel is in accordance with their terms of engagements. Details of transactions with related parties are as follows:

				(Rupees in	Thousand)
Name	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship	Nature of transaction	Quarter ended September 2020	Quarter ended September 2019
Novatex Limited	Associated Company	Common directorship	Sales of goods Rendering of services Acquisition of services Purchase of raw material Dividend income Rent Reimbursement of expenses	563,848 31,477 224,045 115 - 4,988 34,791	44,519 - 152,541 - 396,900 5,237 44,871
Krystalite Product (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common management	Sale of goods Purchase of other material	28,556 174	51,574 -
Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common management	Sale of goods	10,533	1,894
Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited	Related Party	Common directorship	Charges on account of handling	1,804	1,569
Gatron Foundation	Related Party	Common directorship	Payment of donation	585	2,430
Gatron (Industries) Limited Staff Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	Employees fund	Provident fund contribution	5,875	5,870
Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	Employees fund	Provident fund contribution	949	948

There are no transactions with Key Management Personnel other than remuneration under their terms of employment amounting to Rs.60.296 million (September 2019: Rs.67.660 million).

The above figures are exclusive of sales tax, where applicable.

Outstanding balances, as at reporting date, are disclosed as follows:

	As at September 30, 2020	As at June 30, 2020
Novatex Limited	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Trade debts	137,735	97,287
Other receivables	14,230	13,214
Trade and other payables	137,163	35,599
Krystalite Product (Private) Limited		
Trade debts	77,040	239,176
Trade and other payables	204	-
Mushtaq & Company (Private) Limited		
Trade debts	14,997	12,673
Gani & Tayub (Private) Limited		
Trade and other payables	651	482
Gatron (Industries) Limited Staff Provident Fund		
Trade and other payables	3,929	4,046
Gatron (Industries) Limited Workers Provident Fund		
Trade and other payables	278	370

14 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue on October 24, 2020 by the Board of Directors of the Parent Company.

15 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss, condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

16 GENERAL

- **16.1** The latest available financial results of associate as on June 30, 2020, have been used for the purpose of application of equity method in valuation of long term investment.
- 16.2 Charge for Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Workers' Welfare Fund, Deferred Tax and Income Tax (where applicable) are interim and final liability will be determined on the basis of annual results.
- **16.3** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.

Notes for Members

Submission of Computerized National Identity Cards

Smart National Identity Card (SNIC) Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or National Identity Card for Overseas Pakistanis (NICOP) of the shareholder is mandatory requirement for payment of dividend. Shareholders are therefore, requested to submit copies of their SNIC, CNIC or NICOP to the Shares Registrar of the Company. In case of non-receipt of valid SNIC, CNIC or NICOP, the Company will be constrained to withhold the payment of dividend of such shareholders. The shareholders while sending copies of SNIC, CNIC or NICOP must quote their respective folio number and name of the company (in case of corporate shareholders).

Unclaimed Shares/Dividends

Members of the company are once again requested to contact office of the company or the company's Shares Registrar for collection of their shares/dividends which they have not yet received due to any reason.

